

HOUSE BILL No. 1001

DIGEST OF HB 1001 (Updated November 18, 2003 4:38 pm - DI 51)

Citations Affected: IC 4-22; IC 5-13; IC 6-1.1; IC 8-22; IC 12-29; IC 20-5.5; IC 21-1; IC 21-3; IC 36-2; IC 36-6; IC 36-7; noncode.

Synopsis: Property tax relief. Extends the deadline from May 2003 to December 15, 2003, to file an application to receive a homestead credit and certain deductions beginning in 2004. Requires county treasurers to include information about available tax relief in the 2004 tax statements. Increases the amount of allowable income that a taxpayer may have to qualify for a deduction for the elderly. Increases the homestead standard deduction amount for two years. Establishes an additional homestead deduction for older homes. Establishes a farmstead deduction. Provides that the true tax value of rental property is the lowest appraisal amount determined by applying the income capitalization, cost, and comparable sales approaches. Changes the method of calculating the maximum allowable property tax levy for civil taxing units to eliminate the use of "banked" levy amounts and to limit levy growth to 5%. Eliminates the authority of taxing units to use an assessed valuation that is less than the assessed valuation reflected on the abstract as the basis for setting tax rates. Requires appointed library boards to submit their budgets to an elected city or county fiscal body. Grants the Indiana bond bank additional flexibility in financing tax anticipation warrants for property taxes that were not collected on the regular due dates. Requires settlement of overpayments of property replacement credit distributions resulting from the resolution of taxpayer appeals. Authorizes the department of local government finance to assume assessment or annual adjustment duties under certain circumstances. Allows the county treasurer to accept installment (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2003 (retroactive); upon passage; January 1, 2004; July 1, 2004; January 1, 2005.

Crawford, Espich, Frenz, Turner

November 18, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways & Means. November 18, 2003, amended, reported — Do Pass.



payments and to waive late payment penalties. Validates various actions taken by the department of local government finance and local assessing officials in 2003 concerning the allowance of installment payments, the waiving of late

penalties, and the extension of the deadline for appeal. Replaces the notice of assessment procedure with a procedure that combines the notice with the initial tax bill that reflects the change. Requires county assessors and township assessors to be certified in order to hold office after December 31, 2005. Requires counties to submit sales disclosure data to the state in electronic form. Requires the department of local government finance to determine whether a uniform statewide assessment computer system is affordable and necessary. Allows provisional tax bills to be issued after 2003, if needed. Requires tax appeal refunds to be sent to taxpayers without filing a claim. Allows the department of local government finance to adjust statutory tax rate limits to eliminate the effects of reassessment. Eliminates the requirement to file a Form 130 before initiating a property tax appeal.

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Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1001

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 4-22-2-37.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2003,
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37.1. (a) This section applies to a rulemaking
action resulting in any of the following rules:

- (1) An order adopted by the commissioner of the Indiana department of transportation under IC 9-20-1-3(d) or IC 9-21-4-7(a) and designated by the commissioner as an emergency rule.
- (2) An action taken by the director of the department of natural resources under IC 14-22-2-6(d) or IC 14-22-6-13.
- (3) An emergency temporary standard adopted by the occupational safety standards commission under IC 22-8-1.1-16.1.
- (4) An emergency rule adopted by the solid waste management board under IC 13-22-2-3 and classifying a waste as hazardous.

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1	(5) A rule, other than a rule described in subdivision (6), adopted
2	by the department of financial institutions under IC 24-4.5-6-107
3	and declared necessary to meet an emergency.
4	(6) A rule required under IC 24-4.5-1-106 that is adopted by the
5	department of financial institutions and declared necessary to
6	meet an emergency under IC 24-4.5-6-107.
7	(7) A rule adopted by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to
8	address an emergency under IC 8-1-2-113.
9	(8) An emergency rule jointly adopted by the water pollution
10	control board and the budget agency under IC 13-18-13-18.
11	(9) An emergency rule adopted by the state lottery commission
12	under IC 4-30-3-9.
13	(10) A rule adopted under IC 16-19-3-5 that the executive board
14	of the state department of health declares is necessary to meet an
15	emergency.
16	(11) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana transportation
17	finance authority under IC 8-21-12.
18	(12) An emergency rule adopted by the insurance commissioner
19	under IC 27-1-23-7.
20	(13) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana horse racing
21	commission under IC 4-31-3-9.
22	(14) An emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control
23	board, the solid waste management board, or the water pollution
24	control board under IC 13-15-4-10(4) or to comply with a
25	deadline required by federal law, provided:
26	(A) the variance procedures are included in the rules; and
27	(B) permits or licenses granted during the period the
28	emergency rule is in effect are reviewed after the emergency
29	rule expires.
30	(15) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana election
31	commission under IC 3-6-4.1-14.
32	(16) An emergency rule adopted by the department of natural
33	resources under IC 14-10-2-5.
34	(17) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana gaming
35	commission under IC 4-33-4-2, IC 4-33-4-3, or IC 4-33-4-14.
36	(18) An emergency rule adopted by the alcohol and tobacco
37	commission under IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, or
38	IC 7.1-3-20-24.4.
39	(19) An emergency rule adopted by the department of financial
40	institutions under IC 28-15-11.
41	(20) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the secretary of
42	family and social services under IC 12-8-1-12.



1	(21) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the children's
2	health insurance program under IC 12-17.6-2-11.
3	(22) An emergency rule adopted by the office of Medicaid policy
4	and planning under IC 12-15-41-15.
5	(23) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana state board of
6	animal health under IC 15-2.1-18-21.
7	(24) An emergency rule adopted by the board of directors of the
8	Indiana education savings authority under IC 21-9-4-7.
9	(25) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax
10	review under IC 6-1.1-4-34 or IC 6-1.1-22.5-20.
11	(26) An emergency rule adopted by the department of local
12	government finance under IC 6-1.1-4-33.
13	(27) An emergency rule adopted by the boiler and pressure vessel
14	rules board under IC 22-13-2-8(c). (b) The following do not employ to make described in subsection (c):
15	(b) The following do not apply to rules described in subsection (a):
16 17	(1) Sections 24 through 36 of this chapter.(2) IC 13-14-9.
18	(c) After a rule described in subsection (a) has been adopted by the
19	agency, the agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for the
20	assignment of a document control number. The agency shall submit the
21	rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the
22	documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall
23	determine the number of copies of the rule and other documents to be
24	submitted under this subsection.
25	(d) After the document control number has been assigned, the
26	agency shall submit the rule to the secretary of state for filing. The
27	agency shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this
28	chapter and with the documents required by section 21 of this chapter.
29	The secretary of state shall determine the number of copies of the rule
30	and other documents to be submitted under this subsection.
31	(e) Subject to section 39 of this chapter, the secretary of state shall:
32	(1) accept the rule for filing; and
33	(2) file stamp and indicate the date and time that the rule is
34	accepted on every duplicate original copy submitted.
35	(f) A rule described in subsection (a) takes effect on the latest of the
36	following dates:
37	(1) The effective date of the statute delegating authority to the
38	agency to adopt the rule.
39	(2) The date and time that the rule is accepted for filing under
40	subsection (e).
41	(3) The effective date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
42	(4) The date of compliance with every requirement established by



1	law as a prerequisite to the adoption or effectiveness of the rule.
2	(g) Subject to subsection (h), IC 14-10-2-5, IC 14-22-2-6,
3	IC 22-8-1.1-16.1, and IC 22-13-2-8(c), a rule adopted under this
4	section expires not later than ninety (90) days after the rule is accepted
5	for filing under subsection (e). Except for a rule adopted under
6	subsection (a)(14), the rule may be extended by adopting another rule
7	under this section, but only for one (1) extension period. A rule adopted
8	under subsection (a)(14) may be extended for two (2) extension
9	periods. Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(14), for a rule
10	adopted under this section to be effective after one (1) extension
11	period, the rule must be adopted under:
12	(1) sections 24 through 36 of this chapter; or
13	(2) IC 13-14-9;
14	as applicable.
15	(h) A rule described in subsection (a)(6), (a)(9), or (a)(13) expires
16	on the earlier of the following dates:
17	(1) The expiration date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.
18	(2) The date that the rule is amended or repealed by a later rule
19	adopted under sections 24 through 36 of this chapter or this
20	section.
21	(i) This section may not be used to readopt a rule under IC 4-22-2.5.
22	SECTION 2. IC 5-13-10.5-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. The treasurer
24	of state may invest or reinvest funds that are held by the treasurer and
25	that are available for investment in obligations issued by any of the
26	following:
27	(1) Agencies or instrumentalities of the United States
28	government.
29	(2) Federal government sponsored enterprises.
30	(3) The Indiana bond bank, if the obligations are secured by
31	tax anticipation time warrants or notes that:
32	(A) are issued by an entity described in IC 5-1.5-1-8(1);
33	and
34	(B) have a maturity date not later than the end of the
35	calendar year following the year of issuance.
36	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-1-8.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
37	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.7. "Mobile home" has the meaning set
39	forth in IC 6-1.1-7-1.
40	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-3-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 15. (a) In

connection with the activities required by section 14 of this chapter, or



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1	if a person owning, holding, possessing, or controlling any personal
2	property fails to file a personal property return with the township
3	assessor as required by this chapter, the township assessor may
4	examine:
5	(1) the personal property of the person;
6	(2) the books and records of the person; and
7	(3) under oath, the person or any other person whom the assessor
8	believes has knowledge of the amount, identity, or value of the
9	personal property reported or not reported by the person on a
10	return.
11	(b) After such an examination, the assessor shall assess the personal
12	property to the person owning, holding, possessing, or controlling that
13	property. Notice of the assessment shall be given as provided in
14	IC 6-1.1-22-8.
15	(c) As an alternative to such an examination, the township assessor
16	may estimate the value of the personal property of the taxpayer and
17	shall assess the person owning, holding, possessing, or controlling the
18	property in an amount based upon the estimate. Upon receiving a
19	notification of estimated value from the township assessor, the taxpayer
20	may elect to file a personal property return, subject to the penalties
21	imposed by IC 6-1.1-37-7.
22	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-3-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 16. If, from the
24	evidence before him, a township assessor determines that a person has
25	temporarily converted any part of his personal property into property
26	which is not taxable under this article to avoid the payment of taxes on
27	the converted property, the township assessor shall assess the converted

the converted property, the township assessor shall assess the converted property to the taxpayer. Notice of the assessment shall be given as required under IC 6-1.1-22-8.

SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-4-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 22. (a) If any assessing official or any county property tax assessment board of appeals assesses or reassesses any real property under the provisions of this article, the official or county property tax assessment board of appeals shall give notice to the taxpayer and the county assessor by mail, of the amount of the assessment or reassessment.

- (b) During a period of general reassessment, each township assessor shall mail give to the county assessor the notice required by this section within not later than ninety (90) days after he: the township assessor:
 - (1) completes his the appraisal of a parcel; or
 - (2) receives a report for a parcel from a professional appraiser or



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1	professional appraisal firm.
2	(c) The assessing official or county property tax assessment
3	board of appeals shall give the notice required by this section to the
4	taxpayer as part of the initial statement issued under IC 6-1.1-22-8
5	that is affected by the assessment or reassessment.
6	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-4-35 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. (a) This section applies to a county
9	other than a county subject to section 32 of this chapter.
10	(b) This section applies to a general reassessment of real
11	property conducted under section 4 of this chapter, an adjustment
12	under section 4.5 of this chapter, or a reassessment ordered under
13	section 6 or 9 of this chapter, all of which are referred to as
14	reassessments in this section and sections 36, 37, and 38 of this
15	chapter.
16	(c) As used in this section, "department" refers to the
17	department of local government finance.
18	(d) As used in this section, "reassessment official" means any of
19	the following:
20	(1) A county assessor.
21	(2) A township assessor.
22	(3) A township trustee-assessor.
23	(e) If:
24	(1) the department determines that a county's reassessment
25	officials are unable to complete the reassessment in a timely
26	manner; or
27	(2) the department determines that a county's reassessment
28	officials are likely to complete the reassessment in an
29	inaccurate manner;
30	the department may order a state conducted reassessment in the
31	county. The department may consider a reassessment in a county
32	untimely if the county does not submit the county's equalization
33	study to the department in the manner prescribed under 50 IAC 14
34	before October 20, 2003. The department may consider the
35	assessment or reassessment work of a county's reassessment
36	officials inaccurate if the department determines from a sample of
37	the assessments completed in the county that there is a variance
38	exceeding ten percent (10%) between the total assessed valuation

of the real property within the sample and the total assessed

valuation that would result if the real property within the sample

were valued in the manner provided by law. The department may

consider an adjustment to be inaccurate if the county's



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reassessment officials do not perform the adjustment as prescribed by the department.

- (f) If the department orders a state conducted reassessment in a county, the department shall assume the duties of the county's reassessment officials. Notwithstanding sections 4.5, 15, and 17 of this chapter, a reassessment official in a county subject to an order issued under this section may not assess property or have property assessed for the general reassessment. Until the state conducted reassessment is completed under this section, the reassessment duties of a reassessment official in the county are limited to providing the department or a contractor of the department the support and information requested by the department or the contractor.
- (g) Before assuming the duties of a county's reassessment officials, the department shall transmit a copy of the department's order requiring a state conducted reassessment to the county's reassessment officials, the county fiscal body, the county auditor, and the county treasurer. Notice of the department's actions must be published one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. The department is not required to conduct a public hearing before taking action under this section.
- (h) Township and county officials in a county subject to an order issued under this section shall, at the request of the department or the department's contractor, make available and provide access to all:
 - (1) data;
 - (2) records;
 - (3) maps;
 - (4) parcel record cards;
- (5) forms;

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- (6) computer software systems;
- (7) computer hardware systems; and
- (8) other information;
- related to the reassessment of real property in the county. The information described in this subsection must be provided at no cost to the department or the contractor of the department. A failure to provide information requested under this subsection constitutes a failure to perform a duty related to a general reassessment and is subject to IC 6-1.1-37-2.
- (i) The department may enter into a contract with a professional appraising firm to conduct a reassessment under this section. If a county or a township located in the county entered into a contract







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1	with a professional appraising firm to conduct the county's	
2	reassessment before the department orders a state conducted	
3	reassessment in the county under this section, the contract:	
4	(1) is as valid as if it had been entered into by the department;	
5	and	
6	(2) shall be treated as the contract of the department.	
7	(j) After receiving the report of assessed values from the	
8	appraisal firm acting under a contract described in subsection (i),	
9	the department of local government finance shall give notice to the	_
10	taxpayer and the county assessor, by mail, of the amount of the	
11	reassessment. The notice of reassessment:	
12	(1) is subject to appeal by the taxpayer under section 37 of	
13	this chapter; and	
14	(2) must include a statement of the taxpayer's rights under	
15	section 37 of this chapter.	
16	(k) The department shall forward a bill for services provided	
17	under a contract described in subsection (i) to the auditor of the	
18	county in which the state conducted reassessment occurs. The	
19	county shall pay the bill under the procedures prescribed by	
20	subsection (l).	
21	(l) A county subject to an order issued under this section shall	
22	pay the cost of a contract described in subsection (i), without	
23	appropriation, from the county's property reassessment fund. A	
24	contractor may periodically submit bills for partial payment of	_
25	work performed under the contract. Notwithstanding any other	
26	law, a contractor is entitled to payment under this subsection for	
27	work performed under a contract if the contractor:	
28	(1) submits to the department a fully itemized, certified bill in	
29	the form required by IC 5-11-10-1 for the costs of the work	
30	performed under the contract;	
31	(2) obtains from the department:	
32	(A) approval of the form and amount of the bill; and	
33	(B) a certification that the billed goods and services have	
34	been received and comply with the contract; and	
35	(3) files with the county auditor:	
36	(A) a duplicate copy of the bill submitted to the	
37	department;	
38	(B) proof of the department's approval of the form and	
39	amount of the bill; and	
40 4.1	(C) the department's certification that the billed goods and	
41	services have been received and comply with the contract.	
12	The department's approval and certification of a bill under	



subdivision (2) shall be treated as conclusively resolving the merits of a contractor's claim. Upon receipt of the documentation described in subdivision (3), the county auditor shall immediately certify that the bill is true and correct without further audit, publish the claim as required by IC 36-2-6-3, and submit the claim to the county executive. The county executive shall allow the claim, in full, as approved by the department, without further examination of the merits of the claim in a regular or special session that is held not less than three (3) days and not more than seven (7) days after the completion of the publication requirements under IC 36-2-6-3. Upon allowance of the claim by the county executive, the county auditor shall immediately issue a warrant or check for the full amount of the claim approved by the department. Compliance with this subsection constitutes compliance with section 28.5 of this chapter, IC 5-11-6-1, IC 5-11-10, and IC 36-2-6. The determination and payment of a claim in compliance with this subsection is not subject to remonstrance and appeal. IC 36-2-6-4(f) and IC 36-2-6-9 do not apply to a claim submitted under this subsection. IC 5-11-10-1.6(d) applies to a fiscal officer who pays a claim in compliance with this subsection.

(m) Notwithstanding IC 4-13-2, a period of seven (7) days is permitted for each of the following to review and act under IC 4-13-2 on a contract of the department entered into under this section:

- (1) The commissioner of the Indiana department of administration.
- (2) The director of the budget agency.
- (3) The attorney general.
- (n) If the money in a county's property reassessment fund is insufficient to pay for a reassessment conducted under this section, the department may increase the tax rate and tax levy of the county's property reassessment fund to pay the cost and expenses related to the reassessment.
- (o) The department or the contractor of the department shall use the land values determined under section 13.6 of this chapter for a county subject to an order issued under this section to the extent that the department or the contractor finds that the land values reflect the true tax value of land, as determined under this article and the rules of the department. If the department or the contractor finds that the land values determined for the county under section 13.6 of this chapter do not reflect the true tax value of land, the department or the contractor shall determine land

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1	values for the county that reflect the true tax value of land, as	
2	determined under this article and the rules of the department.	
3	Land values determined under this subsection shall be used to the	
4	same extent as if the land values had been determined under	
5	section 13.6 of this chapter. The department or the contractor of	
6	the department shall notify the county's reassessment officials of	
7	the land values determined under this subsection.	
8	(p) A contractor of the department may notify the department	
9	if:	
10	(1) a county auditor fails to:	4
11	(A) certify the contractor's bill;	
12	(B) publish the contractor's claim;	
13	(C) submit the contractor's claim to the county executive;	
14	or	
15	(D) issue a warrant or check for payment of the	
16	contractor's bill;	4
17	as required by subsection (l) at the county auditor's first legal	
18	opportunity to do so;	
19	(2) a county executive fails to allow the contractor's claim as	
20	legally required by subsection (l) at the county executive's	
21	first legal opportunity to do so; or	
22	(3) a person or an entity authorized to act on behalf of the	
23	county takes or fails to take an action, including failure to	
24	request an appropriation, and that action or failure to act	
25	delays or halts progress under this section for payment of the	
26	contractor's bill.	
27	(q) The department, upon receiving notice under subsection (p)	V
28	from a contractor of the department, shall:	1
29	(1) verify the accuracy of the contractor's assertion in the	
30	notice that:	
31	(A) a failure occurred as described in subsection (p)(1) or $(a)(2)$	
32	(p)(2); or	
33	(B) a person or an entity acted or failed to act as described	
34	in subsection (p)(3); and (2) provide to the tree super of state the deportment's approval	
35 36	(2) provide to the treasurer of state the department's approval under subsection (l)(2)(A) of the contractor's bill with respect	
37	to which the contractor gave notice under subsection (p).	
38	(r) Upon receipt of the department's approval of a contractor's	
30 39	bill under subsection (q), the treasurer of state shall pay the	
39 40	contractor the amount of the bill approved by the department from	
41	money in the possession of the state that would otherwise be	
42	available for distribution to the county, including distributions	
⊤ ∠	available for distribution to the country, including distributions	



1	from the property tax replacement fund or distribution of
2	admissions taxes or wagering taxes.
3	(s) The treasurer of state shall withhold from the money that
4	would be distributed under IC 4-33-12-6, IC 4-33-13-5,
5	IC 6-1.1-21-4(b) or any other law to a county described in a notice
6	provided under subsection (p) the amount of a payment made by
7	the treasurer of state to the contractor of the department under
8	subsection (r). Money shall be withheld first from the money
9	payable to the county under IC 6-1.1-21-4(b) and then from all
10	other sources payable to the county.
11	(t) Compliance with subsections (p) through (s) constitutes
12	compliance with IC 5-11-10.
13	(u) IC 5-11-10-1.6(d) applies to the treasurer of state with
14	respect to the payment made in compliance with subsections (p)
15	through (s). This subsection and subsections (p) through (s) must
16	be interpreted liberally so that the state shall, to the extent legally
17	valid, ensure that the contractual obligations of a county subject to
18	this section are paid. Nothing in this section shall be construed to
19	create a debt of the state.
20	(v) The provisions of this section are severable as provided in
21	IC 1-1-1-8(b).
22	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-4-36 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
23	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 36. (a) Subject to the other requirements of
25	this section, the department of local government finance may:
26	(1) negotiate an addendum to a contract referred to in section
27	35(i) of this chapter that is treated as a contract of the
28	department; or
29	(2) include provisions in a contract entered into by the
30	department under section 35(i) of this chapter;
31	to require the contractor of the department to represent the
32	department in appeals initiated under section 37 of this chapter
33	and to afford to each taxpayer in the county an opportunity to
34	attend an informal hearing.
35	(b) The purpose of the informal hearing referred to in
36	subsection (a) is to:
37	(1) discuss the specifics of the taxpayer's reassessment;
38	(2) review the taxpayer's property record card;
39	(3) explain to the taxpayer how the reassessment was
40	determined;
41	(4) provide to the taxpayer information about the statutes,

rules, and guidelines that govern the determination of the



1	reassessment;	
2	(5) note and consider objections of the taxpayer;	
3	(6) consider all errors alleged by the taxpayer; and	
4	(7) otherwise educate the taxpayer about:	
5	(A) the taxpayer's reassessment;	
6	(B) the reassessment process; and	
7	(C) the reassessment appeal process under section 37 of	
8	this chapter.	
9	(c) Following an informal hearing referred to in subsection (b),	
10	the contractor shall:	
11	(1) make a recommendation to the department of local	
12	government finance as to whether a change in the	
13	reassessment is warranted; and	
14	(2) if recommending a change under subdivision (1), provide	
15	to the department a statement of:	
16	(A) how the changed reassessment was determined; and	
17	(B) the amount of the changed reassessment.	
18	(d) To preserve the right to appeal under section 37 of this	
19	chapter, a taxpayer must initiate the informal hearing process by	
20	notifying the department of local government finance or its	
21	designee of the taxpayer's intent to participate in an informal	
22	hearing referred to in subsection (b) not later than forty-five (45)	
23	days after the department of local government finance gives notice	
24	under section 35(j) of this chapter to taxpayers of the amount of	
25	the reassessment.	
26	(e) The informal hearings referred to in subsection (b) must be	
27	conducted:	
28	(1) in the county where the property is located; and	
29	(2) in a manner determined by the department of local	
30	government finance.	
31	(f) The department of local government finance shall:	
32	(1) consider the recommendation of the contractor under	
33	subsection (c); and	
34	(2) if the department accepts a recommendation that a change	
35	in the reassessment is warranted, accept or modify the	
36	recommended amount of the changed reassessment.	
37	(g) The department of local government finance shall send a	
38	notice of the result of each informal hearing to:	
39	(1) the taxpayer;	
40	(2) the county auditor;	
41 12	(3) the county assessor; and (4) the township assessor of the township in which the	
1 /	141 the township assessor at the township in which the	



1	property is located.	
2	(h) A notice under subsection (g) must:	
3	(1) state whether the reassessment was changed as a result of	
4	the informal hearing; and	
5	(2) if the reassessment was changed as a result of the informal	
6	hearing:	
7	(A) indicate the amount of the changed reassessment; and	
8	(B) provide information on the taxpayer's right to appeal	
9	under section 37 of this chapter.	
10	(i) If the department of local government finance does not send	1
11	a notice under subsection (g) not later than two hundred seventy	
12	(270) days after the date the department gives notice of the amount	`
13	of the reassessment under section 32(f) of this chapter:	
14	(1) the department may not change the amount of the	
15	reassessment under the informal hearing process described in	
16	this section; and	4
17	(2) the taxpayer may appeal the reassessment under section 37	
18	of this chapter.	
19	(j) The department of local government finance may adopt	
20	emergency rules to establish procedures for informal hearings	
21	under this section.	
22	(k) Payment for an addendum to a contract under subsection	
23	(a)(1) is made in the same manner as payment for the contract	
24	under section 35(k) of this chapter.	
25	SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-4-37 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
26	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
27	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37. (a) As used in this section, "special	
28	master" refers to a person designated by the Indiana board under	,
29	subsection (e).	
30	(b) The notice of reassessment under section 35(j) of this chapter	
31	is subject to appeal by the taxpayer to the Indiana board. The	
32	procedures and time limitations that apply to an appeal to the	
33	Indiana board of a determination of the department of local	
34	government finance do not apply to an appeal under this	
35	subsection. The Indiana board may establish applicable procedures	
36	and time limitations under subsection (l).	
37	(c) In order to appeal under subsection (b), the taxpayer must:	
38	(1) participate in the informal hearing process under section	
39	36 of this chapter;	
40	(2) except as provided in section 36(i) of this chapter, receive	
41	a notice under section 36(g) of this chapter; and	
42	(3) file a petition for review with the appropriate county	



1	assessor not later than thirty (30) days after:	
2	(A) the date of the notice to the taxpayer under section	
3	36(g) of this chapter; or	
4	(B) the date after which the department may not change	
5	the amount of the reassessment under the informal hearing	
6	process described in section 36 of this chapter.	
7	(d) The Indiana board may develop a form for petitions under	
8	subsection (c) that outlines:	
9	(1) the appeal process;	
10	(2) the burden of proof; and	
11	(3) evidence necessary to warrant a change to a reassessment.	
12	(e) The Indiana board may contract with, appoint, or otherwise	
13	designate the following to serve as special masters to conduct	
14	evidentiary hearings and prepare reports required under	
15	subsection (g):	_
16	(1) Independent, licensed appraisers.	
17	(2) Attorneys.	
18	(3) Certified level two Indiana assessor-appraisers (including	
19	administrative law judges employed by the Indiana board).	
20	(4) Other qualified individuals.	
21	(f) Each contract entered into under subsection (e) must specify	
22	the appointee's compensation and entitlement to reimbursement	
23	for expenses. The compensation and reimbursement for expenses	
24	are paid from the county property reassessment fund. Payments	_
25	under this subsection from the county property reassessment fund	
26	may not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).	
27	(g) With respect to each petition for review filed under	
28	subsection (c), the special masters shall:	Y
29	(1) set a hearing date;	
30 31	(2) give notice of the hearing at least thirty (30) days before	
32	the hearing date, by mail, to: (A) the taxpayer;	
33	(B) the department of local government finance;	
34	(C) the township assessor; and	
35	(D) the county assessor; and	
36	(3) conduct a hearing and hear all evidence submitted under	
37	this section; and	
38	(4) make evidentiary findings and file a report with the	
39	Indiana board.	
40	(h) At the hearing under subsection (g):	
41	(1) the taxpayer shall present:	
12	(A) the taxpayer's evidence that the reassessment is	



1	incorrect;	
2	(B) the method by which the taxpayer contends the	
3	reassessment should be correctly determined; and	
4	(C) comparable sales, appraisals, or other pertinent	
5	information concerning valuation as required by the	
6	Indiana board; and	
7	(2) the department of local government finance shall present	
8	its evidence that the reassessment is correct.	
9	(i) The Indiana board may dismiss a petition for review filed	
10	under subsection (c) if the evidence and other information required	
11	under subsection (h)(1) is not provided at the hearing under	
12	subsection (g).	
13	(j) The township assessor and the county assessor may attend	
14	and participate in the hearing under subsection (g).	
15	(k) The Indiana board may:	
16	(1) consider the report of the special masters under subsection	
17	(g)(4);	U
18	(2) make a final determination based on the findings of the	
19	special masters without:	
20	(A) conducting a hearing; or	
21	(B) any further proceedings; and	
22	(3) incorporate the findings of the special masters into the	
23	board's findings in resolution of the appeal.	
24	(1) The Indiana board may adopt emergency rules under	-
25	IC 4-22-2-37.1 to:	
26	(1) establish procedures to expedite:	
27	(A) the conduct of hearings under subsection (g); and	
28	(B) the issuance of determinations of appeals under	V
29	subsection (k); and	
30	(2) establish deadlines:	
31	(A) for conducting hearings under subsection (g); and	
32	(B) for issuing determinations of appeals under subsection	
33	(k).	
34	(m) A determination by the Indiana board of an appeal under	
35	subsection (k) is subject to appeal to the tax court under	
36	IC 6-1.1-15.	
37	SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-4-38 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
38	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 38. (a) As used in this section, "contractor"	
40	means a reassessment contractor of the department of local	
41 42	government finance that is conducting a county's general	



1	(b) As used in this section, "qualifying county" means a county
2	in which the department of local government finance, under section
3	35 of this chapter, conducts the general reassessment, adjustment,
4	or reassessment.
5	(c) As used in this section, "qualifying official" refers to any of
6	the following:
7	(1) A county assessor of a qualifying county.
8	(2) A township assessor of a qualifying county.
9	(3) The county auditor of a qualifying county.
10	(4) The treasurer of a qualifying county.
11	(5) The county surveyor of a qualifying county.
12	(6) A member of the land valuation commission in a
13	qualifying county.
14	(7) Any other township or county official in a qualifying
15	county who has possession or control of information necessary
16	or useful for a general reassessment, general reassessment
17	review, or special reassessment of property to which section
18	35 of this chapter applies, including information in the
19	possession or control of an employee or a contractor of the
20	official.
21	(8) Any county official in a qualifying county who has control,
22	review, or other responsibilities related to paying claims of a
23	contractor submitted for payment under section 35 of this
24	chapter.
25	(d) Upon petition from the department of local government
26	finance or a contractor, the tax court may order a qualifying
27	official to produce information requested in writing from the
28	qualifying official by the department of local government finance
29	or a contractor.
30	(e) If the tax court orders a qualifying official to provide
31	requested information as described in subsection (d), the tax court
32	shall order production of the information not later than fourteen
33	(14) days after the date of the tax court's order.
34	(f) The tax court may find that any willful violation of this
35	section by a qualifying official constitutes a direct contempt of the
36	tax court.
37	SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-4-39 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
38	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 39. (a) For assessment dates after February
40	28, 2003, except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), the true tax
41	value of real property regularly rented or leased to furnish

residential accommodations for periods of thirty (30) days or more



is the lowest valuation determined after computing a valuation under each of the following mass appraisal approaches:

- (1) A cost approach that includes an estimated reproduction or replacement cost of buildings and land improvements as of the date of valuation together with estimates of the losses in value that have taken place due to wear and tear, design and plan, or neighborhood influences.
- (2) A sales comparison approach that compares data for generally comparable property.
- (3) An income capitalization approach that uses an applicable capitalization method and appropriate capitalization rates in computations that lead to an indication of value commensurate with the risks for the subject property use.
- (b) The value of any tax incentive credits or other government subsidies, including below market financing, granted for the construction, conversion, or use of property as low income housing may not be considered in determining the true tax value of the property regardless of whether the credits or other subsidies are made available, directly or indirectly, to compensate the owner for the rental of low income housing at a rate that is less than the fair market rental rate for the property.
- (c) To carry out this section, the department of local government finance may adopt rules to establish land values that differ from the land values established under section 13.6 of this chapter for land used in connection with residential accommodations regularly rented or leased for periods of thirty (30) days or more. The department of local government shall notify the assessing officials in the county of the land values established under this subsection.

SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-5.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) Before filing a conveyance document with the county auditor under IC 6-1.1-5-4, all the parties to the conveyance must complete and sign a sales disclosure form as prescribed by the department of local government finance under section 5 of this chapter. All the parties may sign one (1) form, or if all the parties do not agree on the information to be included on the completed form, each party may sign and file a separate form.

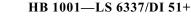
(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the auditor shall forward each sales disclosure form to the county assessor. The county assessor shall retain the forms for five (5) years. The county assessor shall forward the sales disclosure form data to the department of local

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1	government finance and the legislative services agency:	
2	(1) before January 1, 2005, in an electronic format, if possible;	
3	and	
4	(2) after December 31, 2004, in an electronic format under	
5	IC 5-14-6 specified jointly by the department of local	
6	government finance and the legislative services agency.	
7	The county assessor shall forward a copy of the sales disclosure forms	
8	to the township assessors in the county. The forms may be used by the	
9	county assessing officials, the department of local government finance,	
10	and the legislative services agency for the purposes established in	1
11	IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, sales ratio studies, equalization, adoption of rules	
12	under IC 6-1.1-31-3 and IC 6-1.1-31-6, and any other authorized	
13	purpose.	
14	(c) In a county containing a consolidated city, the auditor shall	
15	forward the sales disclosure form to the appropriate township assessor.	
16	The township assessor shall forward the sales disclosure form to the	1
17	department of local government finance and the legislative services	•
18	agency:	
19	(1) before January 1, 2005, in an electronic format, if possible;	
20	and	
21	(2) after December 31, 2004, in an electronic format under	
22	IC 5-14-6 specified jointly by the department of local	
23	government finance and the legislative services agency.	
24	The township assessor shall forward a copy of the sales disclosure	_
25	forms to the township assessors in the county. The forms may be used	
26	by the county assessing officials, the department of local government	
27	finance, and the legislative services agency for the purposes established	1
28	in IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, sales ratio studies, equalization, adoption of rules	
29	under IC 6-1.1-31-3 and IC 6-1.1-31-6, and any other authorized	
30	purpose.	
31	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,	
32	SECTION 55, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The department of local government	
34	finance may adopt rules in order to provide a method for assessing	
35	mobile homes. These rules must be consistent with this article,	
36	including the factors required under IC 6-1.1-31-7.	
37	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-7-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
38	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
39	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) For assessment dates after January	

14, 2004, the true tax value of mobile homes regularly used to rent

or lease to furnish residential accommodations for periods of thirty

(30) days or more is the lowest valuation determined after



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computing a valuation under each of the following mass appraisal approaches:

- (1) A cost approach that includes an estimated reproduction or replacement cost of buildings and land improvements as of the date of valuation together with estimates of the losses in value that have taken place due to wear and tear, design and plan, or neighborhood influences.
- (2) A sales comparison approach that compares data for generally comparable property.
- (3) An income capitalization approach that uses an applicable capitalization method and appropriate capitalization rates in computations that lead to an indication of value commensurate with the risks for the subject property use.

The value of any tax incentive credits or other government subsidies, including below market financing, granted for the construction, conversion, or use of property as low income housing may not be considered in determining the true tax value of the property regardless of whether the credits or other subsidies are made available, directly or indirectly, to compensate the owner for the rental of low income housing at a rate that is less than the fair market rental rate for the property.

SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. If a township assessor, county assessor, or county property tax assessment board of appeals believes that any taxable tangible property has been omitted from or undervalued on the assessment rolls or the tax duplicate for any year or years, the official or board shall give written notice under IC 6-1.1-3-20 or IC 6-1.1-4-22 of the assessment or increase in assessment by giving the notice to the county treasurer for inclusion in the initial statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8 that is affected by the assessment or increase. The notice shall contain a general description of the property and a statement describing the taxpayer's right to file a petition for request a preliminary conference with the township assessor to review the assessment and the taxpayer's right to a review with the county property tax assessment board of appeals under IC 6-1.1-15-1.

SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-9-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) If a taxpayer files a personal property return for a particular year, personal property which is omitted from or undervalued on the return may be assessed, or its assessed value may be increased only if the notice required under section 1 of this chapter

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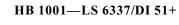


1	is given within not later than three (3) years after the date the return	
2	is filed. However, if the taxpayer's personal property return for a	
3	particular year substantially complies with the provisions of this article	
4	and the regulations of the department of local government finance, an	
5	assessing official or a county property tax assessment board of appeals	
6	may change the assessed value claimed by the taxpayer on the return	
7	only within the time period prescribed in IC 6-1.1-16-1.	
8	(b) If a taxpayer fails to file a personal property return for a	
9	particular year, the taxpayer's personal property may be assessed for	
10	that year only if the notice required by section 1 of this chapter is given	
11	within not later than ten (10) years after the date on which the return	
12	for that year should have been filed.	
13	(c) If a taxpayer files a fraudulent personal property return, or fails	
14	to file a return with the intent to evade the payment of property taxes,	
15	the assessment limitations prescribed in subsections (a) and (b) do not	
16	apply.	
17	SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-9-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) Real	
19	property may be assessed, or its assessed value increased, for a prior	
20	year under this chapter only if the notice required by section 1 of this	
21	chapter is given within not later than three (3) years after the	
22	assessment date for that prior year.	
23	(b) With respect to real property which is owned by a bona fide	
24	purchaser without knowledge, no lien attaches for any property taxes	
25	which result from an assessment, or an increase in assessed value,	
26	made under this chapter for any period before his purchase of the	
27	property.	
28	SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-12-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.272-2003,	
29	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
30	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) An individual may obtain a deduction	
31	from the assessed value of the individual's real property, or mobile	
32	home or manufactured home which is not assessed as real property, if:	
33	(1) the individual is at least sixty-five (65) years of age on or	
34	before December 31 of the calendar year preceding the year in	
35	which the deduction is claimed;	
36	(2) the combined adjusted gross income (as defined in Section 62	
37	of the Internal Revenue Code) of:	
38	(A) the individual and the individual's spouse; or	
39	(B) the individual and all other individuals with whom:	

(i) the individual shares ownership; or

(ii) the individual is purchasing the property under a

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contract;



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1	as joint tenants or tenants in common;	
2	for the calendar year preceding the year in which the deduction is	
3	claimed did not exceed twenty-five thirty-five thousand dollars	
4	(\$25,000); (\$3 5,000);	
5	(3) the individual has owned the real property, mobile home, or	
6	manufactured home for at least one (1) year before claiming the	
7	deduction; or the individual has been buying the real property,	
8	mobile home, or manufactured home under a contract that	
9	provides that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the real	
10	property, mobile home, or manufactured home for at least one (1)	
11	year before claiming the deduction, and the contract or a	
12	memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county recorder's	
13	office;	
14	(4) the individual and any individuals covered by subdivision	
15	(2)(B) reside on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured	
16	home;	
17	(5) the assessed value of the real property, mobile home, or	
18	manufactured home does not exceed one hundred forty-four	
19	thousand dollars (\$144,000); and	
20	(6) the individual receives no other property tax deduction for the	
21	year in which the deduction is claimed, except the deductions	
22	provided by sections 1, 37, and 38, 43, and 44 of this chapter.	
23	(b) Except as provided in subsection (h), in the case of real property,	
24	an individual's deduction under this section equals the lesser of:	
25	(1) one-half $(1/2)$ of the assessed value of the real property; or	
26	(2) six thousand dollars (\$6,000).	
27	(c) Except as provided in subsection (h) and section 40.5 of this	
28	chapter, in the case of a mobile home that is not assessed as real	
29	property or a manufactured home which is not assessed as real	
30	property, an individual's deduction under this section equals the lesser	
31	of:	
32	(1) one-half $(1/2)$ of the assessed value of the mobile home or	
33	manufactured home; or	
34	(2) six thousand dollars (\$6,000).	
35	(d) An individual may not be denied the deduction provided under	
36	this section because the individual is absent from the real property,	
37	mobile home, or manufactured home while in a nursing home or	
38	hospital.	
39	(e) For purposes of this section, if real property, a mobile home, or	
40	a manufactured home is owned by:	
41	(1) tenants by the entirety:	



(2) joint tenants; or

1	(3) tenants in common;
2	only one (1) deduction may be allowed. However, the age requirement
3	is satisfied if any one (1) of the tenants is at least sixty-five (65) years
4	of age.
5	(f) A surviving spouse is entitled to the deduction provided by this
6	section if:
7	(1) the surviving spouse is at least sixty (60) years of age on or
8	before December 31 of the calendar year preceding the year in
9	which the deduction is claimed;
10	(2) the surviving spouse's deceased husband or wife was at least
11	sixty-five (65) years of age at the time of a death;
12	(3) the surviving spouse has not remarried; and
13	(4) the surviving spouse satisfies the requirements prescribed in
14	subsection (a)(2) through (a)(6).
15	(g) An individual who has sold real property to another person
16	under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the
17	property taxes on the real property may not claim the deduction
18	provided under this section against that real property.
19	(h) In the case of tenants covered by subsection (a)(2)(B), if all of
20	the tenants are not at least sixty-five (65) years of age, the deduction
21	allowed under this section shall be reduced by an amount equal to the
22	deduction multiplied by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the
23	number of tenants who are not at least sixty-five (65) years of age, and
24	the denominator is the total number of tenants.
25	SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-12-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
26	SECTION 111, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
27	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 20. (a) A property owner who
28	desires to obtain the deduction provided by section 18 of this chapter
29	must file a certified deduction application, on forms prescribed by the
30	department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county
31	in which the rehabilitated property is located. The application may be
32	filed in person or by mail. If mailed, the mailing must be postmarked
33	on or before the last day for filing. Except as provided in subsection
34	(b), The application must be filed before May 10 of the year in which
35	the addition to assessed value is made.
36	(b) If notice of the addition to assessed value for any year is not
37	given to the property owner before April 10 of that year, the application
38	required by this section may be filed not later than thirty (30) days after
39	the date such a notice is mailed to the property owner at the address
40	shown on the records of the township assessor.
41	(c) (b) The application required by this section shall contain the



following information:

1	(1) a description of the property for which a deduction is claimed
2	in sufficient detail to afford identification;
3	(2) statements of the ownership of the property;
4	(3) the assessed value of the improvements on the property before
5	rehabilitation;
6	(4) the number of dwelling units on the property;
7	(5) the number of dwelling units rehabilitated;
8	(6) the increase in assessed value resulting from of the
9	improvements after the rehabilitation, or an estimate of the
10	assessed value if the assessed value is not known at the time of
11	filing of the deduction application; and
12	(7) the amount of deduction claimed, or an estimate of the
13	deduction if the assessed value of the improvements is not
14	known at the time of filing of the deduction application.
15	(d) (c) A deduction application filed under this section is applicable
16	for the year in which the increase in assessed value occurs and for the
17	immediately following four (4) years without any additional application
18	being filed.
19	(e) (d) On verification of an application by the assessor of the
20	township in which the property is located, the county auditor shall
21	make the deduction.
22	SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-12-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
23	SECTION 113, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 24. (a) A property owner who
25	desires to obtain the deduction provided by section 22 of this chapter
26	must file a certified deduction application, on forms prescribed by the
27	department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county
28	in which the property is located. The application may be filed in person
29	or by mail. If mailed, the mailing must be postmarked on or before the
30	last day for filing. Except as provided in subsection (b), The application
31	must be filed before May 10 of the year in which the addition to
32	assessed valuation is made.
33	(b) If notice of the addition to assessed valuation for any year is not
34	given to the property owner before April 10 of that year, the application
35	required by this section may be filed not later than thirty (30) days after
36	the date such a notice is mailed to the property owner at the address
37	shown on the records of the township assessor.
38	(c) (b) The application required by this section shall contain the
39	following information:
40	(1) the name of the property owner;
41	(2) a description of the property for which a deduction is claimed



in sufficient detail to afford identification;

1	(3) the assessed value of the improvements on the property before
2	rehabilitation;
3	(4) the increase in the assessed value of improvements resulting
4	from after the rehabilitation, or an estimate of the assessed
5	value if the assessed value is not known at the time of filing of
6	the deduction application; and
7	(5) the amount of deduction claimed, or an estimate of the
8	deduction if the assessed value of the improvements is not
9	known at the time of filing of the deduction application.
10	(d) (c) A deduction application filed under this section is applicable
11	for the year in which the addition to assessed value is made and in the
12	immediate following four (4) years without any additional application
13	being filed.
14	(e) (d) On verification of the correctness of an application by the
15	assessor of the township in which the property is located, the county
16	auditor shall make the deduction.
17	SECTION 21. IC 6-1.1-12-37, AS AMENDED BY
18	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37. (a) Each year
20	a person who is entitled to receive the homestead credit provided under
21	IC 6-1.1-20.9 for property taxes payable in the following year is
22	entitled to a standard deduction from the assessed value of the real
23	property, mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured
24	home not assessed as real property that qualifies for the homestead
25	credit. The auditor of the county shall record and make the deduction
26	for the person qualifying for the deduction.
27	(b) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, the total
28	amount of the deduction that a person may receive under this section
29	for a particular year is the lesser of:
30	(1) one-half (1/2) of the assessed value of the real property,
31	mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured home
32	not assessed as real property; or
33	(2) the following:
34	(A) Thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), for property taxes
35	first due and payable in 2003 (or that would have been first
36	due and payable in 2003 if the general reassessment
37	affecting the taxing unit had been completed on the date
38	required under IC 6-1.1-4-4(a)).
39	(B) Forty-four thousand dollars (\$44,000), for property
40	taxes first due and payable in 2004 (excluding any amount
41	that would have been first due and payable in 2003 if the
42	general reassessment affecting the taxing unit had been



1	completed on the date required under IC 6-1.1-4-4(a)).
2	(C) Thirty-nine thousand five hundred dollars (\$39,500),
3	for property taxes first due and payable in 2005.
4	(D) Thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), for property
5	taxes first due and payable in 2006 and thereafter.
6	(c) A person who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed
7	as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property
8	to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer
9	is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or
10	manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this
11	section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or
12	manufactured home.
13	SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-12-43 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 43. (a) As used in this section,
16	"dwelling" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-1.1-20.9-1.
17	(b) In addition to any other deduction that the person is entitled
18	to take, each year a person who is entitled to receive the homestead
19	credit provided under IC 6-1.1-20.9 for property taxes payable in
20	the following year on real property containing a dwelling that was
21	initially erected at least fifty (50) years before an assessment date
22	to which the deduction applies is entitled to a historic property
23	deduction from the assessed value of the real property that
24	qualifies for the homestead credit. The county auditor of the
25	county where the dwelling is located shall record and make the
26	deduction for the person qualifying for the deduction.
27	(c) The amount of the deduction is:
28	(1) four thousand five hundred dollars (\$4,500) if the dwelling
29	was initially erected at least fifty (50) years before an
30	assessment date and not more than one hundred (100) years
31	before the assessment date to which the deduction applies;
32	and
33	(2) nine thousand dollars (\$9,000) if the dwelling on the real
34	property was initially erected more than one hundred (100)
35	years before an assessment date to which the deduction
36	applies.
37	(d) A person who has sold real property to another person
38	under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the
39	property taxes on the real property may not claim the deduction
40	provided under this section with respect to that real property.
41	SECTION 23. IC 6-1.1-12-44 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 44. (a) As used in this section,	
2	"agricultural land" refers to land that is assessed as agricultural	
3	land under IC 6-1.1-4-13.	
4	(b) As used in this chapter, "farm" means one (1) or more tracts	
5	of agricultural land with common ownership that are:	
6	(1) devoted to an agricultural use;	
7	(2) located in one (1) county; and	
8	(3) contiguous, as determined without regard to any	
9	intervening public, public utility, or transportation easements	
10	or rights-of-way.	
11	(c) As used in this section, "farm owner" means a person that:	
12	(1) is an owner of a farm; and	
13	(2) either is:	
14	(A) an individual who:	
15	(i) actively participates in; and	
16	(ii) alone or with one (1) or more other individuals	
17	substantially owns and controls;	
18	the use of the agricultural land; or	
19	(B) a corporation (as defined in IC 6-3-1-10) or a	
20	partnership (as defined in IC 6-3-1-19) that, directly or	
21	indirectly, is substantially owned and controlled by one (1)	
22	or more individuals who actively participate in and	
23	substantially control the use of the agricultural land.	
24	(d) As used in this section, "total farmland acreage" means total	
25	farmland acreage, as determined for agricultural land under the	
26	rules adopted by the department of local government finance.	
27	(e) A farm owner is eligible for a farmstead deduction from the	
28	assessed valuation of the farm owner's farm. A farm owner is	T T
29	entitled to only one (1) farmstead deduction under this section,	
30	regardless of the number of farms in which the farm owner has an	
31	ownership interest.	
32	(f) The amount of the farmstead deduction is equal to the lesser	
33	of the following:	
34	(1) The amount specified in section 37(b)(2) of this chapter	
35	that is applicable to the year.	
36	(2) Twenty percent (20%) of the assessed valuation of the	
37	total farmland acreage in the farm.	
38	If the farm consists of more than one (1) tract that receives	
39	separate tax statements under IC 6-1.1-22-8, the farmstead	
40	deduction shall be allocated among the tracts in conformity with	
41	the rules adopted by the department of local government finance.	
42	(g) To obtain the farmstead deduction under this section, a farm	



1	owner must file a certified statement in duplicate:
2	(1) on forms prescribed by the department of local
3	government finance; and
4	(2) containing the information required by the department of
5	local government finance;
6	with the county auditor of the county in which the agricultural
7	land is subject to assessment. The statement must be filed before
8	May 10 of the year containing the assessment date for the first year
9	to which the farmstead deduction is to be applied. Upon
10	verification of the statement by the township assessor of the
11	township in which the agricultural land is subject to assessment,
12	the county auditor shall allow the farmstead deduction.
13	(h) A person who receives a farmstead deduction under this
14	section for a particular year and who remains eligible for the
15	farmstead deduction for the following year is not required to file
16	a statement to apply for the farmstead deduction for the following
17	year.
18	(i) A person who receives a farmstead deduction provided under
19	this section for a particular year and becomes ineligible for the
20	farmstead deduction for the following year shall notify the county
21	auditor of the county in which the agricultural land for which the
22	person received the farmstead deduction is located of the person's
23	ineligibility before March 31 of the year for which the person
24	becomes ineligible. The filing of an amended application under
25	subsection (k) meets the requirements of this subsection.
26	(j) The county auditor of each county shall, in a particular year,
27	apply a farmstead deduction provided under this section to each
28	person that received the farmstead deduction in the preceding year
29	unless the auditor determines that the person is no longer eligible
30	for the farmstead deduction.
31	(k) The following do not terminate eligibility for a farmstead
32	deduction under this section:
33	(1) A change in ownership of agricultural land if:
34	(A) a person who is a farm owner after the change in
35	ownership or control files an amended application with the
36	county auditor in the county where the farm is located, in
37	the form prescribed by the department of local
38	government finance before March 31 after the change in
39	ownership occurs; and
40	(B) the agricultural land otherwise continues to qualify for
41	the farmstead deduction under this section after the



change in ownership or control.

1	(2) A change in the ownership or control of a corporation (as
2	defined in IC 6-3-1-10) or a partnership (as defined in
3	IC 6-3-1-19) that owns agricultural land, if the corporation or
4	the partnership:
5	(A) files an amended application with the county auditor in
6	the county where the agricultural land is located in the
7	form prescribed by the department of local government
8	finance before March 31 after the change in ownership or
9	control land occurs; and
10	(B) otherwise continues to qualify for the farmstead
11	deduction under this section after the change in ownership
12	or control.
13	In applying subdivision (1) or (2) after the death of a farm owner
14	or a shareholder, partner, member, or beneficiary of a farm owner,
15	the person who is entitled to receive the property interest of the
16	deceased person shall be treated as an owner of the deceased
17	person's interest while the interest is in the estate of the deceased
18	person.
19	SECTION 24. IC 6-1.1-12.1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.245-2003,
20	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) A property owner who desires to
22	obtain the deduction provided by section 3 of this chapter must file a
23	certified deduction application, on forms prescribed by the department
24	of local government finance, with the auditor of the county in which the
25	property is located. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) or
26	(e), (d), the deduction application must be filed before May 10 of the
27	year in which the addition to assessed valuation is made.
28	(b) If notice of the addition to assessed valuation or new assessment
29	for any year is not given to the property owner before April 10 of that
30	year, the deduction application required by this section may be filed not
31	later than thirty (30) days after the date such a notice is mailed to the
32	property owner at the address shown on the records of the township
33	assessor.
34	(c) (b) The deduction application required by this section must
35	contain the following information:
36	(1) The name of the property owner.
37	(2) A description of the property for which a deduction is claimed
38	in sufficient detail to afford identification.
39	(3) The assessed value of the improvements before rehabilitation.
40	(4) The increase in the assessed value of improvements, resulting
41	from after the rehabilitation, or an estimate of the assessed

value if the assessed value is not known at the time of filing



1	the deduction application.
2	(5) The assessed value of the new structure in the case of
3	redevelopment, or an estimate of the assessed value if the
4	assessed value is not known at the time of filing the deduction
5	application.
6	(6) The amount of the deduction claimed for the first year of the
7	deduction, or an estimate of the deduction if the assessed value
8	of the improvements is not known at the time of filing the
9	deduction application.
10	(7) If the deduction application is for a deduction in a
11	residentially distressed area, the assessed value of the
12	improvement or new structure for which the deduction is claimed,
13	or an estimate of the deduction if the assessed value of the
14	improvement or new structure is not known at the time of
15	filing the deduction application.
16	(d) (c) A deduction application filed under subsection (a) or (b) is
17	applicable for the year in which the addition to assessed value or
18	assessment of a new structure is made and in the following years the
19	deduction is allowed without any additional deduction application
20	being filed. However, property owners who had an area designated an
21	urban development area pursuant to a deduction application filed prior
22	to January 1, 1979, are only entitled to a deduction for a five (5) year
23	period. In addition, property owners who are entitled to a deduction
24	under this chapter pursuant to a deduction application filed after
25	December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1986, are entitled to a
26	deduction for a ten (10) year period.
27	(e) (d) A property owner who desires to obtain the deduction
28	provided by section 3 of this chapter but who has failed to file a
29	deduction application within the dates prescribed in subsection (a) or
30	(b) may file a deduction application between March 1 and May 10 of
31	a subsequent year which shall be applicable for the year filed and the
32	subsequent years without any additional deduction application being
33	filed for the amounts of the deduction which would be applicable to
34	such years pursuant to section 4 of this chapter if such a deduction
35	application had been filed in accordance with subsection (a) or (b). this
36	section.
37	(f) (e) Subject to subsection (i), (g), the county auditor shall act as
38	follows:
39	(1) If a determination about the number of years the deduction is
40	allowed has been made in the resolution adopted under section
41	2.5 of this chapter, the county auditor shall make the appropriate



deduction.

1	(2) If a determination about the number of years the deduction is
2	allowed has not been made in the resolution adopted under
3	section 2.5 of this chapter, the county auditor shall send a copy of
4	the deduction application to the designating body. Upon receipt
5	of the resolution stating the number of years the deduction will be
6	allowed, the county auditor shall make the appropriate deduction.
7	(3) If the deduction application is for rehabilitation or
8	redevelopment in a residentially distressed area, the county
9	auditor shall make the appropriate deduction.
10	(g) (f) The amount and period of the deduction provided for
11	property by section 3 of this chapter are not affected by a change in the
12	ownership of the property if the new owner of the property:
13	(1) continues to use the property in compliance with any
14	standards established under section 2(g) of this chapter; and
15	(2) files an application in the manner provided by subsection (e).
16	(d).
17	(h) The township assessor shall include a notice of the deadlines for
18	filing a deduction application under subsections (a) and (b) with each
19	notice to a property owner of an addition to assessed value or of a new
20	assessment.
21	(i) (g) Before the county auditor acts under subsection (f), (e), the
22	county auditor may request that the township assessor of the township
23	in which the property is located review the deduction application.
24	(j) (h) A property owner may appeal the determination of the county
25	auditor under subsection (f) (e) with respect to a deduction for a
26	property under section 3 of this chapter by filing a complaint in the
27	office of the clerk of the circuit or superior court not more than
28	forty-five (45) days after the county auditor gives the person notice of
29	the determination. date of mailing of the tax statement under
30	IC 6-1.1-22-8 for the property taxes based on the assessed value of
31	the property for which the owner seeks the deduction.
32	SECTION 25. IC 6-1.1-13-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. The powers
34	granted to each county property tax assessment board of appeals under
35	this chapter apply only to the tangible property assessments made with
36	respect to the last preceding assessment date. Before a county property
37	tax assessment board of appeals changes any valuation or adds any
38	tangible property and the value of it to a return or the assessment rolls
39	under this chapter, the board shall give prior notice by mail to the
40	taxpayer. The notice must state a time when and place where the

taxpayer may appear before the board. The time stated in the notice

must be at least ten (10) days after the date the notice is mailed.



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SECTION 26. IC 6-1.1-14-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-2003, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 11. The department of local government finance shall give notice by mail to a taxpayer whose assessment is to be reviewed under section 10 of this chapter. The notice shall state the time, place, and object of a hearing on the assessment. The time fixed for the hearing must be at least ten (10) days after the day the notice is mailed. After the hearing, The department of local government finance shall assess the property in question and mail a certified notice of its final determination give notice to the appropriate county auditor In addition, the department of local government finance shall notify the taxpayer by mail of its final determination. of the amount of the assessed value of property reassessed under section 10 of this **chapter.** An assessment or reassessment may not be made under this section unless notice of the final determination of the department of local government finance is given to the taxpayer must be made within the same time period prescribed in IC 6-1.1-9-3 or IC 6-1.1-9-4. for giving an assessment adjustment notice. A taxpayer may initiate an appeal of the department's final determination by filing a petition with the Indiana board not more than forty-five (45) days after the department gives the taxpayer notice of the final determination. date of mailing of the tax statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8 for the property taxes based on the assessed value of the property determined under section 10 of this chapter.

SECTION 27. IC 6-1.1-15-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2002, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) A taxpayer may obtain a review by the county property tax assessment board of appeals of a county or township official's action with respect to the assessment of the taxpayer's tangible property. if the official's action requires the giving of notice to the taxpayer. The taxpayer and county or township official whose original determination is under review are parties to the proceeding before the county property tax assessment board of appeals. At the time that notice is given to the taxpayer, the taxpayer shall also be informed in writing of:

- (1) the opportunity for review under this section; and
- (2) the procedures the taxpayer must follow in order to obtain review under this section.
- (b) In order to appeal a current an assessment and have a change in the assessment effective for the most recent an assessment date, the taxpayer must file a petition with the assessor of the county in which the action is taken

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1	(1) (4) (6) (6) (45) (1) (6) (6) (6) (1) (6)
1 2	(1) within forty-five (45) days after notice of a change in the
	assessment is given to the taxpayer; or
3	(2) May 10 of that year; whichever is later.
4	request in writing a preliminary conference with the township
5	assessor of the township in which the property is located not later
6	than forty-five (45) days after the date of mailing of the tax
7	statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8 for the property taxes based on the
8	assessed value of the property for that assessment date determined
9	in the action referred to in subsection (a). The county township
10	assessor shall notify the county auditor that the assessment is under
11	appeal. The preliminary conference required under this subsection
12	is a prerequisite to a review by the county property tax assessment
13	board of appeals under subsection (h).
14	(c) A change in an assessment made as a result of an appeal filed (1)
15	in the same year that notice of a change in the assessment is given to
16	the taxpayer; and (2) after the time prescribed in subsection (b)
17	becomes effective for the next assessment date that next succeeds the
18	assessment date referred to in subsection (b).
19	(d) A taxpayer may appeal a current real property assessment in a
20	year even if the taxpayer has not received a notice of assessment in the
21	year. If an appeal is filed on or before May 10 of a year in which the
22	taxpayer has not received notice of assessment, a change in the
23	assessment resulting from the appeal is effective for the most recent
24	assessment date. If the appeal is filed after May 10, the change
25	becomes effective for the next assessment date.
26	(e) The department of local government finance shall prescribe the
27	form of the petition for review of an assessment determination by a
28	township assessor. The department shall issue instructions for
29	completion of the form. The form and the instructions must be clear,
30	simple, and understandable to the average individual. An appeal of
31	such a determination must be made on the form prescribed by the
32	department. The form must require the petitioner to specify the
33	following:
34	(1) The physical characteristics of the property in issue that bear
35	on the assessment determination.
36	(2) All other facts relevant to the assessment determination.
37	(3) The reasons why the petitioner believes that the assessment
38	determination by the township assessor is erroneous.
39	(f) The department of local government finance shall prescribe a
40	form for a response by the township assessor to the petition for review
41	of an assessment determination. The department shall issue instructions

for completion of the form. The form must require the township



1	assessor to indicate:
2	(1) agreement or disagreement with each item indicated on the
3	petition under subsection (e); and
4	(2) the reasons why the assessor believes that the assessment
5	determination is correct.
6	(d) The written request for a preliminary conference that is
7	required under subsection (b) must include the following
8	information:
9	(1) The name of the taxpayer.
10	(2) The address and parcel or key number of the property.
11	(3) The address and telephone number of the taxpayer.
12	(4) A brief statement that the taxpayer believes that the
13	assessment determination is erroneous.
14	The request need not be certified or verified and need not be on
15	any particular form.
16	(g) Immediately upon receipt of a timely filed petition on the form
17	prescribed under subsection (e), the county assessor shall forward a
18	copy of the petition to the township assessor who made the challenged
19	assessment. (e) The township assessor shall, within thirty (30) days
20	after the receipt of the petition, attempt to a written request for a
21	preliminary conference, hold a preliminary conference with the
22	petitioner and taxpayer to resolve as many issues as possible by:
23	(1) discussing the specifics of the taxpayer's reassessment;
24	(2) reviewing the taxpayer's property record card;
25	(3) explaining to the taxpayer how the reassessment was
26	determined;
27	(4) providing to the taxpayer information about the statutes,
28	rules, and guidelines that govern the determination of the
29	reassessment;
30	(5) noting and considering objections of the taxpayer;
31	(6) considering all errors alleged by the taxpayer; and
32	(7) otherwise educating the taxpayer about:
33	(A) the taxpayer's reassessment;
34	(B) the reassessment process; and
35	(C) the reassessment appeal process.
36	Within ten (10) days after the conference, the township assessor shall
37	forward to the county auditor and county assessor a completed response
38	to the petition on the form prescribed under subsection (f). The county
39	assessor shall immediately forward a copy of the response form to the
40	petitioner and the county property tax assessment board of appeals the

results of the conference on a form prescribed by the department

of local government finance that must be completed and signed by



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1	the taxpayer and the township assessor. The township assessor and
2	the taxpayer shall each retain a copy of the form for their records.
3	(f) The form submitted to the county property tax assessment
4	board of appeals under subsection (e) must specify the following:
5	(1) The physical characteristics of the property in issue that
6	bear on the assessment determination.
7	(2) All other facts relevant to the assessment determination.
8	(3) A list of the reasons the taxpayer believes that the
9	assessment determination by the county or township official
10	is erroneous.
11	(4) An indication of the township assessor's agreement or
12	disagreement with each item listed under subdivision (3).
13	(5) The reasons the township assessor believes that the
14	assessment determination is correct.
15	(g) If after the conference there are no items listed in the petition on
16	the form submitted to the county property tax assessment board of
17	appeals under subsection (e) on which there is disagreement:
18	(1) the township assessor shall give notice to the petitioner,
19	taxpayer, the county property tax assessment board of appeals,
20	and the county assessor of the assessment in the amount agreed to
21	by the petitioner taxpayer and the township assessor; and
22	(2) the county property tax assessment board of appeals may
23	reserve the right to change the assessment under IC 6-1.1-9.
24	(h) If after the conference there are items listed in the petition form
25	submitted under subsection (e) on which there is disagreement, the
26	county property tax assessment board of appeals shall hold a hearing.
27	The taxpayer and county or township official whose original
28	determination is under review are parties to the proceeding before
29	the county property tax assessment board of appeals. Except as
30	provided in subsections (i) and (j), the hearing must be held within
31	ninety (90) days of the filing of the petition on those items of
32	disagreement. except as provided in subsections (h) and (i). township
33	assessor's receipt of the taxpayer's written request for a
34	preliminary conference under subsection (b). The taxpayer may
35	present the taxpayer's reasons for disagreement with the assessment.
36	The township assessor or county assessor for the county must present
37	the basis for the assessment decision on these items to the board of
38	appeals at the hearing and the reasons the petitioner's taxpayer's

appeal should be denied on those items. The board of appeals shall

have a written record of the hearing and prepare a written statement of

findings and a decision on each item within sixty (60) days of the

hearing, except as provided in subsections (h) (i) and (i). (j). If the



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1	township assessor does not attempt to hold a preliminary conference,
2	the board shall accept the appeal of the petitioner at the hearing.
3	(h) (i) This subsection applies to a county having a population of
4	more than three hundred thousand (300,000). In the case of a petition
5	filed after December 31, 2000, the county property tax assessment
6	board of appeals shall:
7	(1) hold its hearing within one hundred eighty (180) days instead
8	of ninety (90) days; and
9	(2) have a written record of the hearing and prepare a written
10	statement of findings and a decision on each item within one
11	hundred twenty (120) days after the hearing.
12	(i) (j) This subsection applies to a county having a population of
13	three hundred thousand (300,000) or less. With respect to an appeal of
14	a real property assessment that takes effect on the assessment date on
15	which a general reassessment of real property takes effect under
16	IC 6-1.1-4-4, the county property tax assessment board of appeals shall:
17	(1) hold its hearing within one hundred eighty (180) days instead
18	of ninety (90) days; and
19	(2) have a written record of the hearing and prepare a written
20	statement of findings and a decision on each item within one
21	hundred twenty (120) days after the hearing.
22	(j) (k) The county property tax assessment board of appeals:
23	(1) may not require a taxpayer that files a petition for review
24	under this section to file documentary evidence or summaries of
25	statements of testimonial evidence before the hearing required
26	under subsection (g); (a); and
27	(2) may require the parties to the appeal to file not more than ten
28	(10) days before the date of the hearing required under subsection
29	(g) lists of witnesses and exhibits to be introduced at the hearing.
30	amend the form submitted under subsection (e) if the board
31	determines that the amendment is warranted.
32	SECTION 28. IC 6-1.1-15-2.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2001,
33	SECTION 42, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.1. (a) The county property tax assessment
35	board of appeals may assess the tangible property in question.
36	(b) The county property tax assessment board of appeals shall, by
37	mail, give notice of the date fixed for the hearing under section 1 of this
38	chapter to the petitioner, taxpayer and to the township assessor.
39	(c) If a petition for review does not comply with the department of
40	local government finance's instructions for completing the form
41	prescribed under section 1(e) of this chapter, the county assessor shall
42	return the petition to the petitioner and include a notice describing the



defect in the petition. The petitioner then has thirty (30) days from the date on the notice to cure the defect and file a corrected petition or statement with the county assessor that the petitioner believes the petition is not defective. If a statement is filed or the county assessor believes a corrected petition is not in compliance with section 1(e) of this chapter, the assessor shall forward the statement or corrected petition to the county property tax assessment board of appeals. Within ten (10) days after receiving the statement or petition, the county property tax assessment board of appeals shall determine if the original or corrected petition is still not in compliance. The county property tax assessment board of appeals shall deny an original or a corrected petition for review if it does not substantially comply with the department of local government finance's instructions for completing the form prescribed under section 1(e) of this chapter.

(d) (c) The department of local government finance shall prescribe a form for use by the county property tax assessment board of appeals in processing petitions for a review of an assessment determinations. determination. The department shall issue instructions for completion of the form. The form must require the county property tax assessment board of appeals to include a record of the hearing, findings on each item, and indicate agreement or disagreement with each item that is

(1) indicated on the petition form submitted by the taxpayer and township assessor under section 1(e) of this chapter. and

(2) included in the township assessor's response under section 1(g) of this chapter.

The form must also require the county property tax assessment board of appeals to indicate the issues in dispute for each item and its reasons in support of its resolution of those issues.

(e) (d) After the hearing the county property tax assessment board of appeals shall, by mail, give notice of its determination to the petitioner, petitioner, the township assessor, and the county assessor and shall include with the notice copies of the forms completed under subsection (d). (c).

SECTION 29. IC 6-1.1-15-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002, SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) If a petition for review to any board or a proceeding for judicial review in the tax court regarding an assessment or increase in assessment is pending, the taxes resulting from the assessment or increase in assessment are, notwithstanding the provisions of IC 6-1.1-22-9, not due until after the petition for review, or the proceeding for judicial review, is finally adjudicated and the assessment or increase in assessment is finally determined. However,







even though a petition for review or a proceeding for judicia	al review is
pending, the taxpayer shall pay taxes on the tangible propert	ty when the
property tax installments come due, unless the collection of	of the taxes
is stayed under IC 4-21.5-5-9 pending a final determina	tion in the
proceeding for judicial review. The amount of taxes which the	he taxpayeı
is required to pay, pending the final determination of the ass	sessment or
increase in assessment, shall be based on:	
(1) the assessed value reported by the taxpayer on the	e taxpayer's
personal property return if a personal property assess	ment, or an
increase in such an assessment, is involved; or	
(2) an amount based on the immediately preced	ding year's
assessment of real property if an assessment, or i	· .
assessment, of real property is involved.	

- (b) If the petition for review or the proceeding for judicial review is not finally determined by the last installment date for the taxes, the taxpayer, upon showing of cause by a taxing official or at the tax court's discretion, may be required to post a bond or provide other security in an amount not to exceed the taxes resulting from the contested assessment or increase in assessment.
- (c) Each county auditor shall keep separate on the tax duplicate a record of that portion of the assessed value of property
 - (1) on which a taxpayer is not required to pay taxes under subsection (a); or
 - (2) that is described in IC 6-1.1-17-0.5(b).

When establishing rates and calculating state school support, the department of local government finance shall recognize the fact that a taxpayer is not required to pay taxes under certain circumstances exclude from assessed value in the county the assessed value of property kept separate on the tax duplicate by the county auditor under IC 6-1.1-17-0.5(b).

SECTION 30. IC 6-1.1-15-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 140, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. If a review or appeal authorized under this chapter results in a reduction of the amount of an assessment or if the department of local government finance on its own motion reduces an assessment, the taxpayer is entitled to a credit in the amount of any overpayment of tax on the next successive tax installment, if any, due in that year. If, After the credit is given, the county auditor shall:

- (1) determine if a further amount is due the taxpayer; he may file a claim for and
- (2) if a further amount is due the taxpayer, notwithstanding

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IC 5-11-10-1 and IC 36-2-6-2, amount due. If the claim is allowed by The board of county commissioners, the county auditor shall, without a claim or an appropriation being required, pay the amount due the taxpayer. The county auditor shall charge the amount refunded to the taxpayer against the accounts of the various taxing units to which the overpayment has been paid. The county auditor shall notify the county executive of the payment of the amount due and publish the allowance in the manner provided in IC 36-2-6-3. SECTION 31. IC 6-1.1-15-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 13. Honotice of the

action of a board or official is not otherwise given in accordance with the general assessment provisions of this article, The receipt by the taxpayer of the tax bill resulting from that an action of a board or an official is the taxpayer's notice for the purpose of determining the taxpayer's right to obtain a review or initiate an appeal under this

SECTION 32. IC 6-1.1-16-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 144, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in section 2 of this chapter, an assessing official, county assessor, or county property tax assessment board of appeals may not change the assessed value claimed by a taxpayer on a personal property return unless the assessing official, county assessor, or county property tax assessment board of appeals takes the action and gives the notice required by IC 6-1.1-3-20 within the following time periods:

- (1) A township or county assessing official must make a change in the assessed value and give the notice of the change on or before the latter of:
 - (A) September 15 of the year for which the assessment is made; or
 - (B) four (4) months from the date the personal property return is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for which the assessment is made.
- (2) A county assessor or county property tax assessment board of appeals must make a change in the assessed value, including the final determination by the board of an assessment changed by a township or county assessing official, or county property tax assessment board of appeals and give the notice of the change on or before the latter later of:
 - (A) October 30 of the year for which the assessment is made; or



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1	(B) five (5) months from the date the personal property return	
2	is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for which	
3	the assessment is made.	
4	(3) The department of local government finance must make a	
5	preliminary change in the assessed value and give the notice of	
6	the change on or before the latter later of:	
7	(A) October 1 of the year immediately following the year for	
8	which the assessment is made; or	
9	(B) sixteen (16) months from the date the personal property	
.0	return is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for	
.1	which the assessment is made.	
2	(b) Except as provided in section 2 of this chapter, if an assessing	
.3	official, a county assessor, or a county property tax assessment board	
4	of appeals fails to change an assessment and give notice of the change	
.5	within the time prescribed by this section, the assessed value claimed	
6	by the taxpayer on the personal property return is final.	
7	(c) This section does not limit the authority of a county auditor to	
. 8	correct errors in a tax duplicate under IC 6-1.1-15-12.	
9	(d) This section does not apply if the taxpayer:	
20	(1) fails to file a personal property return which substantially	
21	complies with the provisions of this article and the regulations of	
22	the department of local government finance; or	
23	(2) files a fraudulent personal property return with the intent to	
24	evade the payment of property taxes.	
25	(e) A taxpayer may appeal a preliminary determination of the	
26	department of local government finance under subsection (a)(3) to the	
27	Indiana board An appeal under this subdivision shall be conducted in	
28	the same manner as an appeal under IC 6-1.1-15-4 through	
29	IC 6-1.1-15-8. by filing a petition with the Indiana board not more	
0	than forty-five (45) days after the date of mailing of the tax	
31	statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8 for the property taxes based on the	
32	assessed value of the property determined under subsection (a)(3).	
3	A preliminary determination that is not appealed under this subsection	
4	is a final unappealable order of the department of local government	
55	finance.	
66	SECTION 33. IC 6-1.1-17-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 20. (a) This section	
8	applies:	
9	(1) to each governing body of a taxing unit that is not comprised	
10	of a majority of officials who are elected to serve on the	
1	governing body; and	

(2) if the proposed property tax levy for the taxing unit for the



1	ensuing calendar year is more than five percent (5%) greater than
2	the property tax levy for the taxing unit for the current calendar
3	year.
4	(b) As used in this section, "taxing unit" has the meaning set forth
5	in IC 6-1.1-1-21, except that the term does not include a school
6	corporation. or a public library district.
7 8	(c) If:
9	(1) the assessed valuation of a taxing unit is entirely contained within a city or town; or
10	(2) the assessed valuation of a taxing unit is not entirely contained
11	within a city or town but the taxing unit was originally established
12	by the city or town;
13	the governing body shall submit its proposed budget and property tax
14	levy to the city or town fiscal body. The proposed budget and levy shall
15	be submitted at least fourteen (14) days before the city or town fiscal
16	body is required to hold budget approval hearings under this chapter.
17	(d) If subsection (c) does not apply, the governing body of the taxing
18	unit shall submit its proposed budget and property tax levy to the
19	county fiscal body in the county where the taxing unit has the most
20	assessed valuation. The proposed budget and levy shall be submitted
21	at least fourteen (14) days before the county fiscal body is required to
22	hold budget approval hearings under this chapter.
23	(e) The fiscal body of the city, town, or county (whichever applies)
24	shall review each budget and proposed tax levy and adopt a final
25	budget and tax levy for the taxing unit. The fiscal body may reduce or
26	modify but not increase the proposed budget or tax levy. However, the
27	fiscal body may not reduce the proposed tax levy to an amount that is
28	less than the maximum permissible levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3.
29	SECTION 34. IC 6-1.1-18.5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2001,
30	SECTION 51, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:
32	"Ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year" means
33	the total property taxes imposed by a civil taxing unit for current
34	property taxes collectible in that ensuing calendar year.
35	"Adopting county" means any county in which the county adjusted
36	gross income tax is in effect.
37	"Civil taxing unit" means any taxing unit except a school
38	corporation.
39	"Maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the
40	preceding calendar year" means: the greater of:
41	(1) the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem
42	property tax levy for the calendar year immediately preceding the



1	ensuing calendar year, as that levy was determined under section
2	3 of this chapter; or
3	(1) for purposes of determining a civil taxing unit's maximum
4	ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year
5	first due and payable in 2004 (excluding any amount that
6	would have been first due and payable in 2003 if the general
7	reassessment affecting the taxing unit had been completed on
8	March 1, 2002), the amount determined under section 21 of
9	this chapter; and
10	(2) for purposes of determining the maximum ad valorem
11	property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year after 2004, the
12	civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the calendar
13	year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year, as that
14	levy was determined by the department of local government
15	finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget, levy, and rate for
16	that preceding calendar year under IC 6-1.1-17.
17	"Taxable property" means all tangible property that is subject to the
18	tax imposed by this article and is not exempt from the tax under
19	IC 6-1.1-10 or any other law. For purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this
20	chapter, the term "taxable property" is further defined in section 6 of
21	this chapter.
22	"Unadjusted assessed value" means the assessed value of a civil
23	taxing unit as determined by local assessing officials and the
24	department of local government finance in a particular calendar year
25	before the application of an annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 for
26	that particular calendar year or any calendar year since the last general
27	reassessment preceding the particular calendar year.
28	SECTION 35. IC 6-1.1-18.5-2, AS AMENDED BY
29	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in
31	this section, "Indiana nonfarm personal income" means the estimate of
32	total nonfarm personal income for Indiana in a calendar year as
33	computed by the federal Bureau of Economic Analysis using any actual
34	data for the calendar year and any estimated data determined
35	appropriate by the federal Bureau of Economic Analysis.
36	(b) For purposes of determining a civil taxing unit's maximum
37	permissible ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year,
38	the civil taxing unit shall use the assessed value growth quotient
39	determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:

STEP ONE: For each of the six (6) calendar years immediately

preceding the year in which a budget is adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for the ensuing calendar year, divide the Indiana



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1	nonfarm personal income for the calendar year by the Indiana
2	nonfarm personal income for the calendar year immediately
3	preceding that calendar year, rounding to the nearest
4	one-thousandth (0.001).
5	STEP TWO: Determine the sum of the STEP ONE results.
6	STEP THREE: Divide the STEP TWO result by six (6), rounding
7	to the nearest one-thousandth (0.001) .
8	STEP FOUR: Determine the lesser of the following:
9	(A) The STEP THREE quotient.
10	(B) The following:
11	(i) One and five-hundredths (1.05) for ad valorem
12	property tax levies for the ensuing calendar year 2004
13	(excluding any amount that would have been first due
14	and payable in 2003 if the general reassessment affecting
15	the taxing unit had been completed on March 1, 2002).
16	(ii) One and six-hundredths (1.06) for ad valorem property
17	tax levies for an ensuing year after 2004.
18	SECTION 36. IC 6-1.1-18-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
19	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) For purposes of this
21	section, "maximum rate" refers to the maximum:
22	(1) property tax rate or rates; or
23	(2) special benefits tax rate or rates;
24	referred to in the statutes listed in subsection (d).
25	(b) The maximum rate for taxes first due and payable after 2003
26	is the maximum rate that would have been determined under
27	subsection (e) for taxes first due and payable in 2003 if subsection
28	(e) had applied for taxes first due and payable in 2003.
29	(c) The maximum rate must be adjusted:
30	(1) each time an annual adjustment of the assessed value of
31	real property takes effect under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5; and
32	(2) each time a general reassessment of real property takes
33	effect under IC 6-1.1-4-4.
34	(d) The statutes to which subsection (a) refers are:
35	(1) IC 6-1.1-18-2;
36	(2) IC 6-1.1-18.5-13(6);
37	(3) IC 6-1.1-18.5-13(7);
38	(4) IC 6-1.1-18.5-13(8);
39	(5) IC 6-1.1-18.5-13(10);
40	(6) IC 8-10-5-17;
41	(7) IC 8-22-3-11;
42	(8) IC 8-22-3-25:



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              (9) IC 12-20-23-2;
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              (10) IC 12-29-1-1;
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              (11) IC 12-29-1-2;
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              (12) IC 12-29-1-3;
 5
              (13) IC 12-29-2-13;
 6
              (14) IC 12-29-3-6;
 7
              (15) IC 13-21-3-12;
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              (16) IC 13-21-3-15;
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              (17) IC 14-27-6-30;
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              (18) IC 14-33-7-3;
              (19) IC 14-33-21-5;
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              (20) IC 15-1-6-2;
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              (21) IC 15-1-8-1;
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              (22) IC 15-1-8-2;
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              (23) IC 16-20-2-18;
              (24) IC 16-20-4-27;
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              (25) IC 16-20-7-2;
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              (26) IC 16-23-1-29;
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              (27) IC 16-23-3-6;
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              (28) IC 16-23-4-2;
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              (29) IC 16-23-5-6;
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              (30) IC 16-23-7-2;
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              (31) IC 16-23-8-2;
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              (32) IC 16-23-9-2;
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              (33) IC 16-41-15-5;
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              (34) IC 16-41-33-4;
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              (35) IC 20-5-17.5-2;
28
              (36) IC 20-5-17.5-3;
29
              (37) IC 20-5-37-4;
30
              (38) IC 20-14-7-5.1;
31
              (39) IC 20-14-7-6;
32
              (40) IC 20-14-13-12;
33
              (41) IC 21-1-11-3;
34
              (42) IC 21-2-17-2;
35
              (43) IC 23-13-17-1;
36
              (44) IC 23-14-66-2;
37
              (45) IC 23-14-67-3;
38
              (46) IC 36-7-13-4;
39
              (47) IC 36-7-14-28;
40
              (48) IC 36-7-15.1-16;
41
              (49) IC 36-8-19-8.5;
42
              (50) IC 36-9-6.1-2;
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1	(51) IC 36-9-17.5-4;	
2	(52) IC 36-9-27-73;	
3	(53) IC 36-9-29-31:	
4	(54) IC 36-9-29.1-15;	
5	(55) IC 36-10-6-2;	
6	(56) IC 36-10-7-7;	
7	(57) IC 36-10-7-8;	
8	(58) IC 36-10-7.5-19; and	
9	(59) any statute enacted after December 31, 2003, that:	
0	(A) establishes a maximum rate for any part of the:	
1	(i) property taxes; or	
2	(ii) special benefits taxes;	
3	imposed by a political subdivision; and	
4	(B) does not exempt the maximum rate from the	
5	adjustment under this section.	
6	(e) The new maximum rate under a statute listed in subsection	
7	(d) is the tax rate determined under STEP SEVEN of the following	
8	STEPS:	
9	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum rate for the political	
0	subdivision levying a property tax or special benefits tax	
1	under the statute for the year preceding the year in which the	
2	annual adjustment or general reassessment takes effect.	
3	STEP TWO: Determine the actual percentage increase	
4	(rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in	
5	the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any, under	
6	IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the year	
7	preceding the year the annual adjustment or general	
8	reassessment takes effect to the year that the annual	V
9	adjustment or general reassessment takes effect.	
0	STEP THREE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that	
1	immediately precede the ensuing calendar year and in which	
2	a statewide general reassessment of real property does not	
3	first take effect.	
4	STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar	
5	years determined in STEP THREE, the actual percentage	
6	increase (rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent	
7	(0.01%)) in the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any,	
8	under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the	
9	preceding year.	
0	STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients	
1	computed in STEP FOUR by three (3).	
2	STEP SIX: Determine the greater of the following:	



1	(A) Zero (0).
2	(B) The result of the STEP TWO percentage minus the
3	STEP FIVE percentage.
4	STEP SEVEN: Determine the quotient of the STEP ONE tax
5	rate divided by the sum of one (1) plus the STEP SIX
6	percentage increase.
7	(f) The maximum property tax rates under:
8	(1) IC 14-23-3-3; and
9	(2) IC 15-1.5-8-1;
10	are subject to the adjustment under the subsection (e) formula for
11	property taxes first due and payable after 2005.
12	(g) The department of local government finance shall compute
13	the maximum rate allowed under subsection (e) and provide the
14	rate to each political subdivision with authority to levy a tax under
15	a statute listed in subsection (d).
16	SECTION 37. IC 6-1.1-18.5-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
17	SECTION 171, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) A civil taxing unit may
19	request permission from the local government tax control board to
20	impose an ad valorem property tax levy that exceeds the limits imposed
21	by section 3 of this chapter if:
22	(1) the civil taxing unit experienced a property tax revenue
23	shortfall that resulted from erroneous assessed valuation figures
24	being provided to the civil taxing unit;
25	(2) the erroneous assessed valuation figures were used by the civil
26	taxing unit in determining its total property tax rate; and
27	(3) the error in the assessed valuation figures was found after the
28	civil taxing unit's property tax levy resulting from that total rate
29	was finally approved by the department of local government
30	finance.
31	(b) A civil taxing unit may request permission from the local
32	government tax control board to impose an ad valorem property
33	tax levy that exceeds the limits imposed by section 3 of this chapter
34	if the civil taxing unit experienced a property tax revenue shortfall
35	because of the payment of refunds that resulted from appeals
36	under this article and IC 6-1.5.
37	(c) If the local government tax control board determines that such
38	a shortfall described in subsection (a) or (b) has occurred, it shall
39	recommend to the department of local government finance that the civil
40	taxing unit be allowed to impose a property tax levy exceeding the limit
41	imposed by section 3 of this chapter, and the department shall may

adopt such recommendation. However, the maximum amount by which



the civil taxing unit's levy may be increased over the limits imposed by section 3 of this chapter equals the remainder of the civil taxing unit's property tax levy for the particular calendar year as finally approved by the department of local government finance minus the actual property tax levy collected by the civil taxing unit for that particular calendar year.

- (c) (d) Any property taxes collected by a civil taxing unit over the limits imposed by section 3 of this chapter under the authority of this section may not be treated as a part of the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for purposes of determining its maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for future years.
- (d) (e) If the department of local government finance authorizes an excess tax levy under this section, it shall take appropriate steps to insure that the proceeds are first used to repay any loan made to the civil taxing unit for the purpose of meeting its current expenses.

SECTION 38. IC 6-1.1-18.5-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 172, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 17. (a) As used in this section, "levy excess" means the part of the ad valorem property tax levy actually collected by a civil taxing unit, for taxes first due and payable during a particular calendar year, that exceeds the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy, as approved by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-17.

- (b) A civil taxing unit's levy excess is valid and may not be contested on the grounds that it exceeds the civil taxing unit's levy limit for the applicable calendar year. However, the civil taxing unit shall deposit, except as provided in subsection (h), the part of its levy that exceeds one hundred two percent (102%) of the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the applicable calendar year, as approved by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-17, excess in a special fund to be known as the civil taxing unit's levy excess fund.
- (c) The chief fiscal officer of a civil taxing unit may invest money in the civil taxing unit's levy excess fund in the same manner in which money in the civil taxing unit's general fund may be invested. However, any income derived from investment of the money shall be deposited in and becomes a part of the levy excess fund.
- (d) The department of local government finance may shall require a civil taxing unit to include the amount in its levy excess fund in the civil taxing unit's budget fixed under IC 6-1.1-17.
- (e) Except as provided by subsection (f), a civil taxing unit may not spend any money in its levy excess fund until the expenditure of the







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money has been included in a budget that has been approved by the
department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-17. For
purposes of fixing its budget and for purposes of the ad valorem
property tax levy limits imposed under this chapter, a civil taxing unit
shall treat the money in its levy excess fund that the department of local
government finance permits it to spend during a particular calendar
year as part of its ad valorem property tax levy for that same calendar
year.

- (f) A civil taxing unit may transfer money from its levy excess fund to its other funds to reimburse those funds for amounts withheld from the civil taxing unit as a result of refunds paid under IC 6-1.1-26.
- (g) Subject to the limitations imposed by this section, a civil taxing unit may use money in its levy excess fund for any lawful purpose for which money in any of its other funds may be used.
- (h) If the amount that would, notwithstanding this subsection, be deposited in the levy excess fund of a civil taxing unit for a particular calendar year is less than one hundred dollars (\$100), no money shall be deposited in the levy excess fund of the unit for that year.

SECTION 39. IC 6-1.1-18.5-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 21. (a) The department of local government finance shall recalculate a civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year under this section and use the recalculated amount in the computations under section 3 of this chapter to determine the civil taxing unit's maximum ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year of 2004.

(b) The recalculated maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year is the amount determined under STEP SIX of the following formula:

STEP ONE: Determine the civil taxing unit's certified ad valorem property tax levy for calendar year 2002, as that levy was determined by the department of local government finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget, levy, and rate for calendar year 2002 under IC 6-1.1-17.

STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE amount by one and five hundredths (1.05).

STEP THREE: Determine the amount of that part of the civil taxing unit's certified ad valorem property tax levy for calendar year 2003, as that levy was determined by the department of local government finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget, levy, and rate for calendar year 2003

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1	under IC 6-1.1-17, that resulted from the granting of one (1)
2	or more appeals filed under section 12 of this chapter in 2002
3	for the ensuing calendar year 2003.
4	STEP FOUR: Determine the sum of the STEP TWO and
5	STEP THREE amounts.
6	STEP FIVE: Determine the civil taxing unit's total certified
7	ad valorem property tax levy for calendar year 2003, as that
8	levy was determined by the department of local government
9	finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget, levy, and rate
10	for calendar year 2003 under IC 6-1.1-17.
11	STEP SIX: Determine the lesser of the following:
12	(A) The STEP FOUR amount.
13	(B) The STEP FIVE amount.
14	SECTION 40. IC 6-1.1-18.6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.273-1999,
15	SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2. A county may not impose
17	a county family and children property tax levy for an ensuing calendar
18	year that exceeds the product of:
19	(1) the assessed value growth quotient determined under
20	IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the county for the ensuing calendar year;
21	multiplied by
22	(2) the maximum county family and children property tax levy
23	that the county could have imposed for the calendar year
24	immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year under the
25	limitations set by this section.
26	The subdivision (2) amount does not include the amount levied for debt
27	incurred to fund a budget for a calendar year preceding the ensuing
28	calendar year by two (2).
29	SECTION 41. IC 6-1.1-18.6-2.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.224-2003,
30	SECTION 87, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 2.2. A county may not impose
32	a county children's psychiatric residential treatment services property
33	tax levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the product of:
34	(1) the assessed value growth quotient determined under
35	IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the county for the ensuing calendar year;
36	multiplied by
37	(2) the maximum county children's psychiatric residential
38	treatment services property tax levy that the county could have
39	imposed for the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing
40 4.1	calendar year under the limitations set by this section.
11	The subdivision (2) amount does not include the amount levied for

debt incurred to fund a budget for a calendar year preceding the



1	ensuing calendar year by two (2).	
2	SECTION 42. IC 6-1.1-19-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.276-2003,	
3	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. (a) The following definitions apply	
5	throughout this section and IC 21-3-1.7:	
6	(1) "Adjustment factor" means the adjustment factor determined	
7	by the department of local government finance for a school	
8	corporation under IC 6-1.1-34.	
9	(2) "Adjusted target property tax rate" means:	
10	(A) the school corporation's target general fund property tax	
11	rate determined under IC 21-3-1.7-6.8; multiplied by	
12	(B) the school corporation's adjustment factor.	
13	(3) "Previous year property tax rate" means the school	
14	corporation's previous year general fund property tax rate after the	
15	reductions cited in IC 21-3-1.7-5(1), IC 21-3-1.7-5(2), and	_
16	IC 21-3-1.7-5(3).	
17	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a school	
18	corporation may not, for a calendar year beginning after December 31,	
19	2004, impose a general fund ad valorem property tax levy which	
20	exceeds the following:	
21	STEP ONE: Determine the result of:	
22	(A) the school corporation's adjusted target property tax rate;	
23	minus	
24	(B) the school corporation's previous year property tax rate.	_
25	STEP TWO: If the school corporation's adjusted target property	
26	tax rate:	
27	(A) exceeds the school corporation's previous year property tax	
28	rate, perform the calculation under STEP THREE and not	Y
29	under STEP FOUR;	
30	(B) is less than the school corporation's previous year property	
31	tax rate, perform the calculation under STEP FOUR and not	
32	under STEP THREE; or	
33	(C) equals the school corporation's previous year property tax	
34	rate, determine the levy resulting from using the school	
35	corporation's adjusted target property tax rate and do not	
36	perform the calculation under STEP THREE or STEP FOUR.	
37	STEP THREE: Determine the levy resulting from using the	
38	school corporation's previous year property tax rate after	
39	increasing the rate by the lesser of:	
40	(A) the STEP ONE result; or	
41	(B) five cents (\$0.05).	
42	STEP FOUR: Determine the levy resulting from using the school	



1	corporation's previous year property tax rate after reducing the
2	rate by the lesser of:
3	(A) the absolute value of the STEP ONE result; or(B) five cents (\$0.05).
	STEP FIVE: Determine the result of:
5	
6 7	(A) the STEP TWO (C), STEP THREE, or STEP FOUR result, whichever applies; plus
8	(B) an amount equal to the annual decrease in federal aid to
9	impacted areas from the year preceding the ensuing calendar
.0	year by three (3) years to the year preceding the ensuing
1	calendar year by two (2) years.
2	The maximum levy is to include the portion of any excessive levy
3	and the levy for new facilities.
4	STEP SIX: Determine the result of:
5	(A) the STEP FIVE result; plus
6	(B) the product of:
7	(i) the weighted average of the amounts determined under
8	IC 21-3-1.7-6.7(e) STEP NINE for all charter schools
9	attended by students who have legal settlement in the school
20	corporation; multiplied by
21	(ii) thirty-five hundredths (0.35).
22	In determining the number of students for purposes of this
23	STEP, each kindergarten pupil shall be counted as one-half
24	(1/2) pupil.
25	The result determined under this STEP may not be included in the
26	school corporation's adjusted base levy for the year following the
27	year in which the result applies or in the school corporation's
28	determination of tuition support.
29	(c) For purposes of this section, "total assessed value" as adjusted
0	under subsection (d), with respect to a school corporation means the
31	total assessed value of all taxable property for ad valorem property
32	taxes first due and payable during that year.
3	(d) The department of local government finance may adjust the total
4	assessed value of a school corporation to eliminate the effects of
35	appeals and settlements arising from a statewide general reassessment
66	of real property.
37	(e) (d) The department of local government finance shall annually
8	establish an assessment ratio and adjustment factor for each school
9	corporation to be used upon the review and recommendation of the
10	budget committee. The information compiled, including background
1	documentation, may not be used in a:
12	(1) review of an assessment under IC 6-1.1-8, IC 6-1.1-13,



1	IC 6-1.1-14, or IC 6-1.1-15;	
2	(2) petition for a correction of error under IC 6-1.1-15-12; or	
3	(3) petition for refund under IC 6-1.1-26.	
4	(f) (e) All tax rates shall be computed by rounding the rate to the	
5	nearest one-hundredth of a cent (\$0.0001). All tax levies shall be	
6	computed by rounding the levy to the nearest dollar amount.	
7	(g) (f) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2004, and ending	
8	December 31, 2004, a school corporation may impose a general fund	
9	ad valorem property tax levy in the amount determined under STEP	
10	SEVEN EIGHT of the following formula:	
11	STEP ONE: Determine the quotient of:	
12	(A) the school corporation's 2003 assessed valuation; divided	
13	by	
14	(B) the school corporation's 2002 assessed valuation.	
15	STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the difference	_
16	between:	
17	(A) the STEP ONE amount; minus	
18	(B) one (1).	
19	STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of eleven-hundredths (0.11)	
20	or the product of:	
21	(A) the STEP TWO amount; multiplied by	
22	(B) eleven-hundredths (0.11).	
23	STEP FOUR: Determine the sum of:	
24	(A) the STEP THREE amount; plus	_
25	(B) one (1).	
26	STEP FIVE: Determine the product of:	
27	(A) the STEP FOUR amount; multiplied by	
28	(B) the school corporation's general fund ad valorem property	y
29	tax levy for calendar year 2003.	
30	STEP SIX: Determine the lesser of:	
31	(A) the STEP FIVE amount; or	
32	(B) the levy resulting from using the school corporation's	
33	previous year property tax rate after increasing the rate by five	
34	cents (\$0.05).	
35	STEP SEVEN: Determine the result of:	
36	(A) the STEP SIX amount; plus	
37	(B) an amount equal to the annual decrease in federal aid to	
38	impacted areas from the year preceding the ensuing calendar	
39	year by three (3) years to the year preceding the ensuing	
40	calendar year by two (2) years.	
41	The maximum levy is to include the part of any excessive levy	
42	and the levy for new facilities	



1	STEP EIGHT: Determine the result of:
2	(A) the STEP SEVEN result; plus
3	(B) the product of:
4	(i) the weighted average of the amounts determined under
5	IC 21-3-1.7-6.7(e) STEP NINE for all charter schools
6	attended by students who have legal settlement in the school
7	corporation; multiplied by
8	(ii) thirty-five hundredths (0.35).
9	In determining the number of students for purposes of this
.0	STEP, each kindergarten pupil shall be counted as one-half
1	(1/2) pupil.
.2	The result determined under this STEP may not be included in the
.3	school corporation's adjusted base levy for the year following the
.4	year in which the result applies or in the school corporation's determination of tuition support.
.5	**
.6	SECTION 43. IC 6-1.1-19-1.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
.7	SECTION 174, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
.8	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1.7. (a) As used in this section, "levy excess" means that portion of the ad valorem property tax
.9	
20 21	levy actually collected by a school corporation, for taxes first due and
22	payable during a particular calendar year, which exceeds the school corporation's total levy, as approved by the department of local
23	government finance under IC 6-1.1-17, for those property taxes.
.3 24	(b) A school corporation's levy excess is valid, and the general fund
25	portion of a school corporation's levy excess may not be contested on
26	the grounds that it exceeds the school corporation's general fund levy
27	limit for the applicable calendar year. However, the school corporation
28	shall deposit, except as provided in subsection (h), that portion of a
29	school corporation's its levy excess which exceeds one hundred two
30	percent (102%) of the school corporation's total levy, as approved by
1	the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-17, for the
32	applicable calendar year, in a special fund to be known as the school
3	corporation's levy excess fund.
34	(c) The chief fiscal officer of a school corporation may invest money
55	in the school corporation's levy excess fund in the same manner in
6	which money in the school corporation's general fund may be invested.
57	However, any income derived from investment of the money shall be
88	deposited in and become a part of the levy excess fund.
9	(d) The department of local government finance may require a
10	school corporation to include the amount in the school corporation's

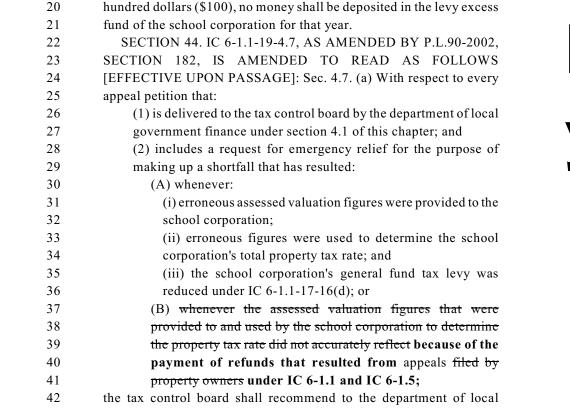
levy excess fund in the school corporation's budget fixed under



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IC 6-1.1-17.

1	(e) Except as provided in subsection (f), a school corporation may
2	not spend any money in its levy excess fund until the expenditure of the
3	money has been included in a budget that has been approved by the
4	department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-17. For
5	purposes of fixing its budget and for purposes of the ad valorem
6	property tax levy limits fixed under this chapter, a school corporation
7	shall treat the money in its levy excess fund that the department of local
8	government finance permits the school corporation to spend during a
9	particular calendar year as part of the school corporation's ad valorem
0	property tax levy for that same calendar year.
1	(f) A school corporation may transfer money from its levy excess
2	fund to its other funds to reimburse those funds for amounts withheld
3	from the school corporation as a result of refunds paid under
4	IC 6-1.1-26.
5	(g) Subject to the limitations imposed by this section, a school
6	corporation may use money in its levy excess fund for any lawful
7	purpose for which money in any of its other funds may be used.
8	(h) If the amount that would be deposited in the levy excess fund of
9	a school corporation for a particular calendar year is less than one
0	hundred dollars (\$100), no money shall be deposited in the levy excess
1	fund of the school corporation for that year.
2	SECTION 44. IC 6-1.1-19-4.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
3	SECTION 182, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.7. (a) With respect to every
5	appeal petition that:
6	(1) is delivered to the tax control board by the department of local
7	government finance under section 4.1 of this chapter; and
8	(2) includes a request for emergency relief for the purpose of
9	making up a shortfall that has resulted:
0	(A) whenever:
1	(i) erroneous assessed valuation figures were provided to the
2	school corporation;
3	(ii) erroneous figures were used to determine the school
4	corporation's total property tax rate; and
5	(iii) the school corporation's general fund tax levy was
6	reduced under IC 6-1.1-17-16(d); or
7	(B) whenever the assessed valuation figures that were
8	provided to and used by the school corporation to determine
9	the property tax rate did not accurately reflect because of the
0	payment of refunds that resulted from appeals filed by
1	property owners under IC 6-1.1 and IC 6-1.5;





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government finance that the school corporation receive emergency financial relief. The relief shall be in the form specified in section 4.5(b)(1) through 4.5(b)(7) of this chapter, or in a combination of the
forms of relief specified in section 4.5(b)(1) through 4.5(b)(7) of this
chapter.
(b) The tax control board shall, if the tax control board determines
that a shortfall exists as described in subsection (a), recommend that a
school corporation that appeals for the purpose stated in subsection (a)
be permitted to collect an excessive tax levy for a specified calendar
year in the amount of the difference between:
(1) the school corporation's property tax levy for a particular year

- as finally approved by the department of local government finance; and
- (2) the school corporation's actual property tax levy for the particular year.
- (c) With respect to each appeal petition that:
 - (1) is delivered to the tax control board by the department of local government finance under section 4.1 of this chapter;
 - (2) includes a request for emergency relief for the purpose of making up a shortfall that has resulted because of a delinquent property taxpayer; and
 - (3) the tax control board finds that the balance in the school corporation's levy excess fund plus the property taxes collected for the school corporation is less than ninety-eight percent (98%) of the school corporation's property tax levy for that year, as finally approved by the department of local government finance;

the tax control board may recommend to the department of local government finance that the school corporation receive emergency financial relief in the form specified in section 4.5(b)(1) through 4.5(b)(7) of this chapter and be permitted to collect an excessive tax levy for a specified calendar year in the amount of the difference between the school corporation's property tax levy for a particular year, as finally approved by the department, and the school corporation's actual property tax collections plus any balance in the school corporation's levy excess fund.

(d) Every recommendation made by the tax control board under this section shall specify the amount of the excessive tax levy. The department of local government finance shall authorize the school board to make an excessive tax levy in accordance with the recommendation without any other proceeding. Whenever the department of local government finance authorizes an excessive tax levy under this subsection, the department shall take appropriate steps











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to ensure that the proceeds of the excessive tax levy are first used to repay any loan authorized under sections 4.3 through 5.3 of this chapter.

SECTION 45. IC 6-1.1-21-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2003, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Each year the taxpayers of each county shall receive a credit for property tax replacement in the amount of each taxpayer's property tax replacement credit amount for taxes which:

- (1) under IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in May and November of that year; or
- (2) under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5 are due in installments established by the department of local government finance for that year. The credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes. The dollar amount of the credit for each taxpayer shall be determined by the county auditor, based on data furnished by the department of local government finance.
- (b) The tax liability of a taxpayer for the purpose of computing the credit for a particular year shall be based upon the taxpayer's tax liability as is evidenced by the tax duplicate for the taxes payable in that year, plus the amount by which the tax payable by the taxpayer had been reduced due to the application of county adjusted gross income tax revenues to the extent the county adjusted gross income tax revenues were included in the determination of the total county tax levy for that year, as provided in sections 2(g) and 3 of this chapter, adjusted, however, for any change in assessed valuation which may have been made pursuant to a post-abstract adjustment if the change is set forth on the tax statement or on a corrected tax statement stating the taxpayer's tax liability, as prepared by the county treasurer in accordance with IC 6-1.1-22-8(a). However, except when using the term under section 2(1)(1) of this chapter, the tax liability of a taxpayer does not include the amount of any property tax owed by the taxpayer that is attributable to that part of any property tax levy subtracted under section 2(g)(1)(B), 2(g)(1)(C), 2(g)(1)(D), 2(g)(1)(E), 2(g)(1)(F), 2(g)(1)(G), 2(g)(1)(H), 2(g)(1)(I), 2(g)(1)(J), or 2(g)(1)(K) of this chapter in computing the total county tax levy.
- (c) The credit for taxes payable in a particular year with respect to mobile homes which are assessed under IC 6-1.1-7 is equivalent to the taxpayer's property tax replacement credit amount for the taxes payable with respect to the assessments plus the adjustments stated in this section.
 - (d) Each taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an



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1	economic development district that meets the requirements of section
2	5.5 of this chapter is entitled to an additional credit for property tax
3	replacement. This credit is equal to the product of:
4	(1) the STEP TWO quotient determined under section 4(a)(3) of
5	this chapter for the taxing district; multiplied by
6	(2) the taxpayer's taxes levied in the taxing district that are
7	allocated to a special fund under IC 6-1.1-39-5.
8	SECTION 46. IC 6-1.1-21-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) On or
10	before October 15 of each year, each county auditor shall, make a
11	settlement with the department as to the aggregate amount of property
12	tax replacement credits and homestead credits extended to taxpayers
13	in the auditor's county during the first eight (8) months of that same
14	year. On or before December 31 of each year, each county auditor shall
15	make a settlement with the department along with the filing of the
16	county auditor's December settlement as to:
17	(1) the aggregate amount of property tax replacement credits and
18	homestead credits extended to taxpayers in the auditor's county
19	during the last four (4) months of that same year; and

- (2) changes in the aggregate amount of distributions to which taxing units in the auditor's county are entitled in any period as a result of the resolution of appeals and other corrections that change the aggregate tax liability due for the period.

If the aggregate credits allowed during either period exceed the property tax replacement funds allocated and distributed to the county treasurer for that same period, as provided in sections 4 and 5 of this chapter, then If the amount distributed to a county is less than the amount to which the taxing units in the county are entitled, the department shall certify the amount of the excess to the auditor of state who shall issue a warrant, payable from the property tax replacement fund, to the treasurer of the state ordering the payment of the excess to the county treasurer. If the distribution exceeds the aggregate credits, amount to which the taxing units in the county are entitled, the county treasurer shall repay to the treasurer of the state the amount of the excess, which shall be redeposited in the property tax replacement fund.

- (b) In making the settlement required by subsection (a), the county auditor shall recognize the fact that any loss of revenue resulting from the provision of homestead credits in excess of the percentage credit allowed in IC 6-1.1-20.9-2(d) must be paid from county option income revenues.
 - (c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the state board of



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accounts with the cooperation of the department shall prescribe the accounting forms, records, and procedures required to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

SECTION 47. IC 6-1.1-22-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 8. (a) The county treasurer shall either:

- (1) mail to the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records, or to the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book a statement of current and delinquent taxes and special assessments; or
- (2) transmit by written, electronic, or other means to a mortgagee maintaining an escrow account for a person who is liable for any property taxes or special assessments, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records a statement of current and delinquent taxes and special assessments.
- (b) The county treasurer may include the following in the statement:
- (1) An itemized listing for each property tax levy, including:
 - (A) the amount of the tax rate;
 - (B) the entity levying the tax owed; and
 - (C) the dollar amount of the tax owed.
- (2) Information designed to inform the taxpayer or mortgagee clearly and accurately of the manner in which the taxes billed in the tax statement are to be used.

A form used and the method by which the statement and information, if any, are transmitted must be approved by the state board of accounts. The county treasurer may mail or transmit the statement and information, if any, one (1) time each year at least fifteen (15) days before the date on which the first or only installment is due. Whenever a person's tax liability for a year is due in one (1) installment under IC 6-1.1-7-7 or section 9 of this chapter, a statement that is mailed must include the date on which the installment is due and denote the amount of money to be paid for the installment. Whenever a person's tax liability is due in two (2) installments, a statement that is mailed must contain the dates on which the first and second installments are due and denote the amount of money to be paid for each installment.

(c) All payments of property taxes and special assessments shall be made to the county treasurer. The county treasurer, when authorized by the board of county commissioners, may open temporary offices for the collection of taxes in cities and towns in the county other than the county seat.

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1	(d) This subsection applies if:
2	(1) the property taxes for a property first due and payable in
3	the current year are based on an assessed valuation that
4	differs from the assessed valuation on which the property
5	taxes for the property first due and payable in the
6	immediately preceding year were based; or
7	(2) there were no property taxes for the property first due and
8	payable in the immediately preceding year.
9	The statement sent under subsection (a) must include a notice of
10	assessment or notice of change in assessment in the form
11	prescribed by the department of local government finance. A
12	county treasurer who transmits the statement under subsection
13	(a)(2) shall also mail a copy of the statement and the notice of
14	assessment or change in assessment to the owner in conformity
15	with subsection (a)(1).
16	SECTION 48. IC 6-1.1-22-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as
18	provided in IC 6-1.1-7-7, section 9.5 of this chapter, and subsection
19	(b), the property taxes assessed for a year under this article are due in
20	two (2) equal installments on May 10 and November 10 of the
21	following year.
22	(b) A county council may adopt an ordinance to require a person to
23	pay his the person's property tax liability in one (1) installment, if the
24	tax liability for a particular year is less than twenty-five dollars (\$25).
25	If the county council has adopted such an ordinance, then whenever a
26	tax statement mailed under section 8 of this chapter shows that the
27	person's property tax liability for a year is less than twenty-five dollars
28	(\$25) for the property covered by that statement, the tax liability for
29	that year is due in one (1) installment on May 10 of that year.
30	(c) If property taxes are not paid on or before the due date, the
31	penalties prescribed in IC 6-1.1-37-10 shall be added to the delinquent
32	taxes.
33	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a property tax liability of less
34	than five dollars (\$5) is increased to five dollars (\$5). The difference
35	between the actual liability and the five dollar (\$5) amount that appears
36	on the statement is a statement processing charge. The statement
37	processing charge is considered a part of the tax liability.

SECTION 49. IC 6-1.1-22-9.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.5. (a) This section applies

only to property taxes first due and payable in a year with respect



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to real property:

1	(1) that are the percentage determined by the county	
2	treasurer of the property taxes first due and payable in the	
3	most recent preceding year in which taxes were based on	
4	assessed value determined:	
5	(A) in a general reassessment of real property under	
6	IC 6-1.1-4-4; or	
7	(B) using an annual assessment adjustment under	
8	IC 6-1.1-4-4.5;	
9	(2) that are based on assessed value that exceeds the assessed	
10	value referred to in subdivision (1) only as a result of:	1
11	(A) a general reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4; or	
12	(B) an annual assessment adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5;	
13	and not as a result of any other factor that affects the assessed	
14	value; and	
15	(3) that are not payable in one (1) installment under section	
16	9(b) of this chapter.	4
17	The amount of property taxes first due and payable in a year is	•
18	determined for purposes of this section without consideration of	
19	any installment payments allowed under this section that extend	
20	into the following year.	
21	(b) At any time before the mailing or transmission of tax	
22	statements for a year under section 8 of this chapter, the county	
23	treasurer may petition the department of local government finance	
24	to establish a schedule of installments with respect to one (1) or	•
25	more classes of real property for the payment of property taxes	
26	that are based on the assessment of the property in the immediately	
27	preceding year. The department may not establish a date for:	
28	(1) an installment payment that is earlier than May 10 of the	
29	year in which the tax statement is mailed or transmitted;	
30	(2) the first installment payment that is later than November	
31	10 of the year in which the tax statement is mailed or	
32	transmitted; or	
33	(3) the last installment payment that is later than June 30 of	
34	the year immediately following the year in which the tax	
35	statement is mailed or transmitted.	
36	(c) The department of local government finance shall:	
37	(1) prescribe the form of the petition under subsection (b);	
38	(2) determine the information required on the form; and	
39	(3) notify the county treasurer of the department's	
40	determination on the petition not later than twenty (20) days	
41	after receipt of the petition.	

(d) Revenue from property taxes paid under this section in the



1	year immediately following the year in which the tax statement is
2	mailed or transmitted under section 8 of this chapter:
3	(1) is not considered in the determination of a levy excess
4	under IC 6-1.1-18.5-17 or IC 6-1.1-19-1.7 for the year in
5	which the property taxes are paid; and
6	(2) may be:
7	(A) used to repay temporary loans entered into by the
8	political subdivision for; and
9	(B) expended for any other reason by a political
10	subdivision in the year the revenue is received under an
11	appropriation from;
12	the year in which the tax statement is mailed or transmitted
13	under section 8 of this chapter.
14	SECTION 50. IC 6-1.1-22.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	UPON PASSAGE]:
17	Chapter 22.5. Provisional Property Tax Statements
18	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commissioner" refers to the
19	commissioner of the department of local government finance.
20	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "property taxes" includes special
21	assessments.
22	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "provisional statement" refers
23	to a provisional property tax statement required by section 6 of
24	this chapter.
25	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "reconciling statement" refers to
26	a reconciling property tax statement required by section 11 of this
27	chapter.
28	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "tax liability" includes liability
29	for special assessments and refers to liability for property taxes
30	after the application of all allowed deductions and credits.
31	Sec. 6. (a) With respect to property taxes payable under this
32	article on assessments determined for the 2003 assessment date or
33	the assessment date in any later year, the county treasurer may,
34	except as provided by section 7 of this chapter, use a provisional
35	statement under this chapter if the county auditor fails to deliver
36	the abstract for that assessment date to the county treasurer under
37	IC 6-1.1-22-5 before March 16 of the year following the assessment
38	date.
39	(b) The county treasurer shall give notice of the provisional
40	statement, including disclosure of the method that is to be used in
41	determining the tax liability to be indicated on the provisional



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statement, by publication one (1) time:

1	(1) in the form prescribed by the department of local	
2	government finance; and	
3	(2) in the manner described in IC 6-1.1-22-4(b).	
4	The notice may be combined with the notice required under section	
5	10 of this chapter.	
6	Sec. 7. (a) The county auditor of a county or fifty (50) property	
7	owners in the county may, not more than five (5) days after the	
8	publication of the notice required under section 6 of this chapter,	
9	request in writing that the department of local government finance	
10	waive the use of a provisional statement under this chapter as to	
11	that county for a particular assessment date.	
12	(b) Upon receipt of a request under subsection (a), the	
13	department of local government finance shall give notice in the	
14	manner provided by IC 5-3-1. The notice must state:	
15	(1) the date and time of the hearing;	
16	(2) the location of the hearing; and	
17	(3) that the purpose of the hearing is to hear:	
18	(A) the request of the county treasurer and county auditor	
19	to waive the requirements of this chapter; and	
20	(B) taxpayers' comments regarding that request.	
21	(c) After the hearing, the department of local government	
22	finance may waive the use of a provisional statement under this	
23	chapter for a particular assessment date as to the county making	
24	the request if the department finds that the petitioners have	
25	presented sufficient evidence to establish that although the abstract	
26	required by IC 6-1.1-22-5 was not delivered in a timely manner:	
27	(1) the abstract:	
28	(A) was delivered as of the date of the hearing; or	V
29	(B) will be delivered not later than a date specified by the	
30	county auditor and county treasurer; and	
31	(2) sufficient time remains or will remain after the date or	
32	anticipated date of delivery of the abstract to:	
33	(A) permit the timely preparation and delivery of property	
34	tax statements in the manner provided by IC 6-1.1-22; and	
35	(B) render the use of a provisional statement under this	
36	chapter unnecessary.	
37	Sec. 8. A provisional statement must:	
38	(1) be on a form approved by the state board of accounts;	
39	(2) except as provided in emergency rules adopted under	
40	section 20 of this chapter, indicate tax liability in the amount	
41	of ninety percent (90%) of the tax liability that was payable	
12	in the same year as the assessment date for the property for	



1	which the provisional statement is issued;	
2	(3) indicate:	
3	(A) that the tax liability under the provisional statement is	
4	determined as described in subdivision (2); and	
5	(B) that property taxes billed on the provisional statement:	
6	(i) are due and payable in the same manner as property	
7	taxes billed on a tax statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8; and	
8	(ii) will be credited against a reconciling statement;	
9	(4) include the following statement:	
10	"Under Indiana law, County (insert county) elected	
11	to send provisional statements because the county did not	
12	complete the abstract of the property, assessments, taxes,	
13	deductions, and exemptions for taxes payable in (insert year)	
14	in each taxing district before March 16, (insert year). The	
15	statement is due to be paid in installments on May 10 and	
16	November 10. The statement is based on ninety percent (90%)	
17	of your tax liability for taxes payable in (insert year), subject	
18	to adjustment for any new construction on your property.	
19	After the abstract of property is complete, you will receive a	
20	reconciling statement in the amount of your actual tax	
21	liability for taxes payable in (insert year), minus the amount	
22	you pay under this provisional statement.";	
23	(5) indicate liability for:	N
24	(A) delinquent:	
25	(i) taxes; and	
26	(ii) special assessments;	
27	(B) penalties; and	
28	(C) interest;	V
29	is allowed to appear on the tax statement under IC 6-1.1-22-8	
30	for the May installment of property taxes in the year in which	
31	the provisional tax statement is issued; and	
32	(6) include any other information the county treasurer	
33	requires.	
34	Sec. 9. Except as provided in section 12 of this chapter, property	
35	taxes billed on a provisional statement are due in two (2) equal	
36	installments on May 10 and November 10 of the year following the	
37	assessment date covered by the provisional statement.	
38	Sec. 10. If a provisional statement is used, the county treasurer	
39	shall not give notice of tax rates required under IC 6-1.1-22-4 for	
40	the reconciling statement.	
41	Sec. 11. As soon as possible after the receipt of the abstract	
42	referred to in section 6 of this chapter, the county treasurer shall:	



1	(1) give the notice required by IC 6-1.1-22-4; and	
2	(2) mail or transmit reconciling statements under section 12	
3	of this chapter.	
4	Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided by subsection (c), each	
5	reconciling statement must indicate:	
6	(1) the actual property tax liability under this article on the	
7	assessment determined for the assessment date for the	
8	property for which the reconciling statement is issued;	
9	(2) the total amount paid under the provisional statement for	
10	the property for which the reconciling statement is issued;	
11	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount	
12	under subdivision (2), that the excess is payable by the	
13	taxpayer:	
14	(A) as a final reconciliation of the tax liability; and	
15	(B) not later than:	
16	(i) thirty (30) days after the date of the reconciling	
17	statement; or	
18	(ii) if the county treasurer requests in writing that the	
19	commissioner designate a later date, the date designated	
20	by the commissioner; and	
21	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount	
22	under subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund	U
23	of the excess under IC 6-1.1-26.	
24	(b) If, upon receipt of the abstract referred to in section 6 of this	_
25	chapter, the county treasurer determines that it is possible to	
26	complete the:	
27	(1) preparation; and	
28	(2) mailing or transmittal;	y
29	of the reconciling statement at least thirty (30) days before the due	
30	date of the November installment specified in the provisional	
31	statement, the county treasurer may request in writing that the	
32	department of local government finance permit the county	
33	treasurer to issue a reconciling statement that adjusts the amount	
34	of the November installment that was specified in the provisional	
35 36	statement. If the department approves the county treasurer's request, the county treasurer shall prepare and mail or transmit	
37	the reconciling statement at least thirty (30) days before the due	
38	date of the November installment specified in the provisional	
38 39	statement.	
39 40	(c) A reconciling statement prepared under subsection (b) must	
41	indicate:	
41	(1) the actual property tax liability under this article on the	
+ ∠	(1) the actual property tax hability under this article on the	



1	assessment determined for the assessment date for the
2	property for which the reconciling statement is issued;
3	(2) the total amount of the May installment paid under the
4	provisional statement for the property for which the
5	reconciling statement is issued;
6	(3) if the amount under subdivision (1) exceeds the amount
7	under subdivision (2), the adjusted amount of the November
8	installment that is payable by the taxpayer:
9	(A) as a final reconciliation of the tax liability; and
10	(B) not later than:
11	(i) November 10; or
12	(ii) if the county treasurer requests in writing that the
13	commissioner designate a later date, the date designated
14	by the commissioner; and
15	(4) if the amount under subdivision (2) exceeds the amount
16	under subdivision (1), that the taxpayer may claim a refund
17	of the excess under IC 6-1.1-26.
18	Sec. 13. Taxpayers shall make all payments under this chapter
19	to the county treasurer. The board of county commissioners may
20	authorize the county treasurer to open temporary offices to receive
21	payments under this chapter in municipalities in the county other
22	than the county seat.
23	Sec. 14. Not later than sixty (60) days after the due date of a
24	provisional or reconciling statement under this chapter, the county
25	auditor shall:
26	(1) file with the auditor of state a report of settlement; and
27	(2) distribute tax collections to the appropriate taxing units.
28	Sec. 15. If a county auditor fails to make a distribution of tax
29	collections under section 14 of this chapter, a taxing unit that was
30	to receive a distribution may recover interest on the undistributed
31	tax collections at the same rate and in the same manner that
32	interest may be recovered under IC 6-1.1-27-1(b).
33	Sec. 16. IC 6-1.1-15:
34	(1) does not apply to a provisional statement; and
35	(2) applies to a reconciling statement.
36	Sec. 17. IC 6-1.1-37-10 applies to:
37	(1) a provisional statement; and
38	(2) a reconciling statement;
39	in the same manner that IC 6-1.1-37-10 applies to an installment of
40	property taxes.
41	Sec. 18. For purposes of IC 6-1.1-24-1(a)(1):
12	(1) the May installment on a provisional statement is



I	considered to be the taxpayer's spring installment of property
2	taxes;
3	(2) except as provided in subdivision (3), payment on a
4	reconciling statement is considered to be due before the due
5	date of the May installment of property taxes payable in the
6	following year; and
7	(3) payment on a reconciling statement described in section
8	12(b) of this chapter is considered to be the taxpayer's fall
9	installment of property taxes.
10	Sec. 19. The other provisions of this article supplement the
11	provisions of this chapter concerning the collection of property
12	taxes.
13	Sec. 20. For purposes of a provisional statement under this
14	chapter, the department of local government finance may adopt
15	emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to provide a methodology
16	for a county treasurer to issue provisional statements with respect
17	to real property, taking into account new construction of
18	improvements placed on the real property, damage, and other
19	losses related to the real property:
20	(1) after March 1 of the year preceding the assessment date to
21	which the provisional statement applies; and
22	(2) before the assessment date to which the provisional
23	statement applies.
24	SECTION 51. IC 6-1.1-31-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
25	SECTION 219, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. In the preparation of rules,
27	regulations, property tax forms, and property tax returns, the
28	department of local government finance may consider:
29	(1) data compiled by the federal government;
30	(2) data compiled by this state and its taxing authorities;
31	(3) data compiled and studies made by a state college or
32	university;
33	(4) generally accepted practices of appraisers, including generally
34	accepted property assessment valuation and mass appraisal
35	principles and practices;
36	(5) generally accepted indices of construction costs;
37	(6) for assessment dates after February 28, 2001, generally
38	accepted indices of income accruing from real property;
39	(7) sales data compiled for generally comparable properties;
40	and
41	(7) (8) any other information which is available to the department
42	of local government finance.

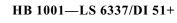


1	SECTION 52. IC 6-1.1-31-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
2	SECTION 221, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Subject to this article,
4	the rules promulgated adopted by the department of local government
5	finance are the basis for determining the true tax value of tangible
6	property.
7	(b) Local assessing officials, members of the county property tax
8	assessment board of appeals, and county assessors shall:
9	(1) comply with the rules, appraisal manuals, bulletins, and
10	directives adopted by the department of local government finance;
11	(2) use the property tax forms, property tax returns, and notice
12	forms prescribed by the department; and
13	(3) collect and record the data required by the department.
14	(c) In assessing tangible property, the township assessors, members
15	of the county property tax assessment board of appeals, and county
16	assessors may consider factors in addition to those prescribed by the
17	department of local government finance if the use of the additional
18	factors is first approved by the department. Each township assessor, of
19	the county property tax assessment board of appeals, and the county
20	assessor shall indicate on his records for each individual assessment
21	whether:
22	(1) only the factors contained in the department's rules, forms, and
23	returns have been considered; or
24	(2) factors in addition to those contained in the department's rules,
25	forms, and returns have been considered.
26	SECTION 53. IC 6-1.1-31-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
27	SECTION 222, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) With respect to the
29	assessment of real property, the rules of the department of local
30	government finance shall provide for:
31	(1) the classification of land on the basis of:
32	(i) (A) acreage;
33	(ii) (B) lots;
34	(iii) (C) size;
35	(iv) (D) location;
36	(v) (E) use;
37	(vi) (F) productivity or earning capacity;
38	(vii) (G) applicable zoning provisions;
39	(viii) (H) accessibility to highways, sewers, and other public
40	services or facilities; and
41	(ix) (I) any other factor that the department determines by rule
12	is just and proper; and





1	(2) the classification of improvements on the basis of:	
2	(i) (A) size;	
3	(ii) (B) location;	
4	(iii) (C) use;	
5	(iv) (D) type and character of construction;	
6	(v) (E) age;	
7	(vi) (F) condition;	
8	(vii) (G) cost of reproduction; and	
9	(viii) (H) any other factor that the department determines by	
10	rule is just and proper.	
11	(b) With respect to the assessment of real property, the rules of the	
12	department of local government finance shall include instructions for	
13	determining:	
14	(1) the proper classification of real property;	
15	(2) the size of real property;	
16	(3) the effects that location and use have on the value of real	
17	property;	
18	(4) the depreciation, including physical deterioration and	
19	obsolescence, of real property;	
20	(5) the cost of reproducing improvements;	
21	(6) the productivity or earning capacity of:	
22	(A) agricultural land; and	0
23	(B) real property regularly used to rent or otherwise	
24	furnish residential accommodations for periods of thirty	
25	(30) days or more;	
26	(7) sales data for generally comparable properties; and	
27	(7) (8) the true tax value of real property based on the factors	
28	listed in this subsection and any other factor that the department	
29	determines by rule is just and proper.	
30	(c) With respect to the assessment of real property, true tax value	
31	does not mean fair market value. Subject to this article, true tax value	
32	is the value determined under the rules of the department of local	
33	government finance.	
34	SECTION 54. IC 6-1.1-31-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,	
35	SECTION 223, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. (a) With respect to the	
37	assessment of personal property, the rules of the department of local	
38	government finance shall provide for the classification of personal	
39	property on the basis of:	
40	(1) date of purchase;	
41	(2) location;	
42	(3) use;	





1	(4) depreciation, obsolescence, and condition; and
2	(5) any other factor that the department determines by rule is just
3	and proper.
4	(b) With respect to the assessment of personal property, the rules of
5	the department of local government finance shall include instructions
6	for determining:
7	(1) the proper classification of personal property;
8	(2) the effect that location has on the value of personal property;
9	(3) the cost of reproducing personal property;
10	(4) the depreciation, including physical deterioration and
11	obsolescence, of personal property;
12	(5) the productivity or earning capacity of mobile homes
13	regularly used to rent or otherwise furnish residential
14	accommodations for periods of thirty (30) days or more;
15	(6) sales data for generally comparable mobile homes; and
16	(7) the true tax value of personal property based on the factors
17	listed in this subsection and any other factor that the department
18	determines by rule is just and proper.
19	(c) In providing for the classification of personal property and the
20	instructions for determining the items listed in subsection (b), the
21	department of local government finance shall not include the value of
22	land as a cost of producing tangible personal property subject to
23	assessment.
24	(d) With respect to the assessment of personal property, true tax
25	value does not mean fair market value. Subject to this article, true tax
26	value is the value determined under rules of the department of local
27	government finance.
28	SECTION 55. IC 6-1.1-35-1.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1.1. (a) Each county
30	assessor and each elected assessor must be a certified who has not
31	attained the certification of a "level two" assessor-appraiser under
32	IC 6-1.1-35.5 or must employ at least one (1) certified "level two"
33	assessor-appraiser. Each
34	(b) To qualify to serve as an elected county assessor, a township
35	assessor, or an elected trustee-assessor is expected to attain the
36	certification of after December 31, 2005, the assessing official must
37	be certified as a "level one" assessor-appraiser or a "level two"
38	assessor-appraiser.
39	(c) To continue to serve as an elected county assessor, a
40	township assessor, or an elected trustee-assessor after the later of:
41	(1) December 31, 2006; or

(2) a date that is one (1) year after the person begins to serve



1	the person's initial term in any office as an elected assessing
2	official;
3	the assessing official must be certified as a "level two"
4	assessor-appraiser. An assessing official who does not comply with
5	this subsection forfeits the assessor's or trustee-assessor's office.
6	(d) A person who fills a vacancy in the office of county assessor,
7	township assessor, or trustee-assessor is subject to the
8	requirements of this section.
9	SECTION 56. IC 6-1.1-37-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2001,
10	SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies when:
12	(1) an assessment is made or increased after the date or dates on
13	which the taxes for the year for which the assessment is made
14	were originally due;
15	(2) the assessment upon which a taxpayer has been paying taxes
16	under IC 6-1.1-15-10(a)(1) or (a)(2) while a petition for review or
17	a judicial proceeding has been pending is less than the assessment
18	that results from the final determination of the petition for review
19	or judicial proceeding; or
20	(3) the collection of certain ad valorem property taxes has been
21	stayed under IC 4-21.5-5-9, and under the final determination of
22	the petition for judicial review the taxpayer is liable for at least
23	part of those taxes.
24	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (g), a taxpayer shall
25	pay interest on the taxes the taxpayer is required to pay as a result of an
26	action or a determination described in subsection (a) at the rate of ten
27	percent (10%) per year from the original due date or dates for those
28	taxes to:
29	(1) the date of payment; or
30	(2) the date on which penalties for the late payment of a tax
31	installment may be charged under subsection (e) or (f);
32	whichever occurs first.
33	(c) Except as provided in subsection (g), a taxpayer shall pay
34	interest on the taxes the taxpayer is ultimately required to pay in excess
35	of the amount that the taxpayer is required to pay under
36	IC 6-1.1-15-10(a)(1) while a petition for review or a judicial
37	proceeding has been pending at the overpayment rate established under
38	Section 6621(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on the
39	original due date or dates for those taxes from the original due date or
40	dates for those taxes to:

(2) the date on which penalties for the late payment of a tax



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(1) the date of payment; or

1	installment may be charged under subsection (e) or (f);
2	whichever occurs first.
3	(d) With respect to an action or determination described in
4	subsection (a), the taxpayer shall pay the taxes resulting from that
5	action or determination and the interest prescribed under subsection (b)
6	or (c) on or before:
7	(1) the next May 10; or
8	(2) the next November 10;
9	whichever occurs first.
10	(e) A taxpayer shall, to the extent that the penalty is not waived
11	under section 10.5 of this chapter, begin paying the penalty
12	prescribed in section 10 of this chapter on the day after the date for
13	payment prescribed in subsection (d) if:
14	(1) the taxpayer has not paid the amount of taxes resulting from
15	the action or determination; and
16	(2) the taxpayer either:
17	(A) received notice of the taxes the taxpayer is required to pay
18	as a result of the action or determination at least thirty (30)
19	days before the date for payment; or
20	(B) voluntarily signed and filed an assessment return for the
21	taxes.
22	(f) If subsection (e) does not apply, a taxpayer who has not paid the
23	amount of taxes resulting from the action or determination shall, to the
24	extent that the penalty is not waived under section 10.5 of this
25	chapter, begin paying the penalty prescribed in section 10 of this
26	chapter on:
27	(1) the next May 10 which follows the date for payment
28	prescribed in subsection (d); or
29	(2) the next November 10 which follows the date for payment
30	prescribed in subsection (d);
31	whichever occurs first.
32	(g) A taxpayer is not subject to the payment of interest on real
33	property assessments under subsection (b) or (c) if:
34	(1) an assessment is made or increased after the date or dates on
35	which the taxes for the year for which the assessment is made
36	were due;
37	(2) the assessment or the assessment increase is made as the result
38	of error or neglect by the assessor or by any other official
39	involved with the assessment of property or the collection of
40	property taxes; and
41	(3) the assessment:
42	(A) would have been made on the normal assessment date if



1	the error or neglect had not occurred; or
2	(B) increase would have been included in the assessment on
3	the normal annual assessment date if the error or neglect had
4	not occurred.
5	SECTION 57. IC 6-1.1-37-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002,
6	SECTION 262, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as provided in
8	section 10.5 of this chapter, if an installment of property taxes is not
9	completely paid on or before the due date, a penalty equal to ten
10	percent (10%) of the amount of delinquent taxes shall be added to the
11	unpaid portion in the year of the initial delinquency.
12	(b) With respect to property taxes due in two (2) equal
13	installments under IC 6-1.1-22-9(a), on the day immediately
14	following the due dates in May and November of each year following
15	the year of the initial delinquency, an additional penalty equal to ten
16	percent (10%) of any taxes remaining unpaid shall be added. With
17	respect to property taxes due in installments under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5,
18	an additional penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of any taxes
19	remaining unpaid shall be added on the day immediately following
20	each date that succeeds the last installment due date by:
21	(1) six (6) months; or
22	(2) a multiple of six (6) months.
23	(c) These The penalties under subsection (b) are imposed only on
24	the principal amount of the delinquent taxes. However,
25	(d) If the department of local government finance determines that
26	an emergency has occurred which precludes the mailing of the tax
27	statement in any county at the time set forth in IC 6-1.1-22-8, the
28	department shall establish by order a new date on which the installment
29	of taxes in that county is due and no installment is delinquent if paid by
30	the date so established.
31	(b) (e) If any due date falls on a Saturday, a Sunday, a national legal
32	holiday recognized by the federal government, or a statewide holiday,
33	the act that must be performed by that date is timely if performed by
34	the next succeeding day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday, or one (1) of
35	those holidays.
36	(c) (f) A payment to the county treasurer is considered to have been
37	paid by the due date if the payment is:
38	(1) received on or before the due date to the county treasurer or a
39	collecting agent appointed by the county treasurer;
40	(2) deposited in the United States mail:
41	(A) properly addressed to the principal office of the county



treasurer;

1	(B) with sufficient postage; and	
2	(C) certified or postmarked by the United States Postal Service	
3	as mailed on or before the due date; or	
4	(3) deposited with a nationally recognized express parcel carrier	
5	and is:	
6	(A) properly addressed to the principal office of the county	
7	treasurer; and	
8	(B) verified by the express parcel carrier as:	
9	(i) paid in full for final delivery; and	
10	(ii) received on or before the due date.	
11	For purposes of this subsection, "postmarked" does not mean the date	
12	printed by a postage meter that affixes postage to the envelope or	
13	package containing a payment.	
14	SECTION 58. IC 6-1.1-37-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
15	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
16	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.5. (a) This section applies	
17	only to property taxes first due and payable in a year with respect	
18	to real property:	
19	(1) that are the percentage determined by the county	
20	treasurer of the property taxes first due and payable in the	
21	last preceding year in which taxes were based on assessed	=4
22	value determined:	
23	(A) in a general reassessment of real property under	
24	IC 6-1.1-4-4; or	_
25	(B) using an annual assessment adjustment under	
26	IC 6-1.1-4-4.5; and	
27	(2) for which the property tax increase referred to in	
28	subdivision (1) is attributable only to:	V
29	(A) a general reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4-4; or	
30	(B) an annual assessment adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5;	
31	and not to any other factor that affects the assessed value.	
32	(b) The county treasurer may petition the department of local	
33	government finance to waive all or part of the penalty imposed	
34	under section 10 of this chapter with respect to one (1) or more	
35	classes of real property.	
36	(c) The department of local government finance shall:	
37	(1) prescribe the form of the petition under subsection (b);	
38	(2) determine the information required on the form; and	
39	(3) notify the county treasurer of the department's	
40	determination on the petition not later than thirty (30) days	
41	after receipt of the petition.	
42	SECTION 59. IC 6-1.1-39-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss),	



1	SECTION 46, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) An economic development district may
3	be enlarged by the fiscal body by following the same procedure for the
4	creation of an economic development district specified in this chapter.
5	Property taxes that are attributable to the additional area and allocable
6	to the economic development district are not eligible for the property
7	tax replacement credit provided by IC 6-1.1-21-5. However, subject to
8	subsection (c) and except as provided in subsection (f), each taxpayer
9	in an additional area is entitled to an additional credit for taxes (as
10	defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable
11	in May and November of that year. Except as provided in subsection
12	(f), one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied to each installment of
13	taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit equals the amount
14	determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing
15	district in a county that contains all or part of the additional area:
16	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under
17	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$ and IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$ that is attributable
18	to the taxing district.
19	STEP TWO: Divide:
20	(A) that part of the county's eligible property tax replacement
21	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as
22	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the
23	taxing district; by
24	(B) the STEP ONE sum.
25	STEP THREE: Multiply:
26	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times
27	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
28	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have
29	been allocated to a special fund under section 5 of this chapter
30	had the additional credit described in this section not been
31	given.
32	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated to the
33	economic development district and paid into a special fund under
34	section 5(a) of this chapter.
35	(b) If the additional credit under subsection (a) is not reduced under
36	subsection (c) or (d), the credit for property tax replacement under
37	IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under subsection (a) shall be
38	computed on an aggregate basis for all taxpayers in a taxing district

that contains all or part of an additional area. The credit for property

tax replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under

subsection (a) shall be combined on the tax statements sent to each

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taxpayer.



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- (c) The county fiscal body may, by ordinance, provide that the additional credit described in subsection (a):
 - (1) does not apply in a specified additional area; or
 - (2) is to be reduced by a uniform percentage for all taxpayers in a specified additional area.
- (d) Whenever the county fiscal body determines that granting the full additional credit under subsection (a) would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other contractual obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that economic development district in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that those bonds or other contractual obligations would not be paid when due, the county fiscal body must adopt an ordinance under subsection (c) to deny the additional credit or reduce the additional credit to a level that creates a reasonable expectation that the bonds or other obligations will be paid when due. An ordinance adopted under subsection (c) denies or reduces the additional credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) first due and payable in any year following the year in which the ordinance is adopted.
- (e) An ordinance adopted under subsection (c) remains in effect until the ordinance is rescinded by the body that originally adopted the ordinance. However, an ordinance may not be rescinded if the rescission would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that economic development district in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that the principal of or interest on the bonds or other obligations would not be paid when due. If an ordinance is rescinded and no other ordinance is adopted, the additional credit described in subsection (a) applies to taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) first due and payable in each year following the year in which the resolution is rescinded.
- (f) If property tax installments are due in installments established by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an additional area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (a) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).

SECTION 60. IC 6-1.1-42-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 284, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004]: Sec. 27. (a) A property owner who desires to obtain the deduction provided by section 24 of this chapter must file a certified deduction application, on forms prescribed by the

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1	department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county	
2	in which the property is located. Except as otherwise provided in	
3	subsection (b) or (e), (d), the deduction application must be filed before	
4	May 10 of the year in which the addition to assessed valuation is made.	
5	(b) If notice of the addition to assessed valuation or new assessment	
6	for any year is not given to the property owner before April 10 of that	
7	year, the deduction application required by this section may be filed not	
8	later than thirty (30) days after the date such a notice is mailed to the	
9	property owner at the address shown on the records of the township	_
10	assessor.	4
11	(c) (b) The certified deduction application required by this section	
12	must contain the following information:	
13	(1) The name of each owner of the property.	
14	(2) A certificate of completion of a voluntary remediation under	
15	IC 13-25-5-16.	
16	(3) Proof that each owner who is applying for the deduction:	
17	(A) has never had an ownership interest in an entity that	
18	contributed; and	
19	(B) has not contributed;	
20	a contaminant (as defined in IC 13-11-2-42) that is the subject of	
21	the voluntary remediation, as determined under the written	
22	standards adopted by the department of environmental	
23	management.	
24	(4) Proof that the deduction was approved by the appropriate	
25	designating body.	
26	(5) A description of the property for which a deduction is claimed	
27	in sufficient detail to afford identification.	T T
28	(6) The assessed value of the improvements before remediation	
29	and redevelopment.	
30	(7) The increase in the assessed value of improvements resulting	
31	from after the remediation and redevelopment, or an estimate of	
32	the assessed value if the assessed value is not known at the	
33	time of filing the deduction application.	
34	(8) The amount of the deduction claimed for the first year of the	
35	deduction, or an estimate of the deduction if the assessed value	
36	is not known at the time of filing the deduction application.	
37	(d) (c) A certified deduction application filed under subsection (a)	
38	or (b) is applicable for the year in which the addition to assessed value	
39	or assessment of property is made and each subsequent year to which	
40	the deduction applies under the resolution adopted under section 24 of	
41	this chapter	

(e) (d) A property owner who desires to obtain the deduction



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provided by section 24 of this chapter but who has failed to file a deduction application within the dates prescribed in subsection (a) or
(b) may file a deduction application between March 1 and May 10 of
a subsequent year which is applicable for the year filed and the
subsequent years without any additional certified deduction application
being filed for the amounts of the deduction which would be applicable
to such years under this chapter if such a deduction application had
been filed in accordance with subsection (a) or (b). this section.
(f) (e) On verification of the correctness of a certified deduction application by the assessor of the township in which the property is
located, the county auditor shall, if the property is covered by a
resolution adopted under section 24 of this chapter, make the appropriate deduction.
(g) (f) The amount and period of the deduction provided for
property by section 24 of this chapter are not affected by a change in
the ownership of the property if the new owner of the property:

(1) is a person that:

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- (A) has never had an ownership interest in an entity that contributed; and
- (B) has not contributed;
- a contaminant (as defined in IC 13-11-2-42) that is the subject of the voluntary remediation, as determined under the written standards adopted by the department of environmental management;
- (2) continues to use the property in compliance with any standards established under sections 7 and 23 of this chapter; and (3) files an application in the manner provided by subsection (e).

(h) The township assessor shall include a notice of the deadlines for filing a deduction application under subsections (a) and (b) with each notice to a property owner of an addition to assessed value or of a new assessment.

SECTION 61. IC 8-22-3.5-10, AS **AMENDED** P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 147, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Except in a county described in section 1(5) of this chapter and except as provided in subsection (d), if the commission adopts the provisions of this section by resolution, each taxpayer in the airport development zone is entitled to an additional credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that, under IC 6-1.1-22-9, are due and payable in May and November of that year. Except as provided in subsection (d), one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes

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1	(as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit equals the amount determined	
2	under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district that	
3	contains all or part of the airport development zone:	
4	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under	
5	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$ and IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$ through	
6 7	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) that is attributable to the taxing district. STEP TWO: Divide:	
8	(A) that part of the county's eligible property tax replacement	
9	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as	
10	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the	
11	taxing district; by	
12	(B) the STEP ONE sum.	
13	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
14	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by	
15	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in	
16	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have	
17	been allocated to the special funds under section 9 of this	
18	chapter had the additional credit described in this section not	
19	been given.	
20	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated and	
21	paid into the special funds under section 9 of this chapter.	
22	(b) The additional credit under subsection (a) shall be:	
23	(1) computed on an aggregate basis of all taxpayers in a taxing	
24	district that contains all or part of an airport development zone;	_
25	and	
26	(2) combined on the tax statement sent to each taxpayer.	_
27	(c) Concurrently with the mailing or other delivery of the tax	
28	statement or any corrected tax statement to each taxpayer, as required	y
29	by IC 6-1.1-22-8(a), each county treasurer shall for each tax statement	
30	also deliver to each taxpayer in an airport development zone who is	
31	entitled to the additional credit under subsection (a) a notice of	
32	additional credit. The actual dollar amount of the credit, the taxpayer's	
33	name and address, and the tax statement to which the credit applies	
34	shall be stated on the notice.	
35	(d) If property tax installments are due in installments	
36	established by the department of local government finance under	
37	IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an	
38 39	airport development zone is entitled to an additional credit under	
39 40	subsection (a) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to	
40 41	each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).	
42	SECTION 62. IC 12-29-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.170-2002,	
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1	SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) Subject to subsection subsections (b),	
3	(c), and (d), a county shall fund the operation of community mental	
4	health centers in an amount not less than the amount that would be	
5	raised by an annual tax rate of one and thirty-three hundredths cents	
6	(\$0.0133) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) of taxable property	
7	within the county, unless a lower tax rate will be adequate to fulfill the	
8	county's financial obligations under this chapter in any of the following situations:	
9 10		
11	(1) If the total population of the county is served by one (1) center.	
12	(2) If the total population of the county is served by more than one	
13	(1) center.	
14	(3) If the partial population of the county is served by one (1)	
15	center.	
16	(4) If the partial population of the county is served by more than	
17	one (1) center.	
18	(b) This subsection applies only to a property tax that is imposed in	
19	a county containing a consolidated city. The tax rate permitted under	
20	subsection (a) for taxes first due and payable after calendar year 1995	
21	is the tax rate permitted under subsection (a) as adjusted under this	
22	subsection. For each year in which an annual adjustment of the	
23	assessed value of real property will take effect under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5	
24	or a general reassessment of property will take effect, the department	
25	of local government finance shall compute the maximum rate permitted	
26	under subsection (a) as follows:	
27	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum rate for the year preceding	
28	the year in which the annual adjustment or general reassessment	
29	takes effect.	
30	STEP TWO: Determine the actual percentage increase (rounded	
31	to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in the assessed	
32	value (before the adjustment, if any, under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of	
33	the taxable property from the year preceding the year the annual	
34	adjustment or general reassessment takes effect to the year that	
35	the annual adjustment or general reassessment is effective.	
36	STEP THREE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that	
37	immediately precede the ensuing calendar year and in which a	
38	statewide general reassessment of real property does not first	
39	become effective.	
40	STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar years	
41	determined in STEP THREE, the actual percentage increase	

(rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in the



1	assessed value (before the adjustment, if any, under	
2	IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the preceding year.	
3	STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients computed	
4	in STEP FOUR by three (3).	
5	STEP SIX: Determine the greater of the following:	
6	(A) Zero (0).	
7	(B) The result of the STEP TWO percentage minus the STEP	
8	FIVE percentage.	
9	STEP SEVEN: Determine the quotient of:	
10	(A) the STEP ONE tax rate; divided by	
11	(B) one (1) plus the STEP SIX percentage increase.	
12	This maximum rate is the maximum rate under this section until a new	
13	maximum rate is computed under this subsection for the next year in	
14	which an annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 or a general	
15	reassessment of property will take effect.	
16	(c) With respect to a county to which subsection (b) does not	
17	apply, the maximum tax rate permitted under subsection (a) for	
18	taxes first due and payable after 2003 is the maximum tax rate that	
19	would have been determined under subsection (d) for taxes first	
20	due and payable in 2003 if subsection (d) had applied to the county	
21	for taxes first due and payable in 2003.	
22	(d) This subsection applies only to a county to which subsection	
23	(b) does not apply. The tax rate permitted under subsection (a) for	
24	taxes first due and payable after calendar year 2004 is the tax rate	_
25	permitted under subsection (c) as adjusted under this subsection.	
26	For each year in which an annual adjustment of the assessed value	
27	of real property will take effect under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 or a general	
28	reassessment of property will take effect, the department of local	V
29	government finance shall compute the maximum rate permitted	
30	under subsection (a) as follows:	
31	STEP ONE: Determine the maximum rate for the year	
32	preceding the year in which the annual adjustment or general	
33	reassessment takes effect.	
34	STEP TWO: Determine the actual percentage increase	
35	(rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent (0.01%)) in	
36	the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any, under	
37	IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the year	
38	preceding the year the annual adjustment or general	
39	reassessment takes effect to the year that the annual	
40	adjustment or general reassessment is effective.	
41	STEP THREE: Determine the three (3) calendar years that	

immediately precede the ensuing calendar year and in which



1	a statewide general reassessment of real property does not	
2	first become effective.	
3	STEP FOUR: Compute separately, for each of the calendar	
4	years determined under STEP THREE, the actual percentage	
5	increase (rounded to the nearest one-hundredth percent	
6	(0.01%)) in the assessed value (before the adjustment, if any,	
7	under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5) of the taxable property from the	
8	preceding year.	
9	STEP FIVE: Divide the sum of the three (3) quotients	
0	computed under STEP FOUR by three (3).	
1	STEP SIX: Determine the greater of the following:	
2	(A) Zero (0).	
.3	(B) The result of the STEP TWO percentage minus the	
4	STEP FIVE percentage.	
.5	STEP SEVEN: Determine the quotient of:	
6	(A) the STEP ONE tax rate; divided by	
.7	(B) one (1) plus the STEP SIX percentage increase.	
. 8	This maximum rate is the maximum rate under this section until	
9	a new maximum rate is computed under this subsection for the	
20	next year in which an annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 or	
2.1	a general reassessment of property will take effect.	
22	SECTION 63. IC 12-29-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The	
24	maximum appropriation determined under section 3 or 4 of this chapter	_
25	represents the county's absolute proportional share of each center's total	
26	operating budget.	
27	(b) If the proportional share is less than the four cent $(\$0.04)$	
28	requirement in amount of property taxes raised under the tax rate	V
29	required under section 2 of this chapter, the county shall appropriate	
30	only the maximum appropriation amount.	
31	(c) If the proportional share is more than the four cent (\$0.04)	
32	requirement in amount of property taxes raised under the tax rate	
3	required under section 2 of this chapter, the county:	
4	(1) shall satisfy the four cent (\$0.04) equivalent appropriation	
55	appropriate that amount; and	
66	(2) may appropriate an additional amount in excess of the four	
57	cent (\$0.04) equivalent appropriation up to an amount added to	
8	the four cent (\$0.04) equivalent appropriation that would equal a	
9	ten cent (\$0.10) equivalent appropriation. the amount of	
10	property taxes raised by a tax rate of three and one-third	
1	cents (\$0.03 1/3).	
12	SECTION 64. IC 20-5.5-7-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.276-2003,	



1	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Not later than the date established by	
3	the department for determining average daily membership under	
4	IC 21-3-1.6-1.1(d), and after May 31, the organizer shall submit to the	
5	department the following information on a form prescribed by the	
6	department:	
7	(1) The number of students enrolled in the charter school.	
8	(2) The name and address of each student.	
9	(3) The name of the school corporation in which the student has	
10	legal settlement.	- 1
11	(4) The name of the school corporation, if any, that the student	
12	attended during the immediately preceding school year.	
13	(5) The grade level in which the student will enroll in the charter	
14	school.	
15	The department shall verify the accuracy of the information reported.	
16	(b) This subsection applies after December 31 of the calendar year	4
17	in which a charter school begins its initial operation. The department	•
18	shall distribute to the organizer the amount determined under	
19	IC 21-3-1.7 for the charter school. The department shall make a	
20	distribution under this subsection at the same time and in the same	
21	manner as the department makes a distribution under IC 21-3-1.7.	
22	(c) The department shall provide to the department of local	
23	government finance the following information:	
24	(1) For each county, the number of students who:	
25	(A) have legal settlement in the county; and	
26	(B) attend a charter school.	_
27	(2) The school corporation in which each student described in	1
28	subdivision (1) has legal settlement.	
29	(3) The charter school that a student described in subdivision (1)	
30	attends and the county in which the charter school is located.	
31	(4) The amount determined under $\frac{1C}{1}$ 6-1.1-19-1.5(g)	
32	IC 6-1.1-19-1.5(f) STEP EIGHT for 2004 and IC 6-1.1-19-1.5(b)	
33	STEP SIX for 2005 for each school corporation described in	
34	subdivision (2).	
35	(5) The amount determined under STEP TWO of the following	
36	formula:	
37	STEP ONE: Determine the product of:	
38	(A) the amount determined under IC 21-3-1.7-6.7(d) or	
39	IC 21-3-1.7-6.7(e) for a charter school described in	
40	subdivision (3); multiplied by	
41	(B) thirty-five hundredths (0.35).	
42	STEP TWO: Determine the product of:	



1	(A) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
2	(B) the current ADM of a charter school described in
3	subdivision (3).
4	(6) The amount determined under STEP THREE of the following
5	formula:
6	STEP ONE: Determine the number of students described in
7	subdivision (1) who:
8	(A) attend the same charter school; and
9	(B) have legal settlement in the same school corporation
10	located in the county.
11	STEP TWO: Determine the subdivision (5) STEP ONE
12	amount for a charter school described in STEP ONE (A).
13	STEP THREE: Determine the product of:
14	(A) the STEP ONE amount; multiplied by
15	(B) the STEP TWO amount.
16	SECTION 65. IC 21-1-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. The common
18	school fund and the permanent endowment fund which is, at any time,
19	in the custody of the treasurer of state, and subject to the management
20	and control of the state board of finance, except as hereinafter
21	provided, shall be invested as follows: in:
22	(1) in bonds, notes, certificates and other valid obligations of the
23	United States;
24	(2) in bonds, notes, debentures and other securities issued by any
25	federal instrumentality and fully guaranteed by the United States;
26	(3) in bonds, notes, certificates and other valid obligations of any
27	state of the United States or of any county, township, city, town
28	or other political subdivision of the state of Indiana which are
29	issued pursuant to law, the issuers of which, for five (5) years
30	prior to the date of such investment, have promptly paid the
31	principal and interest on their bonds and other legal obligations
32	in lawful money of the United States; or
33	(4) bonds, notes, or other securities issued by the Indiana
34	bond bank and described in IC 5-13-10.5-11(3).
35	When it shall occur in any county of this state not having elected to
36	surrender custody of any part of the common and permanent
37	endowment funds to the state, that there is an insufficient amount of
38	said funds held in trust in such county and unloaned, when added to the
39	amount of congressional fund then held in trust and unloaned, as shown
40	by a report of the auditor and treasurer of the county, to make all loans
41	for which the county auditor has applications, upon petition of the
42	board of commissioners of any such county, the state board of finance



1	may allocate to the county making application therefor such amount as
2	the said state board of finance may deem necessary.
3	SECTION 66. IC 21-3-1.7-6.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.276-2003,
4	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.8. (a) This section does not apply to a
6	charter school.
7	(b) This subsection does not apply after December 31, 2003. A
8	school corporation's target general fund property tax rate for purposes
9	of IC 6-1.1-19-1.5 is the result determined under STEP THREE of the
10	following formula:
11	STEP ONE: This STEP applies only if the amount determined in
12	STEP FIVE of the formula in section 6.7(d) of this chapter minus
13	the result determined in STEP ONE of the formula in section
14	6.7(d) of this chapter is greater than zero (0). Determine the result
15	under clause (E) of the following formula:
16	(A) Divide the school corporation's 2002 assessed valuation by
17	the school corporation's current ADM.
18	(B) Divide the clause (A) result by ten thousand (10,000).
19	(C) Determine the greater of the following:
20	(i) The clause (B) result.
21	(ii) Thirty-nine dollars (\$39) in 2002 and thirty-nine dollars
22	and seventy-five cents (\$39.75) in 2003.
23	(D) Determine the result determined under item (ii) of the
24	following formula:
25	(i) Subtract the result determined in STEP ONE of the
26	formula in section 6.7(d) of this chapter from the amount
27	determined in STEP FIVE of the formula in section 6.7(d)
28	of this chapter.
29	(ii) Divide the item (i) result by the school corporation's
30	current ADM.
31	(E) Divide the clause (D) result by the clause (C) result.
32	(F) Divide the clause (E) result by one hundred (100).
33	STEP TWO: This STEP applies only if the amount determined in
34	STEP FIVE of the formula in section 6.7(d) of this chapter is
35	equal to STEP ONE of the formula in section 6.7(d) of this
36	chapter and the result of clause (A) is greater than zero (0).
37	Determine the result under clause (G) of the following formula:
38	(A) Add the following:
39	(i) An amount equal to the annual decrease in federal aid to
40	impacted areas from the year preceding the ensuing calendar
41	year by three (3) years to the year preceding the ensuing
42	calendar year by two (2) years.



1	(ii) The portion of the maximum general fund levy for the	
2	year that equals the original amount of the levy imposed by	
3	the school corporation to cover the costs of opening a new	
4	school facility during the preceding year.	
5	(B) Divide the clause (A) result by the school corporation's	
6	current ADM.	
7	(C) Divide the school corporation's 2002 assessed valuation by	
8	the school corporation's current ADM.	
9	(D) Divide the clause (C) result by ten thousand (10,000).	_
10	(E) Determine the greater of the following:	
11	(i) The clause (D) result.	
12	(ii) Thirty-nine dollars (\$39) in 2002 and thirty-nine dollars	
13	and seventy-five cents (\$39.75) in 2003.	
14	(F) Divide the clause (B) result by the clause (E) amount.	
15	(G) Divide the clause (F) result by one hundred (100).	
16	STEP THREE: Determine the sum of:	
17	(A) ninety-one and eight-tenths cents (\$0.918) in 2002; and	
18	(B) ninety-five and eight-tenths cents (\$0.958) in 2003; and	
19	if applicable, the STEP ONE or STEP TWO result.	
20	(c) This subsection applies to calendar years beginning after	
21	December 31, 2004. A school corporation's target general fund	
22	property tax rate for purposes of IC 6-1.1-19-1.5 is the result	
23	determined under STEP FOUR of the following formula:	
24	STEP ONE: Determine the amount determined for the school	
25	corporation in STEP ONE of the formula in section 6.7(e) of this	
26	chapter.	_
27	STEP TWO: This STEP applies only if the amount determined in	
28	STEP EIGHT of the formula in section 6.7(e) of this chapter	
29	minus the STEP ONE result is greater than zero (0). Determine	
30	the result under clause (E) of the following formula:	
31	(A) Divide the school corporation's assessed valuation by the	
32	school corporation's current ADM.	
33	(B) Divide the clause (A) result by ten thousand (10,000).	
34	(C) Determine the greater of the following:	
35	(i) The clause (B) result.	
36	(ii) Forty-three dollars and sixty-five cents (\$43.65).	
37	(D) Determine the result determined under item (ii) of the	
38	following formula:	
39	(i) Subtract the STEP ONE result from the amount	
40	determined in STEP EIGHT of the formula in section 6.7(e)	
41	of this chapter.	
42	(ii) Divide the item (i) result by the school corporation's	



1	current ADM.
2	(E) Divide the clause (D) result by the clause (C) result.
3	(F) Divide the clause (E) result by one hundred (100).
4	STEP THREE: This STEP applies only if the amount determined
5	in STEP EIGHT of the formula in section 6.7(e) of this chapter is
6	equal to the STEP ONE result and the result of clause (A) is
7	greater than zero (0). Determine the result under clause (G) of the
8	following formula:
9	(A) Add the following:
10	(i) An amount equal to the annual decrease in federal aid to
11	impacted areas from the year preceding the ensuing calendar
12	year by three (3) years to the year preceding the ensuing
13	calendar year by two (2) years.
14	(ii) The part of the maximum general fund levy for the year
15	that equals the original amount of the levy imposed by the
16	school corporation to cover the costs of opening a new
17	school facility during the preceding year.
18	(B) Divide the clause (A) result by the school corporation's
19	current ADM.
20	(C) Divide the school corporation's assessed valuation by the
21	school corporation's current ADM.
22	(D) Divide the clause (C) result by ten thousand (10,000).
23	(E) Determine the greater of the following:
24	(i) The clause (D) result.
25	(ii) Forty-three dollars and sixty-five cents (\$43.65).
26	(F) Divide the clause (B) result by the clause (E) amount.
27	(G) Divide the clause (F) result by one hundred (100).
28	STEP FOUR: Determine the sum of sixty-three and seven-tenths
29	cents (\$0.637) and, if applicable, the STEP TWO or STEP
30	THREE result.
31	(c) (d) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2004, and ending
32	December 31, 2004, a school corporation's general fund ad valorem
33	property tax levy is determined under IC 6-1.1-19-1.5(g).
34	IC 6-1.1-19-1.5(f).
35	SECTION 67. IC 36-2-15-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) A county assessor
37	shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 by the voters of the county.
38	(b) To be eligible to serve as an assessor, a person must meet the
39	qualifications prescribed by IC 3-8-1-23.
40	(c) A county assessor must reside within the county as provided in
41	Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The
42	assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a resident of the



1	county or fails to comply with IC 6-1.1-35-1.1.
2	(d) The term of office of a county assessor is four (4) years,
3	beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is
4	elected and qualified.
5	SECTION 68. IC 36-6-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) A township
7	trustee shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 by the voters of each
8	township. The trustee is the township executive.
9	(b) The township trustee must reside within the township as
10	provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of
11	Indiana. The trustee forfeits office if the trustee:
12	(1) ceases to be a resident of the township; or
13	(2) serves as township assessor under IC 36-6-5-2 and fails to
14	comply with IC 6-1.1-35-1.1.
15	(c) The term of office of a township trustee is four (4) years,
16	beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is
17	elected and qualified.
18	SECTION 69. IC 36-6-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) A township
20	assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-13 by the voters of each
21	township having:
22	(1) a population of more than eight thousand (8,000); or
23	(2) an elected township assessor or the authority to elect a
24	township assessor before January 1, 1979.
25	(b) A township assessor shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-14 in each
26	township having a population of more than five thousand (5,000) but
27	not more than eight thousand (8,000), if the legislative body of the
28	township:
29	(1) by resolution, declares that the office of township assessor is
30	necessary; and
31	(2) the resolution is filed with the county election board not later
32	than the first date that a declaration of candidacy may be filed
33	under IC 3-8-2.
34	(c) The township assessor must reside within the township as
35	provided in Article 6, Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of
36	Indiana. The assessor forfeits office if the assessor ceases to be a
37	resident of the township or fails to comply with the requirements of
38	IC 6-1.1-35-1.1.
39	(d) The term of office of a township assessor is four (4) years,
40	beginning January 1 after election and continuing until a successor is
41	elected and qualified. However, the term of office of a township

assessor elected at a general election in which no other township



1	officer is elected ends on December 31 after the next election in which
2	any other township officer is elected.
3	SECTION 70. IC 36-7-14-39.5, AS AMENDED BY
4	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 178, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 39.5. (a) As used
6	in this section, "allocation area" has the meaning set forth in section 39
7	of this chapter.
8	(b) As used in this section, "taxing district" has the meaning set
9	forth in IC 6-1.1-1-20.
10	(c) Subject to subsection (e) and except as provided in subsection
11	(h), each taxpayer in an allocation area is entitled to an additional
12	credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9
13	are due and payable in May and November of that year. Except as
14	provided in subsection (h), one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied
15	to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit
16	equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each
17	taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of the allocation
18	area:
19	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under
20	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3),
21	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) that is attributable to
22	the taxing district.
23	STEP TWO: Divide:
24	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
25	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as
26	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the
27	taxing district; by
28	(B) the STEP ONE sum.
29	STEP THREE: Multiply:
30	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times
31	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
32	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have
33	been allocated to an allocation fund under section 39 of this
34	chapter had the additional credit described in this section not
35	been given.
36	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated to the
37	redevelopment district and paid into an allocation fund under section
38	39(b)(2) of this chapter.
39	(d) If the additional credit under subsection (c) is not reduced under
40	subsection (e) or (f), the credit for property tax replacement under
41	IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under subsection (c) shall be

computed on an aggregate basis for all taxpayers in a taxing district



that contains all or part of an allocation area. The credit for property tax replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under subsection (c) shall be combined on the tax statements sent to each taxpayer.

- (e) Upon the recommendation of the redevelopment commission, the municipal legislative body (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a municipality) or the county executive (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a county) may, by resolution, provide that the additional credit described in subsection (c):
 - (1) does not apply in a specified allocation area; or
 - (2) is to be reduced by a uniform percentage for all taxpayers in a specified allocation area.
- (f) Whenever the municipal legislative body or county executive determines that granting the full additional credit under subsection (c) would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other contractual obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that those bonds or other contractual obligations would not be paid when due, the municipal legislative body or county executive must adopt a resolution under subsection (e) to deny the additional credit or reduce it to a level that creates a reasonable expectation that the bonds or other obligations will be paid when due. A resolution adopted under subsection (e) denies or reduces the additional credit for property taxes first due and payable in the allocation area in any year following the year in which the resolution is adopted.
- (g) A resolution adopted under subsection (e) remains in effect until it is rescinded by the body that originally adopted it. However, a resolution may not be rescinded if the rescission would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that the principal of or interest on the bonds or other obligations would not be paid when due. If a resolution is rescinded and no other resolution is adopted, the additional credit described in subsection (c) applies to property taxes first due and payable in the allocation area in each year following the year in which the resolution is rescinded.
- (h) If property tax installments are due in installments established by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (c) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments.

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2.8

1	The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each
2	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).
3	SECTION 71. IC 36-7-15.1-26.5, AS AMENDED BY
4	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 181, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26.5. (a) As used
6	in this section, "adverse determination" means a determination by the
7	fiscal officer of the consolidated city that the granting of credits
8	described in subsection (g) or (h) would impair any contract with or
9	otherwise adversely affect the owners of outstanding bonds payable
0	from the allocation area special fund.
1	(b) As used in this section, "allocation area" has the meaning set
2	forth in section 26 of this chapter.
3	(c) As used in this section, "special fund" refers to the special fund
4	into which property taxes are paid under section 26 of this chapter.
.5	(d) As used in this section, "taxing district" has the meaning set
6	forth in IC 6-1.1-1-20.
.7	(e) Except as provided in subsections (g), (h), and (i), and (j), each
. 8	taxpayer in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit for taxes
9	(as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that, under IC 6-1.1-22-9, are due and
20	payable in May and November of that year. Except as provided in
21	subsection (j), one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each
22	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit equals the
23	amount determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a
24	taxing district that contains all or part of the allocation area:
25	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under
26	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3),
27	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(5)$ that is attributable to
28	the taxing district.
29	STEP TWO: Divide:
30	(A) that part of each county's t eligible property tax
31	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year
32	as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the
33	taxing district; by
34	(B) the STEP ONE sum.
35	STEP THREE: Multiply:
66	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
37	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
8	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have
19	been allocated to an allocation fund under section 26 of this
10	chapter had the additional credit described in this section not
1	been given.
12	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated to the

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1	redevelopment district and paid into the special fund.
2	(f) The credit for property tax replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-5 and
3	the additional credits under subsections (e), (g), (h), and (i), unless the
4	credits under subsections (g) and (h) are partial credits, shall be
5	computed on an aggregate basis for all taxpayers in a taxing district
6	that contains all or part of an allocation area. Except as provided in
7	subsections (h) and (i), the credit for property tax replacement under
8	IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credits under subsections (e), (g), (h),
9	and (i) shall be combined on the tax statements sent to each taxpayer.
10	(g) This subsection applies to an allocation area if allocated taxes
11	from that area were pledged to bonds, leases, or other obligations of the
12	commission before May 8, 1989. A credit calculated using the method
13	provided in subsection (e) may be granted under this subsection. The
14	credit provided under this subsection is first applicable for the
15	allocation area for property taxes first due and payable in 1992. The
16	following apply to the determination of the credit provided under this
17	subsection:
18	(1) Before June 15 of each year, the fiscal officer of the
19	consolidated city shall determine and certify the following:
20	(A) All amounts due in the following year to the owners of
21	outstanding bonds payable from the allocation area special
22	fund.
23	(B) All amounts that are:
24	(i) required under contracts with bond holders; and
25	(ii) payable from the allocation area special fund to fund
26	accounts and reserves.
27	(C) An estimate of the amount of personal property taxes
28	available to be paid into the allocation area special fund under
29	section 26.9(c) of this chapter.
30	(D) An estimate of the aggregate amount of credits to be
31	granted if full credits are granted.
32	(2) Before June 15 of each year, the fiscal officer of the
33	consolidated city shall determine if the granting of the full amount
34	of credits in the following year would impair any contract with or
35	otherwise adversely affect the owners of outstanding bonds
36	payable from the allocation area special fund.
37	(3) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city determines under
38	subdivision (2) that there would not be an impairment or adverse
39	effect:
40	(A) the fiscal officer of the consolidated city shall certify the
41	determination; and

(B) the full credits shall be applied in the following year,



1	subject to the determinations and certifications made under	
2	section 26.7(b) of this chapter.	
3	(4) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city makes an adverse	
4	determination under subdivision (2), the fiscal officer of the	
5	consolidated city shall determine whether there is an amount of	
6	partial credits that, if granted in the following year, would not	
7	result in the impairment or adverse effect. If the fiscal officer	
8	determines that there is an amount of partial credits that would	
9	not result in the impairment or adverse effect, the fiscal officer	
10	shall do the following:	
11	(A) Determine the amount of the partial credits.	
12	(B) Certify that determination.	
13	(5) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city certifies under	
14	subdivision (4) that partial credits may be paid, the partial credits	
15	shall be applied pro rata among all affected taxpayers in the	
16	following year.	
17	(6) An affected taxpayer may appeal any of the following to the	
18	circuit or superior court of the county in which the allocation area is located:	
19		
20 21	(A) A determination by the fiscal officer of the consolidated city that:	
22	(i) credits may not be paid in the following year; or	
23	(ii) only partial credits may be paid in the following year.	
24	(B) A failure by the fiscal officer of the consolidated city to	
25	make a determination by June 15 of whether full or partial	
26	credits are payable under this subsection.	
27	(7) An appeal of a determination must be filed not later than thirty	
28	(30) days after the publication of the determination.	
29	(8) An appeal of a failure by the fiscal officer of the consolidated	
30	city to make a determination of whether the credits are payable	
31	under this subsection must be filed by July 15 of the year in which	
32	the determination should have been made.	
33	(9) All appeals under subdivision (6) shall be decided by the court	
34	within sixty (60) days.	
35	(h) This subsection applies to an allocation area if allocated taxes	
36	from that area were pledged to bonds, leases, or other obligations of the	
37	commission before May 8, 1989. A credit calculated using the method	
38	in subsection (e) and in subdivision (2) may be granted under this	
39	subsection. The following apply to the credit granted under this	
40	subsection:	
41	(1) The credit is applicable to property taxes first due and payable	



in 1991.

1	(2) For purposes of this subsection, the amount of a credit for	
2	1990 taxes payable in 1991 with respect to an affected taxpayer	
3	is equal to:	
4	(A) the amount of the quotient determined under STEP TWO	
5	of subsection (e); multiplied by	
6	(B) the total amount of the property taxes payable by the	
7	taxpayer that were allocated in 1991 to the allocation area	
8	special fund under section 26 of this chapter.	
9	(3) Before June 15, 1991, the fiscal officer of the consolidated	
10	city shall determine and certify an estimate of the aggregate	
11	amount of credits for 1990 taxes payable in 1991 if the full credits	
12	are granted.	
13	(4) The fiscal officer of the consolidated city shall determine	
14	whether the granting of the full amounts of the credits for 1990	
15	taxes payable in 1991 against 1991 taxes payable in 1992 and the	_
16	granting of credits under subsection (g) would impair any contract	
17	with or otherwise adversely affect the owners of outstanding	
18	bonds payable from the allocation area special fund for an	
19	allocation area described in subsection (g).	
20	(5) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city determines that	
21	there would not be an impairment or adverse effect under	
22	subdivision (4):	
23	(A) the fiscal officer shall certify that determination; and	
24	(B) the full credits shall be applied against 1991 taxes payable	_
25	in 1992 or the amount of the credits shall be paid to the	
26	taxpayers as provided in subdivision (12), subject to the	
27	determinations and certifications made under section 26.7(b)	
28	of this chapter.	
29	(6) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city makes an adverse	
30	determination under subdivision (4), the fiscal officer shall	
31	determine whether there is an amount of partial credits for 1990	
32	taxes payable in 1991 that, if granted against 1991 taxes payable	
33	in 1992 in addition to granting of the credits under subsection (g),	
34	would not result in the impairment or adverse effect.	
35	(7) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city determines under	
36	subdivision (6) that there is an amount of partial credits that	
37	would not result in the impairment or adverse effect, the fiscal	
38	officer shall determine the amount of partial credits and certify	
39	that determination.	
40	(8) If the fiscal officer of the consolidated city certifies under	
41	subdivision (7) that partial credits may be paid, the partial credits	

shall be applied pro rata among all affected taxpayers against



1	1991 taxes payable in 1992.
2	(9) An affected taxpayer may appeal any of the following to the
3	circuit or superior court of the county in which the allocation area
4	is located:
5	(A) A determination by the fiscal officer of the consolidated
6	city that:
7	(i) credits may not be paid for 1990 taxes payable in 1991;
8	or
9	(ii) only partial credits may be paid for 1990 taxes payable
10	in 1991.
11	(B) A failure by the fiscal officer of the consolidated city to
12	make a determination by June 15, 1991, of whether credits are
13	payable under this subsection.
14	(10) An appeal of a determination must be filed not later than
15	thirty (30) days after the publication of the determination. Any
16	such appeal shall be decided by the court within sixty (60) days.
17	(11) An appeal of a failure by the fiscal officer of the consolidated
18	city to make a determination of whether credits are payable under
19	this subsection must be filed by July 15, 1991. Any such appeal
20	shall be decided by the court within sixty (60) days.
21	(12) If 1991 taxes payable in 1992 with respect to a parcel are
22	billed to the same taxpayer to which 1990 taxes payable in 1991
23	were billed, the county treasurer shall apply to the tax bill for
24	1991 taxes payable in 1992 both the credit provided under
25	subsection (g) and the credit provided under this subsection,
26	along with any credit determined to be applicable to the tax bill
27	under subsection (i). In the alternative, at the election of the
28	county auditor, the county may pay to the taxpayer the amount of
29	the credit by May 10, 1992, and the amount shall be charged to
30	the taxing units in which the allocation area is located in the
31	proportion of the taxing units' respective tax rates for 1990 taxes
32	payable in 1991.
33	(13) If 1991 taxes payable in 1992 with respect to a parcel are
34	billed to a taxpayer other than the taxpayer to which 1990 taxes
35	payable in 1991 were billed, the county treasurer shall do the
36	following:
37	(A) Apply only the credits under subsections (g) and (i) to the
38	tax bill for 1991 taxes payable in 1992.
39	(B) Give notice by June 30, 1991, by publication two (2) times
40	in three (3) newspapers in the county with the largest
41	circulation of the availability of a refund of the credit under
42	this subsection.



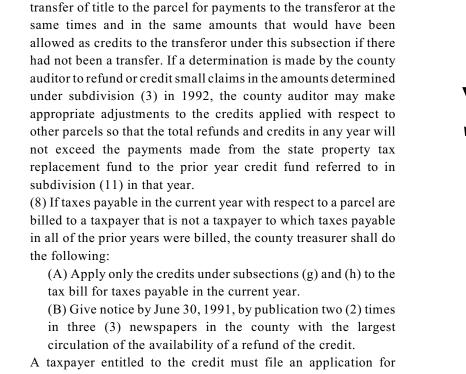
1	A taxpayer entitled to a credit must file an application for refund	
2	of the credit with the county auditor not later than November 30,	
3	1991.	
4	(14) A taxpayer who files an application by November 30, 1991,	
5	is entitled to payment from the county treasurer in an amount that	
6	is in the same proportion to the credit provided under this	
7	subsection with respect to a parcel as the amount of 1990 taxes	
8	payable in 1991 paid by the taxpayer with respect to the parcel	
9	bears to the 1990 taxes payable in 1991 with respect to the parcel.	
10	This amount shall be paid to the taxpayer by May 10, 1992, and	
11	shall be charged to the taxing units in which the allocation area is	,
12	located in the proportion of the taxing units' respective tax rates	
13	for 1990 taxes payable in 1991.	
14	(i) This subsection applies to an allocation area if allocated taxes	
15	from that area were pledged to bonds, leases, or other obligations of the	
16	commission before May 8, 1989. The following apply to the credit	
17	granted under this subsection:	'
18	(1) A prior year credit is applicable to property taxes first due and	
19	payable in each year from 1987 through 1990 (the "prior years").	
20	(2) The credit for each prior year is equal to:	
21	(A) the amount of the quotient determined under STEP TWO	
22	of subsection (e) for the prior year; multiplied by	
23	(B) the total amount of the property taxes paid by the taxpayer	
24	that were allocated in the prior year to the allocation area	
25	special fund under section 26 of this chapter.	
26	(3) Before January 31, 1992, the county auditor shall determine	_
27	the amount of credits under subdivision (2) with respect to each	`
28	parcel in the allocation area for all prior years with respect to	
29	which:	١
30	(A) taxes were billed to the same taxpayer for taxes payable in	
31	each year from 1987 through 1991; or	
32	(B) an application was filed by November 30, 1991, under	
33	subdivision (8) for refund of the credits for prior years.	
34	A report of the determination by parcel shall be sent by the county	
35	auditor to the department of local government finance and the	
36	budget agency within five (5) days of such determination.	
37	(4) Before January 31, 1992, the county auditor shall determine	
38	the quotient of the amounts determined under subdivision (3) with	
39	respect to each parcel divided by six (6).	
40	(5) Before January 31, 1992, the county auditor shall determine	

the quotient of the aggregate amounts determined under subdivision (3) with respect to all parcels divided by twelve (12).



41

I	(6) Except as provided in subdivisions (7) and (9), in each year in
2	which credits from prior years remain unpaid, credits for the prior
3	years in the amounts determined under subdivision (4) shall be
4	applied as provided in this subsection.
5	(7) If taxes payable in the current year with respect to a parcel are
6	billed to the same taxpayer to which taxes payable in all of the
7	prior years were billed and if the amount determined under
8	subdivision (3) with respect to the parcel is at least five hundred
9	dollars (\$500), the county treasurer shall apply the credits
10	provided for the current year under subsections (g) and (h) and
11	the credit in the amount determined under subdivision (4) to the
12	tax bill for taxes payable in the current year. However, if the
13	amount determined under subdivision (3) with respect to the
14	parcel is less than five hundred dollars (\$500) (referred to in this
15	subdivision as "small claims"), the county may, at the election of
16	the county auditor, either apply a credit in the amount determined
17	under subdivision (3) or (4) to the tax bill for taxes payable in the
18	current year or pay either amount to the taxpayer. If title to a
19	parcel transfers in a year in which a credit under this subsection
20	is applied to the tax bill, the transferor may file an application
21	with the county auditor within thirty (30) days of the date of the
22	transfer of title to the parcel for payments to the transferor at the
23	same times and in the same amounts that would have been
24	allowed as credits to the transferor under this subsection if there
25	had not been a transfer. If a determination is made by the county
26	auditor to refund or credit small claims in the amounts determined
27	under subdivision (3) in 1992, the county auditor may make
28	appropriate adjustments to the credits applied with respect to
29	other parcels so that the total refunds and credits in any year will
30	not exceed the payments made from the state property tax
31	replacement fund to the prior year credit fund referred to in
32	subdivision (11) in that year.
33	(8) If taxes payable in the current year with respect to a parcel are
34	billed to a taxpayer that is not a taxpayer to which taxes payable
35	in all of the prior years were billed, the county treasurer shall do
36	the following:
37	(A) Apply only the credits under subsections (g) and (h) to the
38	tax bill for taxes payable in the current year.
39	(B) Give notice by June 30, 1991, by publication two (2) times
40	in three (3) newspapers in the county with the largest





1	refund of the credit with the county auditor not later than
2	November 30, 1991. A refund shall be paid to an eligible
3	applicant by May 10, 1992.
4	(9) A taxpayer who filed an application by November 30, 1991,
5	is entitled to payment from the county treasurer under subdivision
6	(8) in an amount that is in the same proportion to the credit
7	determined under subdivision (3) with respect to a parcel as the
8	amount of taxes payable in the prior years paid by the taxpayer
9	with respect to the parcel bears to the taxes payable in the prior
10	years with respect to the parcel.
11	(10) In each year on May 1 and November 1, the state shall pay
12	to the county treasurer from the state property tax replacement
13	fund the amount determined under subdivision (5).
14	(11) All payments received from the state under subdivision (10)
15	shall be deposited into a special fund to be known as the prior
16	year credit fund. The prior year credit fund shall be used to make:
17	(A) payments under subdivisions (7) and (9); and
18	(B) deposits into the special fund for the application of prior
19	year credits.
20	(12) All amounts paid into the special fund for the allocation area
21	under subdivision (11) are subject to any pledge of allocated
22	property tax proceeds made by the redevelopment district under
23	section 26(d) of this chapter, including but not limited to any
24	pledge made to owners of outstanding bonds of the
25	redevelopment district of allocated taxes from that area.
26	(13) By January 15, 1993, and by January 15 of each year
27	thereafter, the county auditor shall send to the department of local
28	government finance and the budget agency a report of the
29	receipts, earnings, and disbursements of the prior year credit fund
30	for the prior calendar year. If in the final year that credits under
31	this subsection (i) are allowed any balance remains in the prior
32	year credit fund after the payment of all credits payable under this
33	subsection, such balance shall be repaid to the treasurer of state
34	for deposit in the property tax replacement fund.
35	(14) In each year, the county shall limit the total of all refunds and
36	credits provided for in this subsection to the total amount paid in
37	that year from the property tax replacement fund into the prior
38	year credit fund and any balance remaining from the preceding
39	year in the prior year credit fund.
40	(j) If property tax installments are due in installments
41	established by the department of local government finance under

IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an



allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection									
(e) fe	or the ta	axes (a	ıs defii	ied in I	C 6-1.1-	21-2) d	lue in in	stallm	ents.
The	credit	shall	be ap	plied i	n the s	ame p	roportio	n to	each
insta	llment	of tax	es (as d	efined i	in IC 6-	1.1-21-2	2).		
S	ECTION	N 72	. IC	36-7-1	5.1-35,	AS	AMEN	DED	BY
P.L.1	92-2002	2(ss).	SECTI	ON 182	2, IS A	MENDI	ED TO	REAL) AS

SECTION 72. IC 36-7-15.1-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 182, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. (a) Notwithstanding section 26(a) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of a program adopted under section 32 of this chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all of the land as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision, as adjusted under section 26(g) of this chapter. However, "base assessed value" does not include the value of real property improvements to the land.

- (b) The special fund established under section 26(b) of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section 32 of this chapter may be used only for purposes related to the accomplishment of the program, including the following:
 - (1) The construction, rehabilitation, or repair of residential units within the allocation area.
 - (2) The construction, reconstruction, or repair of infrastructure (such as streets, sidewalks, and sewers) within or serving the allocation area.
 - (3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property within the allocation area.
 - (4) The demolition of real property within the allocation area.
 - (5) To provide financial assistance to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units within the allocation area. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's median income for individuals and families, respectively.
 - (6) To provide financial assistance to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to provide financial assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (5).
 - (7) To provide each taxpayer in the allocation area a credit for property tax replacement as determined under subsections (c) and (d). However, this credit may be provided by the commission only if the city-county legislative body establishes the credit by ordinance adopted in the year before the year in which the credit is provided.
- (c) The maximum credit that may be provided under subsection













1 2	(b)(7) to a taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an allocation area established for a program adopted under section 32 of
3	this chapter shall be determined as follows:
4	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
5	described in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)
6	through IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) that is attributable to the taxing
7	district.
8	STEP TWO: Divide:
9	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
10	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as
11	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4(a)(1) that is attributable to the
12	taxing district; by
13	(B) the amount determined under STEP ONE.
14	STEP THREE: Multiply:
15	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
16	(B) the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in
17	the taxing district allocated to the allocation fund, including
18	the amount that would have been allocated but for the credit.
19	(d) Except as provided in subsection (g), the commission may
20	determine to grant to taxpayers in an allocation area from its allocation
21	fund a credit under this section, as calculated under subsection (c), by
22	applying one-half (1/2) of the credit to each installment of taxes (as
23	defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable
24	on in May + and November + of a year. Except as provided in
25	subsection (g), one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each
26	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). The commission
27	must provide for the credit annually by a resolution and must find in
28	the resolution the following:
29	(1) That the money to be collected and deposited in the allocation
30	fund, based upon historical collection rates, after granting the
31	credit will equal the amounts payable for contractual obligations
32	from the fund, plus ten percent (10%) of those amounts.
33	(2) If bonds payable from the fund are outstanding, that there is
34	a debt service reserve for the bonds that at least equals the amount
35	of the credit to be granted.
36	(3) If bonds of a lessor under section 17.1 of this chapter or under
37	IC 36-1-10 are outstanding and if lease rentals are payable from
38	the fund, that there is a debt service reserve for those bonds that
39	at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.
40	If the tax increment is insufficient to grant the credit in full, the
41	commission may grant the credit in part, prorated among all taxpayers.

(e) Notwithstanding section 26(b) of this chapter, the special fund



1	established under section 26(b) of this chapter for the allocation area
2	for a program adopted under section 32 of this chapter may only be
3	used to do one (1) or more of the following:
4	(1) Accomplish one (1) or more of the actions set forth in section
5	26(b)(2)(A) through 26(b)(2)(H) of this chapter.
6	(2) Reimburse the consolidated city for expenditures made by the
7	city in order to accomplish the housing program in that allocation
8	area.
9	The special fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
10	commission.
11	(f) Notwithstanding section 26(b) of this chapter, the commission
12	shall, relative to the special fund established under section 26(b) of this
13	chapter for an allocation area for a program adopted under section 32
14	of this chapter, do the following before July 15 of each year:
15	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which property taxes payable
16	to the allocation fund in the following year will exceed the
17	amount of property taxes necessary:
18	(A) to make, when due, principal and interest payments on
19	bonds described in section 26(b)(2) of this chapter;
20	(B) to pay the amount necessary for other purposes described
21	in section 26(b)(2) of this chapter; and
22	(C) to reimburse the consolidated city for anticipated
23	expenditures described in subsection (e)(2).
24	(2) Notify the county auditor of the amount, if any, of excess
25	property taxes that the commission has determined may be paid
26	to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in section
27	26(b)(1) of this chapter.
28	(g) If property tax installments are due in installments
29	established by the department of local government finance under
30	IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an
31	allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection
32	(d) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments.
33	The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each
34	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).
35	SECTION 73. IC 36-7-15.1-56, AS AMENDED BY
36	P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 184, IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 56. (a) As used in
38	this section, "allocation area" has the meaning set forth in section 53 of
39	this chapter.
40	(b) As used in this section, "taxing district" has the meaning set
41	forth in IC 6-1.1-1-20.

(c) Subject to subsection (e) and except as provided in subsection



1	(h), each taxpayer in an allocation area is entitled to an additional
2	credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9
3	are due and payable in May and November of that year. Except as
4	provided in subsection (h), one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied
5	to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit
6	equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each
7	taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of the allocation
8	area:
9	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under
10	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3),
11	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(5)$ that is attributable to
12	the taxing district.
13	STEP TWO: Divide:
14	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
15	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as
16	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the
17	taxing district; by
18	(B) the STEP ONE sum.
19	STEP THREE: Multiply:
20	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times
21	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
22	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have
23	been allocated to an allocation fund under section 53 of this
24	chapter had the additional credit described in this section not
25	been given.
26	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated to the
27	development district and paid into an allocation fund under section
28	53(b)(2) of this chapter.
29	(d) If the additional credit under subsection (c) is not reduced under
30	subsection (e) or (f), the credit for property tax replacement under
31	IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under subsection (c) shall be
32	computed on an aggregate basis for all taxpayers in a taxing district
33	that contains all or part of an allocation area. The credit for property tax
34	replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under
35	subsection (c) shall be combined on the tax statements sent to each
36	taxpayer.
37	(e) Upon the recommendation of the commission, the excluded city
38	legislative body may, by resolution, provide that the additional credit
39	described in subsection (c):
40	(1) does not apply in a specified allocation area; or
41	(2) is to be reduced by a uniform percentage for all taxpayers in



a specified allocation area.



(f) Whenever the excluded city legislative body determines that
granting the full additional credit under subsection (c) would adversely
affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other contractual
obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that
allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that
those bonds or other contractual obligations would not be paid when
due, the excluded city legislative body must adopt a resolution under
subsection (e) to deny the additional credit or reduce it to a level that
creates a reasonable expectation that the bonds or other obligations will
be paid when due. A resolution adopted under subsection (e) denies or
reduces the additional credit for property taxes first due and payable in
the allocation area in any year following the year in which the
resolution is adopted.

- (g) A resolution adopted under subsection (e) remains in effect until it is rescinded by the body that originally adopted it. However, a resolution may not be rescinded if the rescission would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that the principal of or interest on the bonds or other obligations would not be paid when due. If a resolution is rescinded and no other resolution is adopted, the additional credit described in subsection (c) applies to property taxes first due and payable in the allocation area in each year following the year in which the resolution is rescinded.
- (h) If property tax installments are due in installments established by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (c) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).

SECTION 74. IC 36-7-30-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 186, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) As used in this section, "allocation area" has the meaning set forth in section 25 of this chapter.

- (b) As used in this section, "taxing district" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-1.1-1-20.
- (c) Subject to subsection (e) and except a provided in subsection (h), each taxpayer in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in May and November of that year. Except as

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1	provided in subsection (h), one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied
2	to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2). This credit
3	equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each
4	taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of the allocation
5	area:
6	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under
7	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3),
8	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(4)$, and IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(5)$ that is attributable to
9	the taxing district.
10	STEP TWO: Divide:
11	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
12	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year as
13	determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the
14	taxing district; by
15	(B) the STEP ONE sum.
16	STEP THREE: Multiply:
17	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times
18	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
19	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have
20	been allocated to an allocation fund under section 25 of this
21	chapter had the additional credit described in this section not
22	been given.
23	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated to the
24	military base reuse district and paid into an allocation fund under
25	section 25(b)(2) of this chapter.
26	(d) If the additional credit under subsection (c) is not reduced under
27	subsection (e) or (f), the credit for property tax replacement under
28	IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under subsection (c) shall be
29	computed on an aggregate basis for all taxpayers in a taxing district
30	that contains all or part of an allocation area. The credit for property tax
31	replacement under IC 6-1.1-21-5 and the additional credit under
32	subsection (c) shall be combined on the tax statements sent to each
33	taxpayer.
34	(e) Upon the recommendation of the reuse authority, the municipal
35	legislative body (in the case of a reuse authority established by a
36	municipality) or the county executive (in the case of a reuse authority
37	established by a county) may by resolution provide that the additional
38	credit described in subsection (c):
	•
39 40 41 42	(1) does not apply in a specified allocation area; or(2) is to be reduced by a uniform percentage for all taxpayers in a specified allocation area.(f) If the municipal legislative body or county executive determines



that granting the full additional credit under subsection (c) would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other contractual obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that those bonds or other contractual obligations would not be paid when due, the municipal legislative body or county executive must adopt a resolution under subsection (e) to deny the additional credit or reduce the credit to a level that creates a reasonable expectation that the bonds or other obligations will be paid when due. A resolution adopted under subsection (e) denies or reduces the additional credit for property taxes first due and payable in the allocation area in any year following the year in which the resolution is adopted.

(g) A resolution adopted under subsection (e) remains in effect until rescinded by the body that originally adopted the resolution. However, a resolution may not be rescinded if the rescission would adversely affect the interests of the holders of bonds or other obligations that are payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area in a way that would create a reasonable expectation that the principal of or interest on the bonds or other obligations would not be paid when due. If a resolution is rescinded and no other resolution is adopted, the additional credit described in subsection (c) applies to property taxes first due and payable in the allocation area in each year following the year in which the resolution is rescinded.

(h) If property tax installments are due in installments established by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (c) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).

SECTION 75. IC 36-7-32-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 187, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) **Except as provided in subsection (e),** a redevelopment commission may, by resolution, provide that each taxpayer in a certified technology park that has been designated as an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit for taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) that, under IC 6-1.1-22-9, are due and payable in May and November of that year. **Except as provided in subsection (e),** one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each installment of property taxes. This credit equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of the certified technology park:

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1	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under	
2	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2) through	
3	IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(5)$ that is attributable to the taxing district.	
4	STEP TWO: Divide:	
5	(A) that part of the county's total eligible property tax	
6	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) for that year	
7	as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the	
8	taxing district; by	
9	(B) the STEP ONE sum.	
10	STEP THREE: Multiply:	
11	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by	
12	(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in	
13	IC 6-1.1-21-2) levied in the taxing district that would have	
14	been allocated to the certified technology park fund under	
15	section 17 of this chapter had the additional credit described	
16	in this section not been given.	
17	The additional credit reduces the amount of proceeds allocated and	
18	paid into the certified technology park fund under section 17 of this	
19	chapter.	
20	(b) The additional credit under subsection (a) shall be:	
21	(1) computed on an aggregate basis of all taxpayers in a taxing	
22	district that contains all or part of a certified technology park; and	
23	(2) combined on the tax statement sent to each taxpayer.	
24	(c) Concurrently with the mailing or other delivery of the tax	
25	statement or any corrected tax statement to each taxpayer, as required	
26	by IC 6-1.1-22-8(a), each county treasurer shall for each tax statement	
27	also deliver to each taxpayer in a certified technology park who is	
28	entitled to the additional credit under subsection (a) a notice of	
29	additional credit. The actual dollar amount of the credit, the taxpayer's	
30	name and address, and the tax statement to which the credit applies	
31	must be stated on the notice.	
32	(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a taxpayer in a certified	
33	technology park is not entitled to a credit for property tax replacement	
34	under IC 6-1.1-21-5.	
35	(e) If property tax installments are due in installments	
36	established by the department of local government finance under	
37	IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an	
38	allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection	
39	(a) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) due in installments.	
40	The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each	
41	installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2).	

SECTION 76. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE



1	JANUARY 1, 2004]: IC 6-1.1-3-20; IC 6-1.1-9-5.
2	SECTION 77. IC 6-1.1-35.5-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2004].
4	SECTION 78. P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 210 IS AMENDED TO
5	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) For each
6	county, the department of local government finance shall prescribe
7	a form for explaining the average countywide effect that the
8	property tax reforms in P.L.192-2002(ss) and this act had on the
9	net ad valorem property tax liability that homestead owners,
10	including all persons eligible for a homestead credit under
11	IC 6-1.1-20.9, are required to pay for property taxes imposed for an
12	assessment date after February 28, 2003, and first due and payable
13	in 2003: 2004. The form must include a comparison between the
14	amount of the average tax that would be due in the county on a
15	homestead if property tax reforms had not been enacted and the
16	average tax that is due in the county on a homestead. The form
17	must include a statement that the tax relief provided by
18	P.L.192-2002(ss) and this act may have been reduced by property
19	tax increases imposed by local units of government. The
20	department of local government shall provide the county's form to
21	the county treasurer not later than the date that the department of
22	local government certifies tax levies, tax rates, and budgets for the
23	county under IC 6-1.1-17.
24	(1) (b) A county treasurer who mails a property tax statement under
25	IC 6-1.1-22-8(a)(1) for property taxes imposed for an assessment
26	date after February 28, 2003, and first due and payable in 2004 on
27	a homestead shall include in or mail with the statement
28	(A) the following statement:
29	"Your assessing officials have completed a general
30	reassessment of all real property in the county. The
31	reassessment was necessary to comply with Indiana law. The
32	Indiana General Assembly has increased the property tax
33	replacement credit and made other changes to the property tax
34	system to substantially reduce the effects that this
35	reassessment may have on your property tax liability. and
36	(B) a comparison of:
37	(i) the amount of the taxpayer's property tax liability; and
38	(ii) the amount that the taxpayer's property tax liability
39	would have been had this act not been enacted by the
40	general assembly; and
41	the form prescribed for the county under subsection (a). (2) A

county treasurer who transmits a statement to a person's mortgagee

C o p





1	under IC 6-1.1-22-8(a)(2) for property taxes imposed for an
2	assessment date after February 28, 2003, and first due and payable
3	in 2004 on a homestead shall, at the time the county treasurer mails
4	statements under IC 6-1.1-22-8(a)(1), mail or cause to be mailed to the
5	last known address of the person (A) the statement referred to in
6	subdivision (1)(A); and (B) the comparison referred to in subdivision
7	(1)(B). form prescribed for the county under subsection (a). The
8	form need not be included in the statement transmitted to the
9	person's mortgagee. The information sent under this subsection
.0	must be conspicuously displayed in at least 12 point bold type.
1	(c) When the county treasurer has complied with subsection (b),
2	the county treasurer shall certify in writing to the department of
3	state revenue that the county treasurer has complied with this
4	SECTION.
5	(d) This SECTION expires December 31, 2003. 2005.
6	SECTION 79. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] Any action taken
7	by the department of local government finance before January 1,
8	2004, to:
9	(1) allow a taxpayer to file a petition under IC 6-1.1-15-1(b)(1)
20	more than forty-five (45) days after notice of a change in the
21	assessment is given to the taxpayer;
22	(2) allow the payment of property taxes in installments other
23	than the installments prescribed in IC 6-1.1-22-9(a); or
24	(3) waive all or part of a penalty under IC 6-1.1-37-10;
25	is legalized and validated.
26	SECTION 80. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] A county assessor,
27	township assessor, or township trustee-assessor serving on January
28	1, 2006, is required to comply with IC 6-1.1-35-1.1, as amended by
29	this act, only if the assessor or trustee-assessor is elected to a new
0	term of office that begins after December 31, 2005.
31	SECTION 81. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) For purposes
32	of this SECTION, "benefit" means:
33	(1) a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9; or
34	(2) a deduction under any of the following:
55	IC 6-1.1-12-1
66	IC 6-1.1-12-9, as amended by this act
57	IC 6-1.1-12-11
8	IC 6-1.1-12-13
19	IC 6-1.1-12-14
10	IC 6-1.1-12-16
1	IC 6-1.1-12-17.4.
-2	(b) This SECTION applies to an individual who, with respect to



1	a real property parcel:	
2	(1) did not receive a benefit for property taxes first due and	
3	payable in 2003;	
4	(2) met the eligibility criteria for the benefit under a section	
5	referred to in subsection (a) for property taxes first due and	
6	payable in 2004; and	
7	(3) did not file a timely application as required by law for the	
8	benefit for property taxes first due and payable in 2004.	
9	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), an individual may:	
10	(1) claim a benefit referred to in subsection (a)(1) by meeting	
11	the filing requirements of IC 6-1.1-20.9; and	
12	(2) claim a benefit referred to in subsection (a)(2) by meeting	
13	the filing requirements of IC 6-1.1-12.	
14	(d) The filing requirements for a benefit under this SECTION	
15	must be met before December 15, 2003.	
16	(e) The department of local government finance shall:	
17	(1) prescribe forms; or	U
18	(2) issue instructions for the use of existing forms;	
19	for filing a claim under subsection (c).	
20	(f) The county auditor shall determine the individual's eligibility	
21	for a benefit under this SECTION. If the county auditor	
22	determines that an individual is eligible for a benefit under this	
23	SECTION for a parcel, the county auditor shall:	
24	(1) apply the benefit with respect to taxes first due and	_
25	payable in 2004 for the parcel; and	
26	(2) before January 1, 2004:	
27	(A) send to the department of local government finance a	
28	revised certification under IC 6-1.1-17-1(a) for the county	V
29	that reflects:	
30	(i) the benefits applied under this SECTION; and	
31	(ii) deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-37 applied as described	
32	in subsection (j); and	
33	(B) certify to the department of local government finance	
34	the amount of homestead credits allowed in the county	
35	under this SECTION for property taxes first due and	
36 37	payable in 2004. (g) The department of local government finance shall use the	
3 / 38	revised certifications received under subsection $(f)(2)(A)$ in the	
39	department's determination of tax rates under IC 6-1.1-17-16 for	
40	taxes first due and payable in 2004. Notwithstanding	
40 41	IC 6-1.1-17-16(d), the department of local government finance may	
41 42	increase a political subdivision's tay rate to an amount that exceeds	



1	the amount originally fixed by the political subdivision based on
2	the revised certification received under subsection $(f)(2)(A)$.
3	(h) Before January 15, 2004, the department of local
4	government finance shall certify the amount of homestead credits
5	referred to in subsection $(f)(2)(B)$ to the department of state
6	revenue. For property taxes first due and payable in 2004, the
7	department of state revenue shall allocate under IC 6-1.1-21-4
8	from the property tax replacement fund an additional amount
9	equal to the total amount of homestead credits allowed under this
10	SECTION for property taxes first due and payable in 2004. The
11	department of state revenue shall distribute the amount allocated
12	under this subsection in the same manner that other property tax
13	replacement fund distributions are made in 2004.
14	(i) A statement filed under this SECTION to obtain a benefit for
15	property taxes first due and payable in 2004 applies for that year
16	and any succeeding year for which the benefit is allowed.
17	(j) Each year a person who is entitled under this SECTION to
18	receive the homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 for property taxes
19	first due and payable in 2004 is entitled for that year to the
20	deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37 from the assessed value of the real
21	property that qualifies for the homestead credit.
22	SECTION 82. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions
23	in IC 6-1.1-1 apply throughout this SECTION.
24	(b) The department of local government finance may adopt
25	temporary rules in the manner provided for the adoption of
26	emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement the following:
27	(1) IC 6-1.1-4-39.
28	(2) IC 6-1.1-7-15.
29	(3) IC 6-1.1-31-3.
30	(4) IC 6-1.1-31-6.
31	(5) IC 6-1.1-31-7.
32	(c) A temporary rule adopted under this SECTION expires on
33	the earlier of the following:
34	(1) The date that another temporary rule is adopted under
35	this SECTION or a permanent rule is adopted under
36	IC 4-22-2 to supersede the temporary rule.
37	(2) December 31, 2006.
38	(d) If a tax statement issued under IC 6-1.1-22-8 does not reflect
39	the requirements of IC 6-1.1-4-35 or IC 6-1.1-7-15, as added by this

act, and the rules adopted by the department of local government

finance, the taxpayer may submit evidence in an appeal under

IC 6-1.1-15-1 that establishes the assessed valuation of property by



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1	any of the approaches described in IC 6-1.1-4-35 or IC 6-1.1-7-15.	
2	SECTION 83. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] IC 6-1.1-12-43, as	
3	added by this act, applies only to property taxes imposed for an	
4	assessment date after February 28, 2003, and first due and payable	
5	after December 31, 2003.	
6	SECTION 84. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions	
7	in IC 6-1.1-1 and IC 6-1.1-12-44, as added by this act, apply	
8	throughout this SECTION.	
9	(b) IC 6-1.1-12-44, as added by this act, applies only to property	
10	taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2003, for an	
11	assessment date after February 28, 2003.	
12	(c) Notwithstanding IC 6-1.1-12-44, as added by this act, the	
13	time in which a person may file the initial application for a	
14	deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-43, as added by this act, for property	
15	taxes first due and payable in 2004 is extended from May 10, 2003,	
16	to February 29, 2004.	
17	(d) The department of local government finance may adopt	•
18	temporary rules in the manner provided for the adoption of	
19	emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement this	
20	SECTION. A temporary rule adopted under this SECTION expires	
21	on the earliest of the following:	
22	(1) The date another temporary rule is adopted under this	
23 24	SECTION to supersede the previously adopted temporary rule.	
2 4 25	(2) The date that a permanent rule superseding the temporary	
25 26	rule is adopted and becomes effective under IC 4-22-2.	
27	(3) January 1, 2005.	•
28	SECTION 85. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2004] (a) The	,
29	definitions in IC 6-1.1-1 and IC 6-1.1-21 apply throughout this	
30	SECTION.	
31	(b) IC 6-1.1-21-9, as amended by this act, applies only to:	
32	(1) the total amount by which the property tax replacement	
33	credits and homestead credits allowable in the auditor's	
34	county changed for property taxes imposed for assessment	
35	dates after February 28, 2002; and	
36	(2) settlement dates after December 31, 2003.	
37	SECTION 86. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] IC 6-1.1-17-8.5,	
38	IC 6-1.1-18.5-6, IC 6-1.1-19-1.5, IC 6-1.1-19-4.7, IC 20-5.5-7-3, and	
39	IC 21-3-1.7-6.8, all as added or amended by this act, apply to	
40	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2003.	
41	SECTION 87. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] IC 6-1.1-17-20, as	



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amended by this act, applies only to:

1	(1) property taxes first due and payable; and
2	(2) budgets for budget years;
3	after December 31, 2004.
4	SECTION 88. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The
5	department of local government finance may not prescribe a form
6	for taxpayers to request a preliminary conference under
7	IC 6-1.1-15-1, as amended by this act. Any written document
8	containing the information specified in IC 6-1.1-15-1(b), as
9	amended by this act, is sufficient to initiate a preliminary
10	conference under this act.
11	(b) The department of local government finance may modify the
12	form known as the "Form 130" to enable township assessors and
13	taxpayers to report the results of preliminary conferences held
14	under IC 6-1.1-15-1, as amended by this act, to the appropriate
15	county property tax assessment board of appeals.
16	(c) The following provisions apply to a taxpayer who, before the
17	effective date of this act, filed a petition for review of an assessment
18	determination by a township assessor in the manner provided by
19	IC 6-1.1-15-1, as in effect before the effective date of the
20	amendment made by this act:
21	(1) The taxpayer is not required to file a request for a
22	preliminary conference with the township assessor.
23	(2) The provisions of IC 6-1.1-15-1, as in effect before the
24	effective date of this act, with respect to a preliminary
25	conference with the township assessor and a hearing before
26	the county property tax assessment board of appeals apply to
27	the taxpayer's petition.
28	SECTION 89. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this
29	SECTION, "department" refers to the department of local
30	government finance.
31	(b) The department shall study the feasibility of creating
32	uniform and common computer software programs for property
33	tax assessment purposes, including computer software programs
34	that allow the sharing and transfer of assessment data in a uniform
35	format by the state and all counties.
36	(c) The department shall report the results of the study required
37	by subsection (b) to the commission on state tax and financing
38	policy before September 1, 2004.
39	(d) Upon approval of the governor, the budget agency may
40	authorize the payment of expenses incurred by the department in
41	conducting the study required by subsection (b) from amounts

allotted from the departmental and institutional emergency



contingency fund. (e) This SECTION expires January 1, 2005.	
SECTION 90. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] IC 6-1.1-15-11, as amended by this act, applies only to refunds that result from	
assessment reductions for which notice is given to the taxpayer after December 31, 2003.	
SECTION 91. An emergency is declared for this act.	
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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1001, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 5, line 13, after "in" insert "IC 6-1.1-22-8.".

Page 5, delete line 14.

Page 5, line 29, delete "section 20 of this chapter." and insert "IC 6-1.1-22-8.".

Page 5, delete lines 30 through 39.

Page 15, line 13, delete "is" and insert "should be".

Page 16, line 22, delete "committee" and insert "commission".

Page 19, line 8, delete "2003," and insert "2004,".

Page 21, line 13, strike "twenty-five" and insert "thirty-five".

Page 21, line 13, strike "(\$25,000);" and insert "(\$35,000);".

Page 62, line 19, delete "this provisional statement is sent to".

Page 62, line 20, delete "property owners in a county that" and insert **County (insert county)**".

Page 62, line 24, delete "of _____ County (insert county)".

Page 65, line 20, after "supplement the" delete "other".

Page 65, line 21, delete "article" and insert "chapter".

Page 105, delete lines 12 through 13.

Page 106, delete lines 27 through 42.

Page 107, delete lines 1 through 5.

Page 107, line 6, delete "(g)" and insert "(d)".

Page 107, delete lines 7 through 11.

Page 107, line 32, after "IC 6-1.1-12-9" insert ", as amended by this act".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1001 as introduced.)

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 25, nays 3.

